OHIC Measure Alignment Work Group 2023 Annual Review of the Primary Care Aligned Measure Set Measure Specifications

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Breast Cancer Screening (BCS-E)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Refer to the Technical Release Notes file in the Digital Measures Package for a comprehensive list of changes.
- Added new data elements tables for race and ethnicity stratification reporting.
- Revised the "other" criteria of the Nonclinical Components in the Rules for Allowable Adjustments.

| Description | The percentage of women 50–74 years of age who had a mammogram to screen for breast cancer. | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Measurement period | January 1–December 31. | | |
| Clinical recommendation statement | The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force recommends screening women 50– 74 years of age for breast cancer every 2 years. (B recommendation) | | |
| Citations | U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. 2016. "Screening for Breast Cancer: U.S. Preventive Services Task Force Recommendation Statement. <i>Ann Intern Med</i> 164(4):279–96. | | |
| Characteristics | | | |
| Scoring | Proportion. | | |
| Туре | Process. | | |
| Stratification | Process. Breast Cancer Screening. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicare. SES (for Medicare only): SES—Non-LIS/DE, Nondisability. SES—LIS/DE. SES—Disability. SES—LIS/DE and Disability. SES—Other. SES—Other. SES—Other. Race (for each product line): Race—White. Race—Black or African American. Race—American Indian or Alaska Native. | | |

| [| | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Race—Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. | | | |
| | Race—Some Other Race. | | | |
| | Race—Two or More Races. | | | |
| | Race—Asked but No Answer. | | | |
| | Race—Unknown. | | | |
| | Ethnicity (for each product line): | | | |
| | Ethnicity—Hispanic or Latino. | | | |
| | Ethnicity—Not Hispanic or Latino. | | | |
| | Ethnicity—Asked but No Answer. | | | |
| | Ethnicity—Unknown. | | | |
| Risk adjustment | None. | | | |
| Improvement notation | A higher rate indicates better performance. | | | |
| Guidance | For Medicare plans, I-SNP and LTI exclusions are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. Administrative data must be used for these exclusions. | | | |
| | Non-administrative data may be used for the frailty and advanced illness exclusion. | | | |
| | Allocation: The member was enrolled with a medical benefit throughout the participation period. | | | |
| | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days for each full calendar year of the participation period (i.e., the measurement period and the year prior to the measurement period). | | | |
| | No gaps in enrollment are allowed from October 1 two years prior to the measurement period through December 31 two years prior to the measurement period. | | | |
| | When identifying members in hospice, the requirements described in <i>General Guideline 15</i> for identification of hospice members using the monthly membership detail data files are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | | | |
| | Reporting: For Medicare plans, the SES stratifications are mutually exclusive. NCQA calculates a total rate for Medicare plans by adding all six Medicare stratifications. | | | |
| | For all plans, the race and ethnicity stratifications are mutually exclusive and the sum of all categories in each stratification is the total population. | | | |
| | SES and product line stratifications are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | | | |
| | The race and ethnicity stratifications are reported by data source—direct or indirect. | | | |

| Definitions | | |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Participation | The identifiers and descriptors for each organization's coverage used to define members' eligibility for measure reporting. Allocation for reporting is based on eligibility during the participation period. | |
| Participation period | October 1 two years prior to the measurement period through the end of the measurement period. | |
| Initial population | Women 52–74 years of age by the end of the measurement period who also meet the criteria for participation. | |
| Exclusions | Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement period. Members who had a bilateral mastectomy or both right and left unilateral mastectomies any time during the member's history through the end of the measurement period. Any of the following meet the criteria for bilateral mastectomy: Bilateral mastectomy (<u>Bilateral Mastectomy Value Set</u>). Unilateral mastectomy (<u>Unilateral Mastectomy Value Set</u>) with a bilateral modifier (<u>Bilateral Modifier Value Set</u>) (same procedure). Unilateral mastectomy found in clinical data (<u>Clinical Unilateral Mastectomy Value Set</u>) with a bilateral modifier (<u>Clinical Bilateral Modifier Value Set</u>) (same procedure). Mote: The "clinical" mastectomy value sets identify mastectomy; the word "clinical" refers to the data source, not to the type of mastectomy. History of bilateral mastectomy (<u>History of Bilateral Mastectomy Value Set</u>). Any combination of codes from the table below that indicate a mastectomy on both the left and right side on the same or different dates of service. | |

| Left Mastectomy | Right Mastectomy |
|---|--|
| (any of the following) | (any of the following) |
| Unilateral mastectomy (<u>Unilateral Mastectomy</u> <u>Value Set</u>) <i>with</i> a left-side modifier (<u>Left Modifier</u> <u>Value Set</u>) (same procedure) | Unilateral mastectomy (<u>Unilateral Mastectomy</u> <u>Value Set</u>) |
| Unilateral mastectomy found in clinical data | Unilateral mastectomy found in clinical data |
| (<u>Clinical Unilateral Mastectomy Value Set</u>) <i>with</i> a | (<u>Clinical Unilateral Mastectomy Value Set</u>) <i>with</i> a |
| left-side modifier (<u>Clinical Left Modifier Value Set</u>) | right-side modifier (<u>Clinical Right Modifier Value</u> |
| (same procedure) | <u>Set</u>) (same procedure) |
| Absence of the left breast (<u>Absence of Left Breast</u> | Absence of the right breast (<u>Absence of Right</u> |
| <u>Value Set</u>) | <u>Breast Value Set</u>) |
| Left unilateral mastectomy (<u>Unilateral Mastectomy</u> | Right unilateral mastectomy (<u>Unilateral</u> |
| Left Value Set) | <u>Mastectomy Right Value Set</u>) |

| | • Medicare members 66 years of age and older by the end of the measurement period who meet either of the following: |
|-------------|---|
| | Enrolled in an Institutional SNP (I-SNP) any time during the measurement period. |
| | Living long-term in an institution any time during the measurement period, as identified by the LTI flag in the monthly membership detail data file. Use the run date of the file to determine if a member had an LTI flag during the measurement period. |
| | Members 66 years of age and older by the end of the measurement period, with frailty and advanced illness. Members must meet BOTH of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded: |
| | At least two indications of frailty (<u>Frailty Device Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Diagnosis</u> <u>Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Symptom Value Set</u>) with different dates of service during the measurement period. |
| | Any of the following during the measurement period or the year prior to the measurement period (count services that occur over both years): |
| | At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), e-visits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim) on different dates of service, with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two visits. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge: |
| | Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>). |
| | Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim. |
| | 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay. |
| | At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value</u> <u>Set</u>) with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value</u> <u>Set</u>). |
| | At least one acute inpatient discharge with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge: |
| | Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>). |
| | 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set). |
| | 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay. |
| | A dispensed dementia medication (<u>Dementia Medications List</u>). |
| | Members receiving palliative care (<u>Palliative Care Assessment Value Set;</u> <u>Palliative Care Encounter Value Set;</u> ICD-10-CM code Z51.5) any time during the measurement period. |
| Denominator | The initial population, minus exclusions. |

| Numerator | One or more mammograms (<u>Mammography Value Set</u>) any time on or between October 1 two years prior to the measurement period and the end of the measurement period. | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Data criteria (elei | Data criteria (element level) | | | |
| Absence of Rig Bilateral Master Bilateral Modif Clinical Bilater Clinical Left M | ft Breast (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1329) ght Breast (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1330) ectomy (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1042) ier (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1043) al Modifier (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1951) odifier (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1949) | | | |
| Clinical Right Modifier (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1950) Clinical Unilateral Mastectomy | | | | |

- (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1948)
 History of Bilateral Mastectomy
 (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1331)
- Left Modifier (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1148)
- Mammography (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1168)
- Right Modifier (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1230)
- Unilateral Mastectomy (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1256)
- Unilateral Mastectomy Left (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1334)
- Unilateral Mastectomy Right (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1335)
- NCQA_AdvancedIIInessandFrailty-2.0.0
 - Acute Inpatient (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1810)
 - Advanced Illness (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1465)
 - Dementia Medications (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1729)
 - ED (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1086)
 - Frailty Device (<u>https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1530</u>)
 - Frailty Diagnosis (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1531)
 - Frailty Encounter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1532)
 - Frailty Symptom (<u>https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1533</u>)
 - Nonacute Inpatient (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1189)
 - Observation (<u>https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1191</u>)
 - Online Assessments (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1446)
 - Outpatient (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1202)
 - Telephone Visits (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1246)

NCQA_Claims-2.0.0 Inpatient Stay (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1395) - Nonacute Inpatient Stay (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1398) NCQA Hospice-2.0.0 - Hospice Encounter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1761) - Hospice Intervention (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1762) NCQA PalliativeCare-2.0.0 - Palliative Care Assessment (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.2225) - Palliative Care Encounter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1450) Palliative Care Intervention (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.2224) NCQA Stratification-1.0.0 - American Indian or Alaska Native Detailed Race (https://www.ncga.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.2365) Asian Detailed Race (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.2366) Black or African American Detailed Race (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.2367) Hispanic or Latino Detailed Ethnicity (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.2368) - Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Detailed Race (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.2369) White Detailed Race (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.2370) Direct reference codes and codesystems: NCQA PalliativeCare-2.0.0 codesystem "ICD-10-CM": 'http://hl7.org/fhir/sid/icd-10-cm' - code "Encounter for palliative care": 'Z51.5' from "ICD-10-CM" display 'Encounter for palliative care' • NCQA_Terminology-2.0.0 codesystem "ActCode": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/v3-ActCode' codesystem "ClaimTypeCodes": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/claim-type' - codesystem "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/conditionclinical' – codesystem "NullFlavor": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/v3-NullFlavor' – codesystem "RaceAndEthnicityCDC": 'https://www.hl7.org/fhir/us/core/CodeSystem-cdcrec' code "active": 'active' from "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes" - code "American Indian or Alaska Native": '1002-5' from "RaceAndEthnicityCDC" display 'American Indian or Alaska Native' - code "Asian": '2028-9' from "RaceAndEthnicityCDC" display 'Asian' - code "Asked but no answer": 'ASKU' from "NullFlavor" display 'Asked but no answer' - code "Black or African American": '2054-5' from "RaceAndEthnicityCDC" display 'Black or African American' - code "Hispanic or Latino": '2135-2' from "RaceAndEthnicityCDC" display 'Hispanic or Latino'

- code "Institutional": 'institutional' from "ClaimTypeCodes"
- code "managed care policy": 'MCPOL' from "ActCode"
- code "Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander": '2076-8' from "RaceAndEthnicityCDC" display 'Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander'
- code "Non Hispanic or Latino": '2186-5' from "RaceAndEthnicityCDC" display 'Non Hispanic or Latino'
- code "Other": 'OTH' from "NullFlavor" display 'Other'
- code "Pharmacy": 'pharmacy' from "ClaimTypeCodes"
- code "Professional": 'professional' from "ClaimTypeCodes"
- code "retiree health program": 'RETIRE' from "ActCode"
- code "subsidized health program": 'SUBSIDIZ' from "ActCode"
- code "Unknown": 'UNK' from "NullFlavor" display 'Unknown'
- code "White": '2106-3' from "RaceAndEthnicityCDC" display 'White'

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit data to NCQA must provide the following data elements in a specified file.

| Metric | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| BreastCancerScreening | InitialPopulation | Report once |
| | ExclusionsByEHR | Report once |
| | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | Report once |
| | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | Report once |
| | ExclusionsByAdmin | Report once |
| | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | Denominator | Report once |
| | NumeratorByEHR | Report once |
| | NumeratorByCaseManagement | Report once |
| | NumeratorByHIERegistry | Report once |
| | NumeratorByAdmin | Report once |
| | Numerator | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | Rate | (Percent) |

Table BCS-E-A-1/2: Data Elements for Breast Cancer Screening

| Table Boo-L-A-o. Bata Elements for Breast barreer bereening | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Metric | SES Stratification | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
| BreastCancerScreening NonLisDeNondisability | | InitialPopulation | For each Stratification |
| | LisDe | ExclusionsByEHR | For each Stratification |
| | Disability | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | For each Stratification |
| | LisDeAndDisability | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | For each Stratification |
| | Other | ExclusionsByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | Unknown | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | Total | Denominator | For each Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByEHR | For each Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByCaseManagement | For each Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByHIERegistry | For each Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | | Numerator | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |
| | | | |

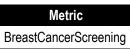
Table BCS-E-A-3: Data Elements for Breast Cancer Screening

Table BCS-E-B-1/2/3: Data Elements for Breast Cancer Screening: Stratifications by Race

| Metric |
|-----------------------|
| BreastCancerScreening |

| Race | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| White | Direct | InitialPopulation | For each Stratification |
| BlackOrAfricanAmerican | Indirect | Exclusions | For each Stratification |
| AmericanIndianOrAlaskaNative | Total | Denominator | For each Stratification |
| Asian | | Numerator | For each Stratification |
| NativeHawaiianOrOtherPacificIslander | | Rate | (Percent) |
| SomeOtherRace | | | |
| TwoOrMoreRaces | | | |

Table BCS-E-C-1/2/3: Data Elements for Breast Cancer Screening: Stratifications by Ethnicity



AskedButNoAnswer*

Unknown**

| Ethnicity | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|---------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| HispanicOrLatino | Direct | InitialPopulation | For each Stratification |
| NotHispanicOrLatino | Indirect | Exclusions | For each Stratification |
| AskedButNoAnswer* | Total | Denominator | For each Stratification |
| Unknown** | | Numerator | For each Stratification |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

*AskedButNoAnswer is only reported for Source='Direct.'

**Unknown is only reported for Source='Indirect.'

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Breast Cancer Screening—ECDS

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | Age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). |
| | | The denominator age range may be expanded to 40–74 years. |
| Allocation | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. |
| Benefit | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on a population of interest such as gender, race and ethnicity, socioeconomic, sociodemographic characteristic or geographic region. |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Event/diagnosis | NA | There is no event/diagnosis for this measure. |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Exclusions | No | Only specified exclusions may be applied. Value sets may not be changed. |
| Exclusions: Hospice, palliative care, I-SNP, LTI, frailty or advanced illness | Yes | These exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Mammogram | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. |

CAHPS Clinician & Group Survey

Version: Adult Visit Survey 4.0 (beta)

Language: English

Notes

- Purpose of Visit Survey 4.0 (beta): This new version of the Clinician & Group Survey
 asks patients about their experiences with care at their most recent visit with an ambulatory
 care provider. The CAHPS team developed this version to support users in asking about all
 synchronous visits, including interactions in person, by phone, or by video.
- **Beta designation:** The "beta" designation means that the instrument has not yet been field tested by the CAHPS Consortium or approved as a CAHPS survey.
- **Front cover**: Users should replace the cover of this document with their own front cover, with a user-friendly title and their own logo.

Learn more about this survey at <u>https://www.ahrq.gov/cahps/surveys-guidance/cg/index.html</u>. For assistance with this survey, please contact the CAHPS Help Line at 800-492-9261 or <u>cahps1@westat.com</u>.

CCIPS File name: adult-eng-cg40-3351a.docx Last updated: October 30, 2020 CAHPS Clinician & Group Visit Adult Survey 4.0 (beta)

Your Provider

1. Visits with a health care provider can be in **person, by phone, or by video.** Our records show that you had a recent visit with the provider named below.

Name of provider label goes here

Is that right?

¹ Yes ² No \rightarrow If No, go to #25 on page 3

Please think of this provider as you answer the survey.

- 2. Is this the provider you usually talk to if you need a check-up, want advice about a health problem, or get sick or hurt?
 - $\frac{1}{2} Yes$ $\frac{1}{2} No$
- **3.** How long has it been since your most recent in-person, phone, or video visit with this provider?

¹ Less than 1 month

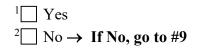
- ² At least 1 months but less than 3 months
- ³ At least 3 months but less than 6 months
- ⁴ At least 6 months but less than 1 year ⁵ 1 year or more

These questions ask about your most recent visit with this provider.

4. Was your most recent visit with this provider in person?

Yes \rightarrow If Yes, go to #11 on page 2 2 No

5. Was your most recent visit with this provider a video visit?



6. Did you need instructions from this provider's office about how to use video for this visit?

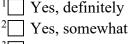
¹ Yes ² No \rightarrow If No, go to #8

- 7. Did this provider's office give you all the instructions you needed to use video for this visit?
 - ¹ Yes, definitely
 - ² Yes, somewhat
 - 3 No
- 8. During your most recent visit, was the video easy to use?
 - ¹ Yes, definitely \rightarrow Go to #10
 - ² Yes, somewhat \rightarrow Go to #10
 - ³ No \rightarrow Go to #10
- 9. Was your most recent visit with this provider by **phone**?

¹ Yes

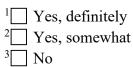
² No \rightarrow If No, go to #11 on page 2

10. During your most recent visit, were you and this provider able to hear each other clearly?

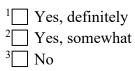


CAHPS Clinician & Group Visit Adult Survey 4.0 (beta)

- **11.** Was your most recent visit for an illness, injury, or condition that **needed care right away**?
 - ¹ Yes ² No → If No, go to #13
- **12.** Was that recent visit as soon as you needed?
 - ¹ Yes, definitely ² Yes, somewhat ³ No
- 13. Did your most recent visit start on time?



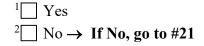
14. During your most recent visit, did this provider explain things in a way that was easy to understand?



- **15.** During your most recent visit, did this provider listen carefully to you?
 - ¹ Yes, definitely ² Yes, somewhat ³ No
- **16.** During your most recent visit, did this provider show respect for what you had to say?

| 1 | Yes, definitely |
|---|-----------------|
| 2 | Yes, somewhat |
| 3 | No |

- **17.** During your most recent visit, did this provider spend enough time with you?
 - ¹ Yes, definitely ² Yes, somewhat ³ No
- **18.** During your most recent visit, did this provider have the medical information they needed about you?
 - ¹ Yes, definitely ² Yes, somewhat ³ No
- **19.** During your most recent visit, did this provider order a blood test, x-ray, or other test for you?



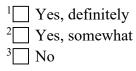
- **20.** Did someone from this provider's office follow up to give you those results?
 - 1 Yes 2 No
- **21.** Using any number from 0 to 10, where 0 is the worst visit possible and 10 is the best visit possible, what number would you use to rate your **most recent visit**?
 - 0 Worst visit possible
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 10 Best visit possible

Staff at Provider's Office

22. Staff at a provider's office may talk with you about your visit, help set it up, and remind you about your appointment. Thinking about your most recent visit, did you talk to staff from this provider's office?

¹ Yes ² No \rightarrow If No, go to #25

23. Thinking about your most recent visit, was the staff from this provider's office as helpful as you thought they should be?



- 24. Thinking about your most recent visit, did the staff from this provider's office treat you with courtesy and respect?
 - ¹ Yes, definitely ² Yes, somewhat ³ No

About You

- **25.** In general, how would you rate your overall health?
 - ¹ Excellent ² Very good ³ Good ⁴ Fair
 - ⁵ Poor
- **26.** In general, how would you rate your overall **mental or emotional** health?
 - ¹ Excellent ² Very good ³ Good ⁴ Fair
 - Poor
- **27.** What is your age?

 - 7 75 or older
- **28.** Are you male or female?
 - ¹ Male ² Female

- **29.** What is the highest grade or level of school that you have completed?
 - ¹ 8th grade or less
 - ² Some high school, but did not graduate
 - ³ High school graduate or GED
 - ⁴ Some college or 2-year degree
 - ⁵ 4-year college graduate
 - ⁶ More than 4-year college degree
- **30.** Are you of Hispanic or Latino origin or descent?
 - ¹ Yes, Hispanic or Latino
 - 2 No, not Hispanic or Latino
- **31.** What is your race? Mark one or more.
 - ¹ White
 - Black or African American
 - ³ Asian
 - ⁴ Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
 - ⁵ American Indian or Alaska Native
 - Other

32. Did someone help you complete this survey?

¹ Yes

² No → Thank you. Please return the completed survey in the postage-paid envelope.

- **33.** How did that person help you? Mark one or more.
 - ¹ Read the questions to me
 - ² Wrote down the answers I gave
 - 3 Answered the questions for me
 - ⁴ Translated the questions into my language
 - ⁵ Helped in some other way

Thank you.

Please return the completed survey in the postage-paid envelope.

CAHPS[®] Clinician & Group Survey with Patient-Centered Medical Home Items

Version: 3.0

Population: Adult

Language: English

Notes

- **Patient-Centered Medical Home (PCMH) items.** This version of the Clinician & Group Survey includes the 3.0 version of PCMH items. PCMH items have been incorporated into the core items; for easy identification, they are highlighted in yellow.
- References to "this provider" rather than "this doctor:" This survey uses "this provider" to refer to the individual specifically named in Question 1. A "provider" could be a doctor, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other individual who provides clinical care. Survey users may change "provider" to "doctor" throughout the questionnaire. For guidance, please see Preparing a Questionnaire Using the CAHPS Clinician & Group Survey.
- Supplemental items: Survey users may add questions to this survey. Please visit the CAHPS Web site to review <u>supplemental items</u> developed by the CAHPS Consortium and descriptions of major item sets.

For assistance with this survey, please contact the CAHPS Help Line at 800-492-9261 or <u>cahps1@westat.com</u>.

CCIPS File name: adult-eng-cg30-PCMH-2352a.docx Last updated: October 30, 2020

Instructions for Front Cover

- Replace the cover of this document with your own front cover. Include a user-friendly title and your own logo.
- Include this text regarding the confidentiality of survey responses:

Your Privacy is Protected. All information that would let someone identify you or your family will be kept private. {VENDOR NAME} will not share your personal information with anyone without your OK. Your responses to this survey are also completely **confidential**. You may notice a number on the cover of the survey. This number is used **only** to let us know if you returned your survey so we don't have to send you reminders.

Your Participation is Voluntary. You may choose to answer this survey or not. If you choose not to, this will not affect the health care you get.

What To Do When You're Done. Once you complete the survey, place it in the envelope that was provided, seal the envelope, and return the envelope to [INSERT VENDOR ADDRESS].

If you want to know more about this study, please call XXX-XXX-XXXX.

Instructions for Format of Questionnaire

Proper formatting of a questionnaire improves response rates, the ease of completion, and the accuracy of responses. The CAHPS team's recommendations include the following:

- If feasible, insert blank pages as needed so that the survey instructions (see next page) and the first page of questions start on the right-hand side of the questionnaire booklet.
- Maximize readability by using two columns, serif fonts for the questions, and ample white space.
- Number the pages of your document, but remove the headers and footers inserted to help sponsors and vendors distinguish among questionnaire versions.

Additional guidance is available in **Preparing a Questionnaire Using the CAHPS Clinician & Group Survey**.

Survey Instructions

Answer each question by marking the box to the left of your answer.

You are sometimes told to skip over some questions in this survey. When this happens, you will see an arrow with a note that tells you what question to answer next, like this:

| \boxtimes Yes \rightarrow | If Yes, | go to #1 | on page 1 |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 🗌 No | | | |

Your Provider

1. Our records show that you got care from the provider named below in the last 6 months.

Name of provider label goes here

Is that right?

¹ Yes ² No \rightarrow If No, go to #29 on page 4

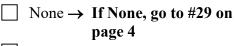
The questions in this survey will refer to the provider named in Question 1 as "this provider." Please think of that person as you answer the survey.

- 2. Is this the provider you usually see if you need a check-up, want advice about a health problem, or get sick or hurt?
 - 1 Yes 2 No
- **3.** How long have you been going to this provider?
 - ¹ Less than 6 months
 - ² At least 6 months but less than 1 year
 - ³ At least 1 year but less than 3 years
 - ⁴ At least 3 years but less than 5 years
 - ⁵ 5 years or more

Your Care From This Provider in the Last 6 Months

These questions ask about **your own** health care. Do **not** include care you got when you stayed overnight in a hospital. Do **not** include the times you went for dental care visits.

4. In the last 6 months, how many times did you visit this provider to get care for yourself?



- $\begin{array}{c|c}
 & 1 \text{ time} \\
 \hline
 & 2 \\
 \hline
 & 3 \\
 \hline
 & 4 \\
 \hline
 & 5 \text{ to } 9 \\
 \hline
 & 10 \text{ or more times} \\
 \end{array}$
- 5. In the last 6 months, did you contact this provider's office to get an appointment for an illness, injury, or condition that **needed care right away**?
 - ¹ Yes ² No \rightarrow If No, go to #7 on page 2
- 6. In the last 6 months, when you contacted this provider's office to get an appointment for care you needed right away, how often did you get an appointment as soon as you needed?
 - ¹ Never
 ² Sometimes
 ³ Usually
 ⁴ Always

7. In the last 6 months, did you make any appointments for a **check-up or routine care** with this provider?

¹ Yes
² No
$$\rightarrow$$
 If No, go to #9

8. In the last 6 months, when you made an appointment for a **check-up or routine care** with this provider, how often did you get an appointment as soon as you needed?



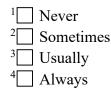
9. Did this provider's office give you information about what to do if you needed care during evenings, weekends, or holidays?

| 1 | Yes |
|---|-----|
| 2 | No |

- **10.** In the last 6 months, did you contact this provider's office with a medical question during regular office hours?
 - ¹ Yes ² No \rightarrow If No, go to #12
- **11.** In the last 6 months, when you contacted this provider's office during regular office hours, how often did you get an answer to your medical question that same day?



12. In the last 6 months, how often did this provider explain things in a way that was easy to understand?

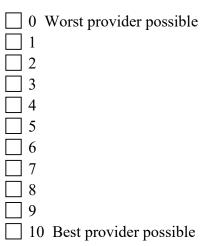


13. In the last 6 months, how often did this provider listen carefully to you?



- **14.** In the last 6 months, how often did this provider seem to know the important information about your medical history?
 - ¹ Never
 ² Sometimes
 ³ Usually
 ⁴ Always
- **15.** In the last 6 months, how often did this provider show respect for what you had to say?
 - ¹ Never
 - ² Sometimes
 - ³ Usually
 - ⁴ Always
- **16.** In the last 6 months, how often did this provider spend enough time with you?
 - ¹ Never
 ² Sometimes
 ³ Usually
 ⁴ Always

- **17.** In the last 6 months, did this provider order a blood test, x-ray, or other test for you?
 - ¹ Yes ² No → If No, go to #19
- **18.** In the last 6 months, when this provider ordered a blood test, x-ray, or other test for you, how often did someone from this provider's office follow up to give you those results?
 - ¹ Never
 ² Sometimes
 ³ Usually
 ⁴ Always
- **19.** Using any number from 0 to 10, where 0 is the worst provider possible and 10 is the best provider possible, what number would you use to rate this provider?



20. Specialists are doctors like surgeons, heart doctors, allergy doctors, skin doctors, and other doctors who specialize in one area of health care. In the last 6 months, did you see a specialist for a particular health problem?

| ¹ Yes | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| ² No \rightarrow | If No, go to #22 |

21. In the last 6 months, how often did the provider named in Question 1 seem informed and up-to-date about the care you got from specialists?



Please answer these questions about the provider named in Question 1 of this survey.

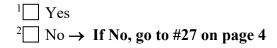
22. In the last 6 months, did someone from this providers' office talk with you about specific goals for your health?



23. In the last 6 months, did someone from this providers' office as you if there are things that make it hard for you to take care of your health?



- **24.** In the last 6 months, did you and someone from this provider's office talk about things in your life that worry you or cause you stress?
 - Yes
 No
- **25.** In the last 6 months, did you take any prescription medicine?



- **26.** In the last 6 months, how often did you and someone from this provider's office talk about all the prescription medicines you were taking?

 - 3 Usually
 - ⁴ Always

Clerks and Receptionists at This Provider's Office

- **27.** In the last 6 months, how often were clerks and receptionists at this provider's office as helpful as you thought they should be?
 - ¹ Never ² Sometimes
 - ³ Usually
 - ⁴ Always
- **28.** In the last 6 months, how often did clerks and receptionists at this provider's office treat you with courtesy and respect?
 - ¹ Never
 - ² Sometimes
 - ³ Usually
 - ⁴ Always

About You

- **29.** In general, how would you rate your overall health?
 - ¹ Excellent ² Very good ³ Good
 - ⁴ Fair
 - ⁵ Poor
- **30.** In general, how would you rate your overall **mental or emotional** health?
 - Excellent
 - ² Very good
 - ³Good
 - ⁴ Fair
 - ⁵ Poor
- **31.** What is your age?
 - 1 18 to 242 25 to 34
 - 3 35 to 44
 - 4 45 to 54
 - 5 55 to 646 65 to 74
 - ^o 65 to 74 7 75 and 11
 - ⁷ 75 or older
- **32.** Are you male or female?
 - 1 Male 2 Female

- **33.** What is the highest grade or level of school that you have completed?
 - ¹ 8th grade or less
 - ² Some high school, but did not graduate
 - ³ High school graduate or GED
 - ⁴ Some college or 2-year degree
 - ⁵ 4-year college graduate
 - ⁶ More than 4-year college degree
- **34.** Are you of Hispanic or Latino origin or descent?
 - ¹ Yes, Hispanic or Latino
 - ² No, not Hispanic or Latino
- **35.** What is your race? Mark one or more.
 - ¹ White
 - Black or African American
 - ³ Asian
 - ⁴ Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
 - ⁵ American Indian or Alaska Native
 - Other

36. Did someone help you complete this survey?

¹ Yes ² No → Thank you. Please return the completed survey in the postage-paid envelope.

- **37.** How did that person help you? Mark one or more.
 - ¹ Read the questions to me
 - ² Wrote down the answers I gave
 - 3 Answered the questions for me
 - ⁴ Translated the questions into my language
 - ⁵ Helped in some other way

Thank you.

Please return the completed survey in the postage-paid envelope.

Cervical Cancer Screening (CCS)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Revised the optional exclusions for hysterectomy with no residual cervix, cervical agenesis or acquired absence of cervix to be required exclusions.
- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Added a direct reference code for palliative care.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of women 21–64 years of age who were screened for cervical cancer using any of the following criteria:

- Women 21–64 years of age who had cervical cytology performed within the last 3 years.
- Women 30–64 years of age who had cervical high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing performed within the last 5 years.
- Women 30–64 years of age who had cervical cytology/high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) cotesting within the last 5 years.

| Eligible Population | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Product lines | Commercial, Medicaid (report each product line separately). |
| Ages | Women 24–64 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. |
| Continuous enrollment | <i>Commercial:</i> The measurement year and the 2 years prior to the measurement year. |
| | <i>Medicaid:</i> The measurement year. |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during each year of continuous enrollment. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled). |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. |
| Benefit | Medical. |
| Event/diagnosis | None. |
| Required exclusions | Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria: Hysterectomy with no residual cervix, cervical agenesis or acquired absence of cervix (<u>Absence of Cervix Diagnosis Value Set</u>; <u>Hysterectomy</u> |

<u>With No Residual Cervix Value Set</u>) any time during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year.

- Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to *General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice*.
- Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to *General Guideline 16: Deceased Members.*
- Members receiving palliative care (<u>Palliative Care Assessment Value Set</u>; <u>Palliative Care Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Palliative Care Intervention Value</u> <u>Set</u>; ICD-10-CM code Z51.5) any time during the measurement year.

Administrative Specification

| Denominator | The eligible population. |
|-------------|---|
| Numerator | The number of women who were screened for cervical cancer. Either of the following meets criteria: |
| | Women 24–64 years of age as of December 31 of the measurement year who had cervical cytology (<u>Cervical Cytology Lab Test Value Set</u>; <u>Cervical Cytology Result or Finding Value Set</u>) during the measurement year or the 2 years prior to the measurement year. |
| | Women 30–64 years of age as of December 31 of the measurement year who had cervical high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing (<u>High Risk HPV Lab Test Value Set</u>, <u>High Risk HPV Test Result or Finding Value Set</u>) during the measurement year or the 4 years prior to the measurement year <u>and</u> who were 30 years or older on the date of the test. Note: Evidence of hrHPV testing within the last 5 years also captures patients who had cotesting: therefore, additional methods to identify cotesting. |
| | patients who had cotesting; therefore, additional methods to identify cotesting are not necessary. |

Hybrid Specification

| Denominator | A systematic sample drawn from the eligible population. Organizations may reduce the sample size using the current year's administrative rate or the prior year's audited rate. Refer to the <i>Guidelines for Calculations and Sampling</i> for information on reducing the sample size. |
|----------------|--|
| Numerator | The number of women who were appropriately screened for cervical cancer as documented through either administrative data or medical record review. |
| Administrative | Refer to <i>Administrative Specification</i> to identify positive numerator hits from the administrative data. |
| Medical record | Appropriate screenings are defined by any of the following: Women 24–64 years of age as of December 31 of the measurement year who had cervical cytology during the measurement year or the 2 years prior to the measurement year. Documentation in the medical record must include both of the following: |

- A note indicating the date when the cervical cytology was performed.
- The result or finding.
- Count any cervical cancer screening method that includes collection and microscopic analysis of cervical cells. Do not count lab results that explicitly state the sample was inadequate or that "no cervical cells were present"; this is not considered appropriate screening.
- Do not count biopsies, because they are diagnostic and therapeutic only and are not valid for primary cervical cancer screening.

Note: Lab results that indicate the sample contained "no endocervical cells" may be used if a valid result was reported for the test.

- Women 30–64 years of age as of December 31 of the measurement year who had cervical high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing during the measurement year or the 4 years prior to the measurement year *and* who were 30 years or older as of the date of testing.
 - Documentation in the medical record must include both of the following:
- A note indicating the date when the hrHPV test was performed. Generic documentation of "HPV test" can be counted as evidence of hrHPV test.
- The results or findings.
 - Do not count biopsies, because they are diagnostic and therapeutic only and are not valid for primary cervical cancer screening.

Note: Evidence of hrHPV testing within the last 5 years also captures patients who had cotesting.

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

| Metric | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| CervicalCancerScreening | CollectionMethod | Report once | ✓ |
| | EligiblePopulation | Report once | \checkmark |
| | ExclusionAdminRequired | Report once | \checkmark |
| | NumeratorByAdminElig | Report once | |
| | CYAR | (Percent) | |
| | MinReqSampleSize | Report once | |
| | OversampleRate | Report once | |
| | OversampleRecordsNumber | (Count) | |
| | ExclusionValidDataErrors | Report once | |
| | Denominator | Report once | |
| | NumeratorByAdmin | Report once | \checkmark |
| | NumeratorByMedicalRecords | Report once | |
| | NumeratorBySupplemental | Report once | \checkmark |
| | Rate | (Percent) | ~ |

| Table CCS-1/2: Data | Elements for Ce | rvical Cancer Screeni | na |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----|
| | | | |

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Cervical Cancer Screening

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | Age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). The denominator age may not be expanded. |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. |
| Benefit | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Event/diagnosis | NA | There is no event/diagnosis for this measure. |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Required exclusions | Yes, with limits | Apply required exclusions according to specified value sets. The hospice, deceased member and palliative care exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for</i> <i>Allowable Adjustments</i> . |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Cervical Cancer Screening | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. |

Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits (WCV)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Revised the "Required exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*

Description

The percentage of members 3–21 years of age who had at least one comprehensive well-care visit with a PCP or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year.

Note: This measure has the same structure as measures in the Effectiveness of Care domain. The organization must follow the Guidelines for Effectiveness of Care Measures when calculating this measure.

| Eligible Population | |
|---------------------|--|
| Product lines | Commercial, Medicaid (report each product line separately). |
| Stratifications | For each product line, report the following stratifications by race and total, and stratifications by ethnicity and total: |
| | Race: |
| | – White. |
| | – Black or African American. |
| | – American Indian or Alaska Native. |
| | – Asian. |
| | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. |
| | – Some Other Race. |
| | Two or More Races. |
| | Asked but No Answer. |
| | – Unknown. |
| | – Total. |
| | Ethnicity: |
| | – Hispanic or Latino. |
| | Not Hispanic or Latino. |
| | Asked but No Answer. |
| | – Unknown. |
| | |

Total.

Note: Stratifications are mutually exclusive and the sum of all categories in each stratification is the Total population.

| Ages | 3–21 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. Report three age stratifications and total rate: 3–11 years. 12–17 years. Total. |
|--------------------------|---|
| | The total is the sum of the age stratifications for each product line. |
| Continuous enrollment | The measurement year. |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during the continuous enrollment period. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid member for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled). |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. |
| Benefit | Medical. |
| Event/diagnosis | None. |
| Required exclusions | Exclude members who meet either of the following criteria: Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to <i>General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice.</i> Members who died any time during the measurement year. <i>Refer to General Guideline 16: Deceased Members.</i> |

| Administrative Specification | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Denominator | The eligible population. | |
| Numerator | One or more well-care visits (<u>Well-Care Value Set</u>) during the measurement year. The well-care visit must occur with a PCP or an OB/GYN practitioner, but the practitioner does not have to be the practitioner assigned to the member. | |

Note

• Refer to Appendix 3 for the definition of PCP and OB/GYN and other prenatal care practitioner.

• This measure is based on the American Academy of Pediatrics Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children and Adolescents (published by the National Center for Education in Maternal and Child Health). Visit the Bright Futures website for more information about well-child visits (https://brightfutures.aap.org/materials-and-tools/guidelines-and-pocket-guide/).

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|---------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ChildAdolescentWellVisits | 3-11 | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification |
| | 12-17 | ExclusionAdminRequired | For each Stratification |
| | 18-21 | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | Total | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Stratification |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

Table WCV-A-1/2: Data Elements for Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits

Table WCV-B-1/2: Data Elements for Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits: Stratifications by Race

| Metric | Race | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| ChildAdolescentWellVisits | White | Direct | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification |
| | BlackOrAfricanAmerican | Indirect | Numerator | For each Stratification |
| | AmericanIndianOrAlaskaNative | Total | Rate | (Percent) |
| | Asian | | | |
| | NativeHawaiianOrOtherPacificIslander | - | | |
| | SomeOtherRace | | | |
| | TwoOrMoreRaces | | | |
| | AskedButNoAnswer* | | | |
| | Unknown** |] | | |

Table WCV-C-1/2: Data Elements for Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits: Stratifications by Ethnicity

| Metric | Ethnicity | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|---------------------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| ChildAdolescentWellVisits | HispanicOrLatino | Direct | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification |
| | NotHispanicOrLatino | Indirect | Numerator | For each Stratification |
| | AskedButNoAnswer* | Total | Rate | (Percent) |
| | Unknown** | | | |

*AskedButNoAnswer is only reported for Source='Direct.'

**Unknown is only reported for Source='Indirect.'

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. | |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | The age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). The denominator age may be changed if the range is within the specified age range (3–21 years). Organizations must consult American Academy of Pediatrics guidelines when considering whether to expand the age ranges | |
| | | outside the current thresholds. | |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Benefits | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. | |
| CLINICAL COMPONENTS | | | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Event/diagnosis | NA | There is no event/diagnosis for this measure. | |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Required exclusions | Yes | The hospice and deceased member exclusion are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable</i> <i>Adjustments</i> . | |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Well-Child Visit(s) | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. | |

Chlamydia Screening in Women (CHL)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Revised the optional exclusions for pregnancy test to be step 3 of the event/diagnosis criteria.
- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of women 16–24 years of age who were identified as sexually active and who had at least one test for chlamydia during the measurement year.

| Eligible Population | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Product lines | Commercial, Medicaid (report each product line separately). |
| Ages | Women 16–24 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. Report two age stratifications and a total rate: 16–20 years. 21–24 years. Total. |
| | The total is the sum of the age stratifications. |
| Continuous enrollment | The measurement year. |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during the measurement year. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled). |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. |
| Benefit | Medical. |
| Event/diagnosis | Follow the steps below to identify the eligible population. |
| Step 1 | Identify members who are sexually active. Two methods identify sexually active women: pharmacy data and claim/encounter data. The organization must use both methods to identify the eligible population; however, a member only needs to be identified in one method to be eligible for the measure. |
| | <i>Claim/encounter data</i> . Members who had a claim or encounter indicating sexual activity during the measurement year. A code from any of the following meets criteria: |

- Pregnancy Value Set.
- Sexual Activity Value Set.
- Pregnancy Tests Value Set.

Pharmacy data. Members who were dispensed prescription contraceptives during the measurement year (<u>Contraceptive Medications List</u>).

Contraceptive Medications

| Description | Pres | cription |
|----------------|--|--|
| Contraceptives | Desogestrel-ethinyl estradiol Dienogest-estradiol (multiphasic) Drospirenone-ethinyl estradiol Drospirenone-ethinyl estradiol-levomefolate (biphasic) Ethinyl estradiol-ethynodiol Ethinyl estradiol-etonogestrel Ethinyl estradiol-levonorgestrel Ethinyl estradiol-norelgestromin | Ethinyl estradiol-norethindrone Ethinyl estradiol-norgestimate Ethinyl estradiol-norgestrel Etonogestrel Levonorgestrel Medroxyprogesterone Mestranol-norethindrone Norethindrone |
| Diaphragm | Diaphragm | |
| Spermicide | Nonoxynol 9 | |

Step 2 For the members identified in step 1 based on a pregnancy test alone, remove members who meet either of the following:

- A pregnancy test (<u>Pregnancy Tests Value Set</u>) during the measurement year and a prescription for isotretinoin (<u>Retinoid Medications List</u>) on the date of the pregnancy test or 6 days after the pregnancy test.
- A pregnancy test (<u>Pregnancy Tests Value Set</u>) during the measurement year and an x-ray (<u>Diagnostic Radiology Value Set</u>) on the date of the pregnancy test or 6 days after the pregnancy test.

Retinoid Medications

| Description | Prescription |
|-------------|--------------|
| Retinoid | Isotretinoin |

Required exclusions

Exclude members who meet either of the following criteria:

- Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to *General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice*.
- Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to *General Guideline 16: Deceased Members*.

Administrative Specification

Denominator The eligible population.

Numerator At least one chlamydia test (<u>Chlamydia Tests Value Set</u>) during the measurement year.

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|--------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ChlamydiaScreening | 16-20 | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification |
| | 21-24 | ExclusionAdminRequired | For each Stratification |
| | Total | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Stratification |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

Table CHL-1/2: Data Elements for Chlamydia Screening in Women

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Chlamydia Screening in Women

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. | |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | The age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). The denominator age may not be expanded. | |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are acceptable. | |
| Benefit | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are acceptable. | |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. | |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Event/diagnosis | Yes, with limits | Only events that contain (or map to) codes in medication lists and value sets may be used to identify sexual activity. Medication lists, value sets and logic may not be changed. Claims/encounter data or pharmacy data may be used to identify sexual activity. | |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Required exclusions | Yes | The hospice and deceased member exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable</i> <i>Adjustments</i> . | |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Chlamydia Test | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. | |

Colorectal Cancer Screening (COL)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Revised the optional exclusions for colorectal cancer and total colectomy to be required exclusions.
- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Updated the number of occurrences required for the frailty cross-cutting exclusion.
- Added a direct reference code for palliative care.
- Updated the Hybrid Specification to indicate that sample size reduction is allowed.
- Revised the medical record criteria for a completed colonoscopy.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of members 45–75 years of age who had appropriate screening for colorectal cancer.

Note

• Only the administrative data collection method may be used when reporting this measure for the Medicaid product line.

| Eligible Population | |
|---------------------|---|
| Product lines | Commercial, Medicaid, Medicare (report each product line separately). |
| Stratifications | For Medicare only, report the following SES stratifications and total: |
| | Non-LIS/DE, Nondisability. |
| | • LIS/DE. |
| | Disability. |
| | LIS/DE and Disability. |
| | Other. |
| | Unknown. |
| | Total Medicare. |
| | Note: Stratifications are mutually exclusive and the sum of all six stratifications is the total population. |

For each product line, report the following stratifications by race and total, and stratifications by ethnicity and total:

- Race:
 - White.
 - Black or African American.
 - American Indian or Alaska Native.

| | - Asian |
|--------------------------|--|
| | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. |
| | Some Other Race. |
| | Two or More Races. |
| | Asked but No Answer. |
| | – Unknown. |
| | – Total. |
| | Ethnicity: |
| | Hispanic or Latino. |
| | Not Hispanic or Latino. |
| | Asked but No Answer. |
| | – Unknown. |
| | – Total. |
| | Note: Stratifications are mutually exclusive and the sum of all categories in each stratification is the total population. |
| Ages | 46–75 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. Report two age stratifications and a total rate: |
| | • 46–49 years. |
| | • 50–75 years. |
| | Total. |
| | The total is the sum of the age stratifications. |
| Continuous enrollment | The measurement year and the year prior to the measurement year. |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in continuous enrollment of up to 45 days during each year of continuous enrollment. |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. |
| Benefit | Medical. |
| Event/diagnosis | None. |
| Required | Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria: |
| exclusions | Members who had colorectal cancer (<u>Colorectal Cancer Value Set</u>) or a total colectomy (<u>Total Colectomy Value Set</u>; <u>History of Total Colectomy</u> <u>Value Set</u>) any time during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year. |
| | Members in hospice or using hospice services anytime during the measurement year. Refer to General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice. |
| | Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to General Guideline 16: Deceased Members. |
| | Members receiving palliative care (<u>Palliative Care Assessment Value Set;</u> <u>Palliative Care Encounter Value Set;</u> <u>Palliative Care Intervention Value</u> <u>Set</u>; ICD-10-CM code Z51.5) any time during the measurement year. |

Asian.

Exclusions Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria:

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions.

- Medicare members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an Institutional SNP (I-SNP) any time during the measurement year.
 - Living long-term in an institution any time during the measurement year as identified by the LTI flag in the Monthly Membership Detail Data File. Use the run date of the file to determine if a member had an LTI flag during the measurement year.
- Members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with frailty *and* advanced illness. Members must meet **BOTH** of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - At least two indications of frailty (<u>Frailty Device Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Diagnosis Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Symptom Value Set</u>) with different dates of service during the measurement year.
 - 2. Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):
 - At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), e-visits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim) on different dates of service, with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two visits. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (Inpatient Stay Value Set).
 - Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim.
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
 - At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>).
 - At least one acute inpatient discharge with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
 - A dispensed dementia medication (Dementia Medications List).

Dementia Medications

| Description | Prescription | |
|---|--|--|
| Cholinesterase inhibitors | Donepezil Galantamine Rivastigmine | |
| Miscellaneous central nervous system agents | Memantine | |
| Dementia combinations | Donepezil-memantine | |

| Administrative Sp | ecification |
|--------------------|--|
| Denominator | The eligible population. |
| Numerator | One or more screenings for colorectal cancer. Any of the following meet criteria: Fecal occult blood test (<u>FOBT Lab Test Value Set</u>; <u>FOBT Test Result or Finding Value Set</u>) during the measurement year. For administrative data, assume the required number of samples were returned, regardless of FOBT type. |
| | Flexible sigmoidoscopy (<u>Flexible Sigmoidoscopy Value Set</u>; <u>History of</u> <u>Flexible Sigmoidoscopy Value Set</u>) during the measurement year or the 4 years prior to the measurement year. |
| | Colonoscopy (<u>Colonoscopy Value Set</u>; <u>History of Colonoscopy Value Set</u>) during the measurement year or the 9 years prior to the measurement year. |
| | CT colonography (<u>CT Colonography Value Set</u>) during the measurement year or the 4 years prior to the measurement year. |
| | Stool DNA (sDNA) with FIT test (<u>sDNA FIT Lab Test Value Set</u>; <u>sDNA FIT</u> <u>Test Result or Finding Value Set</u>) during the measurement year or the 2 years prior to the measurement year. |
| Hybrid Specificati | on |
| Denominator | A systematic sample drawn from the eligible population for the Medicare and commercial product lines. Organizations may reduce the sample size using the current year's administrative rate or the prior year's audited, product line-specific rate. Refer to the <i>Guidelines for Calculations and Sampling</i> for information on reducing the sample size. |
| | For Medicare reporting, the denominator (MRSS) for the Total category is the entire systematic sample. Do not pull samples for each stratification. The individual stratifications for the denominators and all numerators must sum to the totals. |
| Numerator | One or more screenings for colorectal cancer. Appropriate screenings are defined by one of the following: |
| | FOBT during the measurement year. |
| | Flexible sigmoidoscopy during the measurement year or the 4 years prior to the measurement year. |
| | Colonoscopy during the measurement year or the 9 years prior to the measurement year. |

- CT colonography during the measurement year or the 4 years prior to the measurement year.
- Stool DNA (sDNA) with FIT test during the measurement year or the 2 years prior to the measurement year.
- **Administrative** Refer to Administrative Specification to identify positive numerator hits from the administrative data.
- **Medical record** Documentation in the medical record must include a note indicating the date when the colorectal cancer screening was performed. A result is not required if the documentation is clearly part of the member's "medical history"; if this is not clear, the result or finding must also be present (this ensures that the screening was performed and not merely ordered).

A pathology report that indicates the type of screening (e.g., colonoscopy, flexible sigmoidoscopy) and the date when the screening was performed meets criteria.

For pathology reports that do not indicate the type of screening and for incomplete procedures:

- Evidence that the scope advanced to the cecum meets criteria for a completed colonoscopy.
- Evidence that the scope advanced into the sigmoid colon meets criteria for a completed flexible sigmoidoscopy.

There are two types of FOBT tests: guaiac (gFOBT) and immunochemical (FIT). Depending on the type of FOBT test, a certain number of samples are required for numerator compliance. Follow the instructions below to determine member compliance.

- If the medical record does not indicate the type of test and there is no indication of how many samples were returned, assume the required number was returned. The member meets the screening criteria for inclusion in the numerator.
- If the medical record does not indicate the type of test and the number of returned samples is specified, the member meets the screening criteria only if the number of samples specified is greater than or equal to three samples. If there are fewer than three samples, the member does not meet the screening criteria for inclusion.
- FIT tests may require fewer than three samples. If the medical record indicates that an FIT was done, the member meets the screening criteria, regardless of how many samples were returned.
- If the medical record indicates that a gFOBT was done, follow the scenarios below.
 - If the medical record does not indicate the number of returned samples, assume the required number was returned. The member meets the screening criteria for inclusion in the numerator.
 - If the medical record indicates that three or more samples were returned, the member meets the screening criteria for inclusion in the numerator.
 - If the medical record indicates that fewer than three samples were returned, the member does not meet the screening criteria.

Do not count digital rectal exams (DRE), FOBT tests performed in an office setting or performed on a sample collected via DRE.

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

| • | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
| ColorectalCancerScreening | 46-49 | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification |
| | 50-75 | ExclusionAdminRequired | For each Stratification |
| | Total | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Stratification |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

Table COL-A-1: Data Elements for Colorectal Cancer Screening

Table COL-A-2: Data Elements for Colorectal Cancer Screening

| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | А |
|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| ColorectalCancerScreening | 46-49 | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Stratification | \checkmark |
| | 50-75 | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification | ✓ |
| | Total | ExclusionAdminRequired | For each Stratification | ✓ |
| | | NumeratorByAdminElig | For each Stratification | |
| | | CYAR | Only for Total (Percent) | |
| | | MinReqSampleSize | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | OversampleRate | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | OversampleRecordsNumber | (Count) | |
| | | ExclusionValidDataErrors | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | ExclusionEmployeeOrDep | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | OversampleRecsAdded | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | Denominator | For each Stratification | |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification | ✓ |
| | | NumeratorByMedicalRecords | For each Stratification | |
| | | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Stratification | ✓ |
| | | Rate | (Percent) | ✓ |

| Metric | Age | SES Stratification | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | A |
|---------------------------|-------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| ColorectalCancerScreening | 46-49 | NonLisDeNondisability | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Stratification | ~ |
| | 50-75 | LisDe | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | Total | Disability | ExclusionAdminRequired | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | | LisDeAndDisability | NumeratorByAdminElig | For each Stratification | |
| | | Other | CYAR | Only for Total (Percent) | |
| | | Unknown | MinReqSampleSize | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | Total | OversampleRate | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | | OversampleRecordsNumber | (Count) | |
| | | | ExclusionValidDataErrors | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | | ExclusionEmployeeOrDep | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | | OversampleRecsAdded | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | | Denominator | For each Stratification | |
| | | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | | | NumeratorByMedicalRecords | For each Stratification | |
| | | | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | | | Rate | (Percent) | ✓ |

| Metric | Race | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | А |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| ColorectalCancerScreening | White | Direct | CollectionMethod*** | Repeat per Stratification | ~ |
| | BlackOrAfricanAmerican | Indirect | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | AmericanIndianOrAlaskaNative | Total | Denominator*** | For each Stratification | |
| | Asian | | Numerator | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | NativeHawaiianOrOtherPacificIslander | | Rate | (Percent) | \checkmark |
| | SomeOtherRace | | | | |
| | TwoOrMoreRaces | | | | |
| | AskedButNoAnswer* | | | | |

| Table COL-B-1/2/3: Data Elements fo | r Colorectal Cancer Screenir | a: Stratifications by Race |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | |

Table COL-C-1/2/3: Data Elements for Colorectal Cancer Screening: Stratifications by Ethnicity

| Metric | Ethnicity | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|---------------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| ColorectalCancerScreening | HispanicOrLatino | Direct | CollectionMethod*** | Repeat per Stratification | ~ |
| | NotHispanicOrLatino | Indirect | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | AskedButNoAnswer* | Total | Denominator*** | For each Stratification | |
| | Unknown** | | Numerator | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | | _ | Rate | (Percent) | \checkmark |

*AskedButNoAnswer is only reported for Source='Direct.'

Unknown**

**Unknown is only reported for Source='Indirect.'

***The CollectionMethod and Denominator data elements are not available for Medicaid reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Colorectal Cancer Screening

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. | |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | The age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). The denominator age may not be expanded. | |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Benefit | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. | |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Event/diagnosis | NA | There is no event/diagnosis for this measure. | |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Required exclusions | Yes, with limits | Apply required exclusions according to specified value sets. The hospice, deceased member and palliative care exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for</i> <i>Allowable Adjustments</i> | |
| Exclusions: I-SNP, LTI, frailty or advanced illness | Yes | These exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . | |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Colorectal Cancer Screening | No | The value sets and the logic may not be changed. | |

Controlling High Blood Pressure (CBP)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Replaced the reference of "female members" to "members" in the required exclusions.
- Added a direct reference code for palliative care.
- Revised the optional exclusions to be required exclusions.
- Updated the number of occurrences required for the frailty cross-cutting exclusion.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of members 18–85 years of age who had a diagnosis of hypertension (HTN) and whose blood pressure (BP) was adequately controlled (<140/90 mm Hg) during the measurement year.

| Definitions | |
|----------------------|---|
| Adequate control | Both a representative systolic BP <140 mm Hg and a representative diastolic BP of <90 mm Hg. |
| Representative BP | The most recent BP reading during the measurement year on or after the second diagnosis of hypertension. If multiple BP measurements occur on the same date, or are noted in the chart on the same date, use the lowest systolic and lowest diastolic BP reading. If no BP is recorded during the measurement year, assume that the member is "not controlled." |

| Eligible Population | |
|---------------------|--|
| Product lines | Commercial, Medicaid, Medicare (report each product line separately). |
| Stratifications | For each product line, report the following stratifications by race and total, and stratifications by ethnicity and total: |
| | Race: |
| | – White. |
| | Black or African American. |
| | American Indian or Alaska Native. |
| | – Asian. |
| | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. |
| | Some Other Race. |
| | Two or More Races. |
| | Asked but No Answer. |
| | – Unknown. |
| | |

| | – Total. | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Ethnicity: | | |
| | Hispanic or Latino. | | |
| | – Not Hispanic or Latino. | | |
| | Asked but No Answer. | | |
| | – Unknown. | | |
| | – Total. | | |
| | Note: Stratifications are mutually exclusive and the sum of all categories in each stratification is the total population. | | |
| Ages | 18–85 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. | | |
| Continuous enrollment | The measurement year. | | |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in continuous enrollment of up to 45 days during the measurement year. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled). | | |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. | | |
| Benefit | Medical. | | |
| Event/diagnosis | Follow the steps below to identify the eligible population. | | |
| Step 1 | Identify members who had at least two visits on different dates of service with a diagnosis of hypertension on or between January 1 of the year prior to the measurement year and June 30 of the measurement year. Visit type need not be the same for the two visits. Any of the following code combinations meet criteria: | | |
| | Outpatient visit (<u>Outpatient Without UBREV Value Set</u>) with any diagnosis of hypertension (<u>Essential Hypertension Value Set</u>). | | |
| | A telephone visit (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>) with any diagnosis of hypertension (<u>Essential Hypertension Value Set</u>). | | |
| | An e-visit or virtual check-in (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>) with any diagnosis of hypertension (<u>Essential Hypertension Value Set</u>). | | |
| Step 2 | Remove members who had a nonacute inpatient admission during the measurement year. To identify nonacute inpatient admissions: | | |
| | 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (Inpatient Stay Value Set). | | |
| | Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim. | | |
| | 3. Identify the admission date for the stay. | | |
| Required | Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria: | | |
| exclusions | Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice. | | |
| | • Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to General Guideline 16: Deceased Members. | | |

- Members receiving palliative care (<u>Palliative Care Assessment Value Set;</u> <u>Palliative Care Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Palliative Care Intervention Value</u> <u>Set</u>; ICD-10-CM code Z51.5) any time during the measurement year.
- Members with evidence of end-stage renal disease (ESRD) (<u>ESRD</u> <u>Diagnosis Value Set</u>), dialysis (<u>Dialysis Procedure Value Set</u>), nephrectomy (<u>Total Nephrectomy Value Set</u>; <u>Partial Nephrectomy Value</u> <u>Set</u>) or kidney transplant (<u>Kidney Transplant Value Set</u>; <u>History of Kidney</u> <u>Transplant Value Set</u>) any time during the member's history on or prior to December 31 of the measurement year.
- Members with a diagnosis of pregnancy (<u>Pregnancy Value Set</u>) any time during the measurement year.

Exclusions Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria:

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions.

- Medicare members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an Institutional SNP (I-SNP) any time during the measurement year.
 - Living long-term in an institution any time during the measurement year as identified by the LTI flag in the Monthly Membership Detail Data File. Use the run date of the file to determine if a member had an LTI flag during the measurement year.
- Members 66–80 years of age as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with frailty *and* advanced illness. Members must meet *both* of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - At least two indications of frailty (<u>Frailty Device Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty</u> <u>Diagnosis Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Symptom</u> <u>Value Set</u>) with different dates of service during the measurement year.
 - 2. Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):
 - At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), e-visits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim) on different dates of service, with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two visits. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim.
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
 - At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>).

- At least one acute inpatient discharge with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
- A dispensed dementia medication (Dementia Medications List).
- Members 81 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with at least two indications of frailty (Frailty Device Value Set; Frailty Diagnosis Value Set; Frailty Encounter Value Set; Frailty Symptom Value Set) with different dates of service during the measurement year.

Dementia Medications

| Description | | Prescription | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cholinesterase inhibitors | Donepezil | Galantamine | Rivastigmine |
| Miscellaneous central nervous system agents | Memantine | | |
| Dementia combinations | Donepezil-mer | nantine | |

Administrative Specification

| | Denominator | The eligible population. |
|--|-------------|--------------------------|
|--|-------------|--------------------------|

 Numerator
 Identify the most recent BP reading (Systolic Blood Pressure Value Set; Diastolic

 Blood Pressure Value Set)
 taken during the measurement year. Exclude BPs

 taken in an acute inpatient setting (Acute Inpatient Value Set; Acute Inpatient

 POS Value Set) or during an ED visit (ED Value Set; ED POS Value Set).

The BP reading must occur *on or after* the date of the second diagnosis of hypertension (identified using the event/diagnosis criteria).

The member is numerator compliant if the BP is <140/90 mm Hg. The member is not compliant if the BP is \ge 140/90 mm Hg, if there is no BP reading during the measurement year or if the reading is incomplete (e.g., the systolic or diastolic level is missing). If there are multiple BPs on the same date of service, use the lowest systolic and lowest diastolic BP on that date as the representative BP.

Organizations that use CPT Category II codes to identify numerator compliance for this indicator must search for all codes in the following value sets and use the most recent codes during the measurement year to determine numerator compliance for both systolic and diastolic levels.

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| Value Set | Numerator Compliance |
|---|-------------------------|
| Systolic Less Than 140 Value Set | Systolic compliant |
| Systolic Greater Than or Equal To 140 Value Set | Systolic not compliant |
| Diastolic Less Than 80 Value Set | Diastolic compliant |
| Diastolic 80–89 Value Set | Diastolic compliant |
| Diastolic Greater Than or Equal To 90 Value Set | Diastolic not compliant |

Hybrid Specification

| Denominator | A systematic sample drawn from the eligible population. |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| | The organization may reduce the sample size using the current year's administrative rate or the prior year's audited, product line specific rate. Refer to the <i>Guidelines for Calculations and Sampling</i> for information on reducing the sample size. |
| ldentifying the medical record | All eligible BP measurements recorded in the record must be considered. If an organization cannot find the medical record, the member remains in the measure denominator and is considered noncompliant for the numerator. |
| | Use the following guidance to find the appropriate medical record to review. |
| | Identify the member's PCP. |
| | If the member had more than one PCP for the time period, identify the PCP who most recently provided care to the member. |
| | If the member did not visit a PCP for the time period or does not have a PCP, identify the practitioner who most recently provided care to the member. |
| | If a practitioner other than the member's PCP manages the hypertension, the organization may use the medical record of that practitioner. |
| Numerator | The number of members in the denominator whose most recent BP (both systolic and diastolic) is adequately controlled during the measurement year. For a member's BP to be controlled, the systolic and diastolic BP must be <140/90 mm Hg (adequate control). To determine if a member's BP is adequately controlled, the representative BP must be identified. |
| Administrative | Refer to Administrative Specification to identify positive numerator hits from administrative data. |
| Medical record | Identify the most recent BP reading noted during the measurement year. |
| | The BP reading must occur on or after the date when the second diagnosis of hypertension (identified using the event/diagnosis criteria) occurred. |
| | Do not include BP readings: |
| | Taken during an acute inpatient stay or an ED visit. |
| | • Taken on the same day as a diagnostic test or diagnostic or therapeutic procedure that requires a change in diet or change in medication on or one day before the day of the test or procedure, with the exception of fasting blood tests. |

• Taken by the member using a non-digital device such as with a manual blood pressure cuff and a stethoscope.

Identify the lowest systolic and lowest diastolic BP reading from the most recent BP notation in the medical record. If multiple readings were recorded for a single date, use the lowest systolic and lowest diastolic BP on that date as the representative BP. The systolic and diastolic results do not need to be from the same reading.

BP readings taken by the member and documented in the member's medical record are eligible for use in reporting (provided the BP does not meet any exclusion criteria). There is no requirement that there be evidence the BP was collected by a PCP or specialist.

The member is not compliant if the BP reading is \geq 140/90 mm Hg or is missing, or if there is no BP reading during the measurement year or if the reading is incomplete (e.g., the systolic or diastolic level is missing).

Ranges and thresholds do not meet criteria for this measure. A distinct numeric result for both the systolic and diastolic BP reading is required for numerator compliance. A BP documented as an "average BP" (e.g., "average BP: 139/70") is eligible for use.

Note

- When identifying the most recent BP reading, all eligible BP readings in the appropriate medical record should be considered, regardless of practitioner type and setting (excluding acute inpatient and ED visit settings).
- An EMR can be used to identify the most recent BP reading if it meets the criteria for appropriate medical record.
- When excluding BP readings from the numerator, the intent is to identify diagnostic or therapeutic procedures that require a medication regimen, a change in diet or a change in medication. For example (this list is for reference only and is not exhaustive):
 - A colonoscopy requires a change in diet (NPO on the day of the procedure) and a medication change (a medication is taken to prep the colon).
 - Dialysis, infusions and chemotherapy (including oral chemotherapy) are all therapeutic procedures that require a medication regimen.
 - A nebulizer treatment with albuterol is considered a therapeutic procedure that requires a medication regimen (the albuterol).
 - A patient forgetting to take regular medications on the day of the procedure is not considered a required change in medication and therefore the BP reading is eligible.
- BP readings taken on the same day that the member receives a common low-intensity or preventive procedure are eligible for use. For example, the following procedures are considered common low-intensity or preventive (this list is for reference only and is not exhaustive):
 - Vaccinations.
 - Injections (e.g., allergy, vitamin B-12, insulin, steroid, toradol, Depo-Provera, testosterone, lidocaine).
 - TB test.
 - IUD insertion.
 - Eye exam with dilating agents.
 - Wart or mole removal.

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

Table CBP-A-1/2/3: Data Elements for Controlling High Blood Pressure

| Metric | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| ControlHighBP | CollectionMethod | Report once | ✓ |
| | EligiblePopulation | Report once | ✓ |
| | ExclusionAdminRequired | Report once | ✓ |
| | NumeratorByAdminElig | Report once | |
| | CYAR | (Percent) | |
| | MinReqSampleSize | Report once | |
| | OversampleRate | Report once | |
| | OversampleRecordsNumber | (Count) | |
| | ExclusionValidDataErrors | Report once | |
| | ExclusionEmployeeOrDep | Report once | |
| | OversampleRecsAdded | Report once | |
| | Denominator | Report once | |
| | NumeratorByAdmin | Report once | ✓ |
| | NumeratorByMedicalRecords | Report once | |
| | NumeratorBySupplemental | Report once | ✓ |
| | Rate | (Percent) | ✓ |

| Reporting t Instructions A |
|--------------------------------|
| d Repeat per Stratification |
| n For each Stratification |
| For each Stratification |
| For each Stratification |
| (Percent) 🗸 |
| · · · |
| |
| |

Table CBP-B-1/2/3: Data Elements for Controlling High Blood Pressure: Stratifications by Race

Table CBP-C-1/2/3: Data Elements for Controlling High Blood Pressure: Stratifications by Ethnicity

| Metric | Ethnicity | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|---------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| ControlHighBP | HispanicOrLatino | Direct | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Stratification | ~ |
| | NotHispanicOrLatino | Indirect | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | AskedButNoAnswer* | Total | Denominator | For each Stratification | |
| | Unknown** | | Numerator | For each Stratification | ~ |
| | | | Rate | (Percent) | \checkmark |

*AskedButNoAnswer is only reported for Source='Direct.'

AskedButNoAnswer*

Unknown**

**Unknown is only reported for Source='Indirect.'

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Controlling High Blood Pressure

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Product lines | Yes | Using product line criteria is not required. Including any product line, combining product lines or not including product line criteria is allowed. | |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | Age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). The denominator age may be changed if the range is within the specified age range (ages 18–85 years). The denominator age may not be expanded. | |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Benefit | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. | |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Event/diagnosis | No | Only events that contain (or map to) codes in the value sets may be used to identify visits. Value sets and logic may not be changed. | |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Required exclusions | Yes, with limits | Apply required exclusions according to specified value sets. The hospice, deceased member and palliative care exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for</i> <i>Allowable Adjustments.</i> | |
| Exclusions: I-SNP, LTI, frailty or advanced illness | Yes | These exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . | |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Adequate Control of Blood Pressure | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. | |

Depression Remission or Response for Adolescents and Adults (DRR-E)*

*Adapted with financial support from the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) under the CHIPRA Pediatric Quality Measures Program Centers of Excellence grant number U18HS020503, and with permission from the measure developer, Minnesota Community Measurement.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Refer to the Technical Release Notes file in the Digital Measures Package for a comprehensive list of changes.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*

| Description | The percentage of members 12 years of age and older with a diagnosis of depression and an elevated PHQ-9 score, who had evidence of response or remission within 4–8 months of the elevated score. <i>Follow-Up PHQ-9</i>. The percentage of members who have a follow-up PHQ-9 score documented within 4–8 months after the initial elevated PHQ-9 score. <i>Depression Remission</i>. The percentage of members who achieved remission within 4–8 months after the initial elevated PHQ-9 score. <i>Depression Remission</i>. The percentage of members who achieved remission within 4–8 months after the initial elevated PHQ-9 score. <i>Depression Response</i>. The percentage of members who showed response within 4–8 months after the initial elevated PHQ-9 score. | |
|---|--|--|
| Measurement period | January 1–December 31. | |
| Clinical recommendation statement | The Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement recommends that clinicians establish and maintain follow-up with adult patients who have depression. Appropriate, reliable follow-up is highly correlated with improved response a remission scores (Kessler, 2016). | |
| | The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends that adolescents with depression be assessed for treatment response and remission of symptoms using a depression assessment tool such as the PHQ-9 Modified for Teens (Cheung, 2018). | |
| Citations | Cheung A. H., R. A. Zuckerbrot, P. S. Jensen, K. Ghalib, D. Laraque, and R.E.K. Stein. "Guidelines for Adolescent Depression in Primary Care (GLAD-PC): II. Treatment and Ongoing Management." Pediatrics 120, no. 5 (January 2007). <u>https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2006-1395.</u> | |
| | Trangle, M., J. Gursky, R. Haight, J. Hardwig, T. Hinnenkamp, D. Kessler, N. Mack, M. Myszkowski. Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement. Adult Depression in Primary Care . Updated March 2013. | |

| Characteristics | |
|----------------------|--|
| Scoring | Proportion. |
| Туре | Outcome. |
| Stratification | Depression Follow-Up. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicare. Age (as of the start of the intake period, for each product line): 12–17 years (for commercial and Medicaid only). 18–44 years. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. Depression Remission. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicare. Age (as of the start of the intake period, for each product line): 12–17 years (for commercial and Medicaid only). 18–44 years. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. Depression Response. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. 12–17 years (for commercial and Medicaid only). 18–44 years. 65 years and older. Depression Response. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. |
| Risk adjustment | None. |
| Improvement notation | A higher rate indicates better performance. |

| Guidance | Allocation: The member was enrolled with a medical benefit throughout the participation period. A gap in enrollment is allowed only in the measurement period. No gaps in enrollment are allowed from May 1 of the year prior to the measurement period through December 31 of the year prior to the measurement period. When identifying members in hospice, the requirements described in <i>General Guideline 15</i> for identification of hospice members using the monthly membership detail data files are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. Requirements: The measure allows two PHQ-9 assessments. Selection of the appropriate assessment should be based on the member's age. <i>PHQ-9:</i> 12 years of age and older. <i>PHQ-9 Modified for Teens:</i> 12–17 years of age. The PHQ-9 assessment does not need to occur during a face-to-face encounter; it may be completed over the telephone or through a web-based portal. |
|--|--|
| | The total is the sum of the age stratifications. Product line stratifications are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. |
| Definitions | |
| Participation | The identifiers and descriptors for each organization's coverage used to define members' eligibility for measure reporting. Allocation for reporting is based on eligibility during the participation period. |
| Participation period | May 1 of the year prior to the measurement period through December 31 of the measurement period. |
| Intake period | May 1 of the year prior to the measurement period through April 30 of the measurement period. |
| Depression follow-up period | The 120-240-day period after the IESD. |
| IESD | Index episode start date. The earliest date during the intake period where a member has a PHQ-9 total score >9 documented within a 31-day period including and around (15 days before and 15 days after) an interactive outpatient encounter with a diagnosis of major depression or dysthymia. |
| Interactive outpatient encounter | A bidirectional communication that is face-to-face, phone based, an e-visit or virtual check-in, or via secure electronic messaging. This does not include communications for scheduling appointments. |

| Initial population | Initial population 1 Members 12 years and older as of the start of the intake period who meet both of the following criteria: | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| | The depression encounter and PHQ-9 total score requirements as described by the IESD. | |
| | Participation. | |
| | Initial population 2 Same as the initial population 1. | |
| | Initial population 3 Same as the initial population 1. | |
| Exclusions | Exclusions 1 Members with any of the following any time during the member's history through the end of the measurement period: | |
| | Bipolar disorder. | |
| | Personality disorder. | |
| | Psychotic disorder. | |
| | Pervasive developmental disorder. | |
| | Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement period. | |
| | Exclusions 2 Same as exclusions 1. | |
| | Exclusions 3 Same as exclusions 1. | |
| Denominator | Denominator 1 Initial population, minus exclusions. | |
| | Denominator 2 Same as denominator 1. | |
| | Denominator 3 Same as denominator 1. | |
| Numerator | Numerator 1—Depression Follow-Up A PHQ-9 total score in the member's record during the depression follow-up period. | |
| | Numerator 2—Depression Remission Members who achieve remission of depression symptoms, as demonstrated by the most recent PHQ-9 score of <5 during the depression follow-up period. | |

Numerator 3—Depression Response

Members who indicate a response to treatment for depression, as demonstrated by the most recent PHQ-9 total score being at least 50 percent lower than the PHQ-9 score associated with the IESD, documented during the depression follow-up period.

Data criteria (element level)

Value Sets:

- DRRE_HEDIS_MY2023-2.0.0
 - Bipolar Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1044)
 - Interactive Outpatient Encounter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1347)
 - Major Depression or Dysthymia (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1351)
 - Other Bipolar Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1399)
 - Personality Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1355)
 - Pervasive Developmental Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1356)
 - Psychotic Disorders (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1352)

• NCQA_Hospice-2.0.0

- Hospice Encounter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1761)
- Hospice Intervention (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1762)

Direct reference codes and codesystems:

- DRRE_HEDIS_MY2023-2.0.0
 - codesystem "LOINC": 'http://loinc.org'
 - code "Patient Health Questionnaire 9 item (PHQ-9) total score [Reported]": '44261-6' from "LOINC" display 'Patient Health Questionnaire 9 item (PHQ-9) total score [Reported]'
 - code "Patient Health Questionnaire-9: Modified for Teens total score [Reported.PHQ.Teen]": '89204-2' from "LOINC" display 'Patient Health Questionnaire-9: Modified for Teens total score [Reported.PHQ.Teen]'

• NCQA_Terminology-2.0.0

- codesystem "ActCode": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/v3-ActCode'
- codesystem "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/conditionclinical'
- code "active": 'active' from "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes"
- code "managed care policy": 'MCPOL' from "ActCode"
- code "retiree health program": 'RETIRE' from "ActCode"
- code "subsidized health program": 'SUBSIDIZ' from "ActCode"

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit data to NCQA must provide the following data elements in a specified file.

| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | |
|-----------|-------|---|--|--|
| FollowUp | 12-17 | InitialPopulationByEHR For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | | |
| Remission | 18-44 | InitialPopulationByCaseManagement | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| Response | 45-64 | InitialPopulationByHIERegistry | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| | 65+ | InitialPopulationByAdmin | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| | Total | InitialPopulation | (Sum over SSoRs) | |
| | | ExclusionsByEHR | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| | | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| | | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| | | ExclusionsByAdmin | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| | | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) | |
| | | Denominator | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| | | NumeratorByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification | |
| | | NumeratorByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification | |
| | | NumeratorByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification | |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification | |
| | | Numerator | (Sum over SSoRs) | |
| | | Rate | (Percent) | |

Table DRR-E-1/2: Data Elements for Depression Remission or Response for Adolescents and Adults

| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|-----------|-------|---|--|
| FollowUp | 18-44 | InitialPopulationByEHR For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| Remission | 45-64 | InitialPopulationByCaseManagement | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric |
| Response | 65+ | InitialPopulationByHIERegistry | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric |
| | Total | InitialPopulationByAdmin | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric |
| | | InitialPopulation | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | ExclusionsByEHR | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric |
| | | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric |
| | | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric |
| | | ExclusionsByAdmin | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric |
| | | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Denominator | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric |
| | | NumeratorByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | Numerator | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

Table DRR-E-3: Data Elements for Depression Remission or Response for Adolescents and Adults

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

Depression RemissionDepression Response

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Depression Remission or Response for Adolescents and Adults NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS Adjustments Eligible Population Allowed (Yes/No) Notes Product lines Yes Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. Yes, with limits The age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as Ages of June 30"). Changing the denominator age range is allowed if the limits are within the specified age range (12 years and older). The denominator age may not be expanded. Allocation Yes Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. **Benefits** Using a benefit is not required; adjustments are allowed. Yes Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus Other Yes on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. **CLINICAL COMPONENTS** Adjustments Eligible Population Allowed (Yes/No) Notes Only events or diagnoses that contain (or map to) codes in the value Event/diagnosis No sets may be used to identify visits with a diagnosis. Value sets and logic may not be changed. Denominator Adjustments Exclusions Allowed (Yes/No) Notes Exclusions No Apply exclusions according to specified value sets. Yes The hospice exclusion is not required. Refer to *Exclusions* in the Exclusion: Hospice Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments. Adjustments **Numerator Criteria** Allowed (Yes/No) Notes • PHQ-9 Score No Value sets, direct reference codes and logic may not be changed.

Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening and Follow-Up (ASF-E)*

*Adapted with financial support from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and with permission from the measure developer, the American Medical Association (AMA).

SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR HEDIS MY 2023

- Refer to the Technical Release Notes file in the Digital Measures Package for a comprehensive list of changes.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*

| Description | The percentage of members 18 years of age and older who were screened for unhealthy alcohol use using a standardized instrument and, if screened positive, received appropriate follow-up care. Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening. The percentage of members who had a systematic screening for unhealthy alcohol use. Follow-Up Care on Positive Screen. The percentage of members receiving brief counseling or other follow-up care within 2 months of screening positive for unhealthy alcohol use. | |
|---|---|--|
| Measurement period | January 1–December 31. | |
| Clinical recommendation statement | The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force recommends that clinicians screen adults aged 18 years or older for alcohol misuse and provide brief behavioral counseling interventions to those who misuse alcohol. (B recommendation) | |
| Citations | U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. 2018. "Unhealthy Alcohol Use in Adolescents and Adults: Screening and Behavioral Counseling Interventions." JAMA 320(18):1899–1909. DOI:10.1001/jama.2018.16789. | |
| Characteristics | | |
| Scoring | Proportion. | |
| Туре | Process. | |
| Stratification | Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicare. Age (as of the start of the measurement period, for each product line): 18–44 years. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. | |

| Follow-Up on Care Positive Screen. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicare. Age (as of the start of the measurement period, for each product line): 18–44 years. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. | | |
|--|--|--|
| None. | | |
| A higher rate indicates better performance. | | |
| Allocation: The member was enrolled with a medical benefit to period. | throughout the participation | |
| When identifying members in hospice, the requirements described in <i>General Guideline 15</i> for identification of hospice members using the monthly membership detail data files are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | | |
| Reporting: The total is the sum of the age stratifications. | | |
| Product line stratifications are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | | |
| | | |
| The identifiers and descriptors for each organization's coverage used to define members' eligibility for measure reporting. Allocation for reporting is based on eligibility during the participation period. | | |
| The measurement period. | | |
| A standard assessment instrument that has been normalized and validated for the adult patient population. Eligible screening instruments with thresholds for positive findings include: | | |
| Screening Instrument Positive Finding | | |
| Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test (AUDIT) screening instrument | Total score ≥8 | |
| Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test Consumption (AUDIT-C) screening instrumentTotal score ≥4 for men Total score ≥3 for women | | |
| | Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicare. Age (as of the start of the measurement period. 18–44 years. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. None. A higher rate indicates better performance. Allocation: The member was enrolled with a medical benefit the period. When identifying members in hospice, the require <i>Guideline 15</i> for identification of hospice members membership detail data files are not included in the and need to be programmed manually. Reporting: The total is the sum of the age stratifications. Product line stratifications are not included in the need to be programmed manually. The identifiers and descriptors for each organizati members' eligibility for measure reporting. Allocat eligibility during the participation period. The measurement period. A standard assessment instrument that has been the adult patient population. Eligible screening instrument here adult patient population. Eligible screening instrument Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test (AUDIT) screening instrument | |

| | Screening Instrument | Positive Finding | |
|---|--|---|--|
| | Single-question screen: "How many times in the past year have you had 5 (for men) or 4 (for women and all adults older than 65 years) or more drinks in a day?" | Total score ≥1 | |
| Alcohol Counseling or Other Follow-Up Care Any of the following on or up to 60 days after the first positive screen Feedback on alcohol use and harms. Identification of high-risk situations for drinking and coping strategies. Increase the motivation to reduce drinking. Development of a personal plan to reduce drinking. Documentation of receiving alcohol misuse treatment. | | ing and coping strategies. Irinking. | |
| Initial population | Initial population 1 Members 18 years and older at the start of the measurement period who also meet criteria for participation. | | |
| | Initial population 2 Same as the initial population 1. | | |
| Exclusions | Exclusions 1 Members with alcohol use disorder that starts during the year prior to the measurement period. Members with history of dementia any time during the member's history through the end of the measurement period. Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement period. Exclusions 2 Same as exclusions 1. | | |
| Denominator | Denominator 1 The initial population, minus exclusions. Denominator 2 | | |
| | All members in numerator 1 with a positive finding for unhealthy alcohol use screening between January 1 and November 1 of the measurement period. | | |
| Numerator | Numerator 1—Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening Members with a documented result for unhealthy alcohol use screening performed between January 1 and November 1 of the measurement period. | | |
| | Numerator 2—Follow-Up Care on Positive Screen Members receiving alcohol counseling or other follow-up care on or up to 60 days after the date of the first positive screen (61 days total). | | |

Data criteria (element level)

Value Sets:

- ASFE_HEDIS_MY2023-2.0.0
 - Alcohol Counseling or Other Follow Up Care
 - (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1437)
 - Alcohol Use Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1339)
 - Dementia (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1074)

• NCQA_Hospice-2.0.0

- Hospice Encounter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1761)
- Hospice Intervention (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1762)

Direct reference codes and codesystems:

• ASFE_HEDIS_MY2023-2.0.0

- codesystem "ICD-10-CM": 'http://hI7.org/fhir/sid/icd-10-cm'
- codesystem "LOINC": 'http://loinc.org'
- code "Alcohol abuse counseling and surveillance of alcoholic": 'Z71.41' from "ICD-10-CM" display 'Alcohol abuse counseling and surveillance of alcoholic'
- code "How often have you had five or more drinks in one day during the past year [Reported]": '88037-7' from "LOINC" display 'How often have you had five or more drinks in one day during the past year [Reported]'
- code "How often have you had four or more drinks in one day during the past year [Reported]": '75889-6' from "LOINC" display 'How often have you had four or more drinks in one day during the past year [Reported]'
- code "Total score [AUDIT-C]": '75626-2' from "LOINC" display 'Total score [AUDIT-C]'
- code "Total score [AUDIT]": '75624-7' from "LOINC" display 'Total score [AUDIT]'
- NCQA_Terminology-2.0.0
 - codesystem "ActCode": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/v3-ActCode'
 - codesystem "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/conditionclinical'
 - code "active": 'active' from "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes"
 - code "managed care policy": 'MCPOL' from "ActCode"
 - code "retiree health program": 'RETIRE' from "ActCode"
 - code "subsidized health program": 'SUBSIDIZ' from "ActCode"

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit data to NCQA must provide the following data elements in a specified file.

| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|-----------|-------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Screening | 18-44 | InitialPopulation | For each Metric and Stratification |
| FollowUp | 45-64 | ExclusionsByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | 65+ | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | Total | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | ExclusionsByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Denominator | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | Numerator | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

Table ASF-E-1/2/3: Data Elements for Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening and Follow-Up

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

| Rules for Allowable Adjus | stments of Unhealthy A | Icohol Use Screening and Follow-Up |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| | NONC | LINICAL COMPONENTS |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | The age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). |
| | | Changing the denominator age range is allowed if the limits are within the specified age range (18 years and older). |
| | | Organizations must consult UPSTSF guidelines when considering whether to expand the age ranges outside of the current thresholds. |
| Allocation | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. |
| Benefits | Yes | Using a benefit is not required; adjustments are allowed. |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. |
| | CLIN | NICAL COMPONENTS |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Event/diagnosis | No | Value sets, direct reference codes and logic may not be changed for denominator 2. |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Exclusions | No | Apply exclusions according to specified direct reference codes. |
| Exclusion: Hospice | Yes | The hospice exclusion is not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening | No | Value sets, direct reference codes and logic may not be changed. |
| Counseling Or Other Follow-Up On Positive Screen | | |

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening and Follow-Up

Depression Screening and Follow-Up for Adolescents and Adults (DSF-E)*

*Adapted with financial support from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Refer to the Technical Release Notes file in the Digital Measures Package for a comprehensive list of changes.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*

| Description | The percentage of members 12 years of age and older who were screened for clinical depression using a standardized instrument and, if screened positive, received follow-up care. <i>Depression Screening.</i> The percentage of members who were screened for clinical depression using a standardized instrument. <i>Follow-Up on Positive Screen.</i> The percentage of members who received follow-up care within 30 days of a positive depression screen finding. | |
|---|--|--|
| Measurement period | January 1–December 31. | |
| Clinical recommendation statement | The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) recommends screening for depression among adolescents 12–18 years and the general adult population, including pregnant and postpartum women. (B recommendation) The USPSTF also recommends that screening be implemented with adequate systems in place to ensure accurate diagnosis, effective treatment and appropriate follow-up. (B recommendation) | |
| Citations | U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. 2016. "Screening for Depression in Children and Adolescents: U.S. Preventive Services Task Force Recommendation Statement." <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> 164:360–6. U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. 2016. "Screening for Major Depressive Disorder in Adults: US Preventive Services Task Force Recommendation Statement." <i>Journal of the American Medical Association</i> 315(4):380–7. | |
| Characteristics | | |
| Scoring | Proportion. | |
| Туре | Process. | |

| Stratification | Depression Screening. | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| otratification | Product line: | |
| | Commercial. | |
| | Medicaid. | |
| | Medicare. | |
| | – Age (as of the start of the measurement period, for each product line): | |
| | 12–17 years (for commercial and Medicaid only). | |
| | ■ 18–64 years. | |
| | 65 years and older. | |
| | Follow-Up on Positive Screen. | |
| | – Product line: | |
| | Commercial. | |
| | Medicaid. | |
| | Medicare. | |
| | Age (as of the start of the measurement period, for each product line): | |
| | 12–17 years (for commercial and Medicaid only). | |
| | 18–64 years. | |
| | 65 years and older. | |
| Risk adjustment | None. | |
| Improvement | A higher rate indicates better performance | |
| Improvement notation | A higher rate indicates better performance. | |
| Guidance | Allocation: The member was enrolled with a medical benefit throughout the participation period. | |
| | When identifying members in hospice, the requirements described in <i>General Guideline 15</i> for identification of hospice members using the monthly membership detail data files are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | |
| | Requirements: | |
| | This measure requires the use of an age-appropriate screening instrument. The member's age is used to select the appropriate depression screening instrument. | |
| | • Depression screening captured in health risk assessments or other types of health assessments are allowed if the questions align with a specific instrument that is validated for depression screening. For example, if a health risk assessment includes questions from the PHQ-2, it counts as screening if the member answered the questions and a total score is calculated. | |
| | Reporting: The total is the sum of the age stratifications. | |
| | Product line stratifications are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | |

| Definitions | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|
| Participation | The identifiers and descriptors for each organization's coverage used to define members' eligibility for measure reporting. Allocation for HEDIS reporting is based on eligibility during the participation period. | | |
| Participation period | The measurement period. | | |
| Depression screening instrument | A standard assessment instrument that has been normalized and validated for the appropriate patient population. Eligible screening instruments with thresholds for positive findings include: | | |
| | Instruments for Adolescents (≤17 years) | Positive Finding | |
| | Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9)® | Total score ≥10 | |
| | Patient Health Questionnaire Modified for Teens (PHQ-9M) [®] | Total score ≥10 | |
| | Patient Health Questionnaire-2 (PHQ-2)®1 | Total score ≥3 | |
| | Beck Depression Inventory-Fast Screen (BDI-FS) ^{®1,2} | Total score ≥8 | |
| | Center for Epidemiologic Studies Depression Scale—Revised (CESD-R) | Total score ≥17 | |
| | Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) | Total score ≥10 | |
| | PROMIS Depression | Total score (T Score) ≥60 | |
| | ¹ Brief screening instrument. All other instruments are full-length. ² Proprietary; may be cost or licensing requirement associated with use. | | |
| | Instruments for Adults (18+ years) | Positive Finding | |
| | Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9)® | Total score ≥10 | |
| | Patient Health Questionnaire-2 (PHQ-2)®1 | Total score ≥3 | |
| | Beck Depression Inventory-Fast Screen (BDI-FS) ^{®1,2} | Total score ≥8 | |
| | Beck Depression Inventory (BDI-II) | Total score ≥20 | |
| | Center for Epidemiologic Studies Depression Scale-Revised (CESD-R) | Total score ≥17 | |
| | Duke Anxiety-Depression Scale (DUKE- AD) ^{®2} | Total score ≥30 | |
| | Geriatric Depression Scale Short Form (GDS) ¹ | Total score ≥5 | |
| | Geriatric Depression Scale Long Form (GDS) | Total score ≥10 | |
| | Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) | Total score ≥10 | |

| | Instruments for Adults (18+ years) | Positive Finding | |
|--------------------|--|---------------------------|--|
| | My Mood Monitor (M-3)® | Total score ≥5 | |
| | PROMIS Depression | Total score (T Score) ≥60 | |
| | Clinically Useful Depression Outcome Scale (CUDOS) | Total score ≥31 | |
| | ¹ Brief screening instrument. All other instruments are full-length. ² Proprietary; may be cost or licensing requirement associated with use. | | |
| Initial population | Initial population 1 Members 12 years of age and older at the start of the measurement period who also meet criteria for participation. Initial population 2 | | |
| | Same as the initial population 1. | | |
| Exclusions | Exclusions 1 | | |
| | Members with a history of bipolar disorder any time during the member's history through the end of the year prior to the measurement period. | | |
| | Members with depression that starts during the year prior to the measurement period. | | |
| | Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement period. | | |
| | Exclusions 2 Same as exclusions 1. | | |
| Denominator | Denominator 1 The initial population, minus exclusions. | | |
| | Denominator 2 All members from numerator 1 with a positive depression screen finding between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement period. | | |
| Numerator | Numerator 1—Depression Screening Members with a documented result for depression screening, using an age- appropriate standardized instrument, performed between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement period. | | |
| | Numerator 2—Follow-Up on Positive Screen Members who received follow-up care on or up to 30 days after the date of the first positive screen (31 total days). | | |
| | Any of the following on or up to 30 days after th | e first positive screen: | |
| | An outpatient, telephone, e-visit or virtual diagnosis of depression or other behavior | • | |
| | A depression case management encount for symptoms of depression or a diagnosi behavioral health condition. | | |

| | A behavioral health encounter, including assessment, therapy, collaborative care or medication management. | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | A dispensed antidepressant medication. | | |
| | Documentation of additional depression screening on a full-length instrument indicating either no depression or no symptoms that require follow-up (i.e., a negative screen) on the same day as a positive screen on a brief screening instrument. | | |
| | Note: For example, if there is a positive screen resulting from a PHQ-2 score, documentation of a negative finding from a PHQ-9 performed on the same day qualifies as evidence of follow-up. | | |
| Data criteria (elem | ent level) | | |
| Value Sets: | | | |
| Depression (http://depression (http://depression content/action of the second content/action of the second content/action of the second content o | (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1044) ps://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1390) sorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1399) 2.0.0 | | |
| | nter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1761) ntion (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1762) | | |
| NCQA_Screening | J-1.0.0 | | |
| Antidepressant I | | | |
| Behavioral Heal (https://www.ncc | th Encounter qa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1383) | | |
| | e Management Encounter qa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1389) | | |
| | other Behavioral Health Condition qa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1501) | | |
| Follow Up Visit (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1385) | | | |
| Symptoms of Depression (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.2392) | | | |
| Direct reference co | des and codesystems: | | |
| • DSFE_HEDIS_MY | /2023-2.0.0 | | |
| - | DINC": 'http://loinc.org' | | |
| 'Beck Depressio | code "Beck Depression Inventory Fast Screen total score [BDI]": '89208-3' from "LOINC" display 'Beck Depression Inventory Fast Screen total score [BDI]' | | |
| Depression Inve | ression Inventory II total score [BDI]": '89209-1' from "LOINC" display 'Beck entory II total score [BDI]' | | |
| | FEpidemiologic Studies Depression Scale-Revised total score [CESD-R]": LOINC" display 'Center for Epidemiologic Studies Depression Scale-Revised total ' | | |

- code "Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale [EPDS]": '71354-5' from "LOINC" display 'Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale [EPDS]'
- code "Final score [DUKE-AD]": '90853-3' from "LOINC" display 'Final score [DUKE-AD]'
- code "Geriatric depression scale (GDS) short version total": '48545-8' from "LOINC" display 'Geriatric depression scale (GDS) short version total'
- code "Geriatric depression scale (GDS) total": '48544-1' from "LOINC" display 'Geriatric depression scale (GDS) total'
- code "Patient Health Questionnaire 2 item (PHQ-2) total score [Reported]": '55758-7' from "LOINC" display 'Patient Health Questionnaire 2 item (PHQ-2) total score [Reported]'
- code "Patient Health Questionnaire 9 item (PHQ-9) total score [Reported]": '44261-6' from "LOINC" display 'Patient Health Questionnaire 9 item (PHQ-9) total score [Reported]'
- code "Patient Health Questionnaire-9: Modified for Teens total score [Reported.PHQ.Teen]": '89204-2' from "LOINC" display 'Patient Health Questionnaire-9: Modified for Teens total score [Reported.PHQ.Teen]'
- code "PROMIS-29 Depression score T-score": '71965-8' from "LOINC" display 'PROMIS-29 Depression score T-score'
- code "Total score [CUDOS]": '90221-3' from "LOINC" display 'Total score [CUDOS]'
- code "Total score [M3]": '71777-7' from "LOINC" display 'Total score [M3]'
- NCQA_Screening-1.0.0
 - codesystem "ICD-10-CM": 'http://hl7.org/fhir/sid/icd-10-cm'
 - code "Exercise counseling": 'Z71.82' from "ICD-10-CM" display 'Exercise counseling'
- NCQA_Terminology-2.0.0
 - codesystem "ActCode": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/v3-ActCode'
 - codesystem "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/conditionclinical'
 - code "active": 'active' from "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes"
 - code "managed care policy": 'MCPOL' from "ActCode"
 - code "retiree health program": 'RETIRE' from "ActCode"
 - code "subsidized health program": 'SUBSIDIZ' from "ActCode"

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit data to NCQA must provide the following data elements in a specified file.

| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|-----------|-------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Screening | 12-17 | InitialPopulation | For each Metric and Stratification |
| FollowUp | 18-64 | ExclusionsByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | 65+ | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | Total | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | ExclusionsByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Denominator | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | Numerator | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

| Table DSF-E-1/2: Data Elements for Depression Screen | ing and Follow-I In for Adolosconts and Adults |
|--|--|
| Table DSF-E-1/2. Data Elements for Depression Screen | ing and Follow-Op for Addiescents and Addies |

| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|-----------|-------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Screening | 18-64 | InitialPopulation | For each Metric and Stratification |
| FollowUp | 65+ | ExclusionsByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | Total | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | - | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | ExclusionsByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | Denominator | | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | Numerator | | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Depression Screening and Follow-Up for Adolescents and Adults

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | The age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age 12 during the measurement year). The denominator age may be changed if the range is within the specified age range (12 years and older). The denominator age may not be expanded. |
| Allocation | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. |
| Benefits | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. |
| | CLIN | NICAL COMPONENTS |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Event/diagnosis | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed for Denominator 2. |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Exclusions | No | Apply exclusions according to specified value sets. |
| Exclusion: Hospice | Yes | The hospice exclusion is not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Depression Screening Follow-Up on Positive Screen | No | Value sets, direct reference codes and logic may not be changed. |

MEASURE DEV-CH: DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING IN THE FIRST THREE YEARS OF LIFE

Oregon Health and Sciences University

A. DESCRIPTION

Percentage of children screened for risk of developmental, behavioral, and social delays using a standardized screening tool in the 12 months preceding or on their first, second, or third birthday.

Data Collection Method: Administrative or Hybrid

Guidance for Reporting:

- This measure includes three age-specific indicators assessing whether children are screened before or on their first, second or third birthdays. Four rates, one for each age group and a combined rate, are to be calculated and reported.
- The code 96110 has been shown to have questionable validity in states that do not have policies clarifying the standardized tools meeting the criterion stated in the specification (see Section C).
 - The measure steward recommends that such policies be in place if a state uses the administrative data component of the specifications. It is recommended (although not required) that states assess the accuracy of their claims/encounter data compared to medical charts.
 - For example, a state may conduct a chart review on a sample of records where the CPT code was used to determine whether the developmental screening occurred and whether the tools used met the criteria for a standardized developmental screening.
- When calculating the numerator, modified claims can be included depending on the intent of the modifier:
 - States can explore use of a modifier to indicate that a global developmental screening occurred. For example, Z13.42 can be used to indicate an "Encounter for screening for global developmental delays." Additional guidance on coding is available at:

https://downloads.aap.org/AAP/PDF/coding_factsheet_developmentalscreeningtest ingandEmotionalBehvioraassessment.pdf.

- States should exclude a screening with a modifier if the intent of the modifier is to indicate that only a domain-specific screening occurred.
- Modifiers that indicate that a screening was performed at a certain type of visit can be included.
- To facilitate CMS's understanding of the data reported for this measure, states should use the "Additional Notes/Comments on Measure" section to document whether a medical chart review was conducted to validate the use of the 96110 CPT code for this measure.
- States may calculate this measure using either the administrative specification (which depends on the 96110 CPT code) or the hybrid specification (which does not rely solely on this code).

- More information about the developmental screening tools that meet the measure criteria is available at: <u>https://aap2.silverchair-</u> cdn.com/aap2/content_public/journal/pediatrics/145/1/10.1542_peds.2019-3449/7/peds_20193449supplementarydata.pdf.
- During the development of this measure, it was determined that the ASQ:SE and M-CHAT screening tools were too specific because they screen for a domain-specific condition (social emotional development or autism, respectively), rather than a full, general assessment of developmental delays.
- States should use the "Deviations from Measure Specifications" field to document any deviations from the specifications for this measure.
- The Bright Futures/American Academy of Pediatrics periodicity schedule includes more information about the recommendations for developmental screening and is available at https://downloads.aap.org/AAP/PDF/periodicity_schedule.pdf.

This measure includes the following coding system: CPT. Refer to the Acknowledgments section at the beginning of the manual for copyright information.

| Age | Children age 1, 2, or 3 between January 1 and December 31 of the measurement year. |
|--------------------------|---|
| Continuous enrollment | Children who are enrolled continuously for 12 months prior to the child's 1st, 2nd, or 3rd birthday. |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during the 12 months prior to the child's first, second, or third birthday. To determine continuous enrollment for a beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the beneficiary may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a beneficiary whose coverage lapses for 2 months or 60 days is not considered continuously enrolled). |
| Anchor date | Enrolled on the child's first, second, or third birthday. |
| Benefit | Medical. |
| Event/diagnosis | None. |

B. ELIGIBLE POPULATION

C. GUIDANCE ON DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING TOOLS

Criteria for developmental screening tools used in the measure, as well as example tools that do and do not meet criteria, are included below in Section E.

D. ADMINISTRATIVE SPECIFICATION

Denominator

Denominator 1

The children in the eligible population who turned 1 during the measurement year.

Denominator 2

The children in the eligible population who turned 2 during the measurement year.

Denominator 3

The children in the eligible population who turned 3 during the measurement year.

Denominator 4

All children in the eligible population who turned 1, 2, or 3 during the measurement year, e.g., the sum of denominators 1, 2, and 3.

Numerators

The numerators identify children who were screened for risk of developmental, behavioral, and social delays using a standardized tool. National recommendations call for children to be screened three times in the first three years of life. This measure is based on three, age-specific indicators.

Numerator 1

Children in Denominator 1 who had a claim with CPT code 96110 before or on their first birthday.

Numerator 2

Children in Denominator 2 who had a claim with CPT code 96110 after their first and before or on their second birthdays.

Numerator 3

Children in Denominator 3 who had a claim with CPT code 96110 after their second and before or on their third birthdays.

Numerator 4

Children in the entire eligible population who had claim with CPT code 96110 in the 12 months preceding or on their 1st, 2nd, or 3rd birthday (the sum of numerators 1, 2 and 3).

Claims data

CPT code 96110 (Developmental testing, with interpretation and report)

Important note about appropriate use of claims data

This measure is anchored to standardized tools that meet four criteria specified below in the paragraph beginning with "Tools must meet the following criteria." States that have policies clarifying that standardized tools meeting this criterion must be used to bill for 96110 should be able to report using claims data.

Claims NOT included in this measure

It is important to note that modified 96110 claims should not be included IF the modifier is used to indicate that the screening is for a specific domain of development (for example, social emotional screening via the ASQ-SE or autism screening). This measure is anchored to recommendations focused on global developmental screening using tools that focus on identifying risk for developmental, behavioral, and social delays.

Exclusions

None.

E. MEDICAL RECORD SPECIFICATION

Denominator

A systematic sample of 411 drawn from the eligible population stratified by age.

Denominator 1

137 children from the sample who turned 1 during the measurement year.

Denominator 2

137 children from the sample who turned 2 during the measurement year.

Denominator 3

137 children from the sample who turned 3 during the measurement year.

Denominator 4

The entire sample of 411 children.

Numerators

Numerator 1

Children in Denominator 1 who had screening for risk of developmental, behavioral, and social delays using a standardized screening tool that was documented before or on their first birthday.

Numerator 2

Children in Denominator 2 who had screening for risk of developmental, behavioral, and social delays using a standardized screening tool that was documented after their first and before or on their second birthday.

Numerator 3

Children in Denominator 3 who had screening for risk of developmental, behavioral, and social delays using a standardized screening tool that was documented after their second and before or on their third birthday.

Numerator 4

Children in Denominator 4 who had screening for risk of developmental, behavioral, and social delays using a standardized screening tool that was documented in the 12 months preceding or on their first, second or third birthday (the sum of numerators 1, 2 and 3).

Documentation in the medical record must include all of the following:

- A note indicating the date on which the test was performed, and
- The standardized tool used (see below), and
- Evidence of a screening result or screening score

Tools must meet the following criteria:

- 1. Developmental domains: The following domains must be included in the standardized developmental screening tool: motor (fine and gross), language, cognitive, and social-emotional.
- 2. Established Reliability: Reliability scores of approximately 0.70 or above.

- 3. Established Findings Regarding the Validity: Validity scores for the tool must be approximately 0.70 or above. Measures of validity must be conducted on a significant number of children and using an appropriate standardized developmental or social-emotional assessment instrument(s).
- 4. Established Sensitivity/Specificity: Sensitivity and specificity scores of approximately 0.70 or above.

Example developmental screening tools that meet criteria for the measure

The following tools meet the above criteria and are included in the Bright Futures Recommendations for Preventive Care (<u>https://downloads.aap.org/AAP/PDF/periodicity_schedule.pdf</u>), which reference the updated January 2020 American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) Statement:¹

- Ages and Stages Questionnaire 3rd Edition (ASQ-3)
- Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status (PEDS) Birth to age 8
- Parent's Evaluation of Developmental Status Developmental Milestones (PEDS-DM)
- Survey of Well-Being in Young Children (SWYC)

Note: The 2020 AAP Statement describes the screening tool properties that may be useful for states to consider in designing their policies.

Tools included in the 2006 Statement that meet the above criteria but were not listed in the 2020 Statement (as they often are not used by primary care providers in the context of routine well-child care) include the following:²

- Battelle Developmental Inventory Screening Tool (BDI-ST) Birth to 95 months
- Bayley Infant Neuro-developmental Screen (BINS) 3 months to age 2
- Brigance Screens-II Birth to 90 months
- Child Development Inventory (CDI) 18 months to age 6
- Infant Development Inventory Birth to 18 months

The tools listed above are not specific recommendations but are examples of tools cited in Bright Futures that meet the above criteria.

Tools that do NOT meet the criteria

It is important to note that standardized tools specifically focused on one domain of development (e.g., child's socio-emotional development [ASQ-SE] or autism [M-CHAT]) are not included in the list above as this measure is anchored to recommendations related to global developmental screening using tools that identify risk for developmental, behavioral, and social delays.

¹ Lipkin, Paul H., and Michelle M. Macias. "Promoting optimal development: identifying infants and young children with developmental disorders through developmental surveillance and screening." *Pediatrics*, vol. 145, no. 1, January 1, 2020. https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/145/1/e20193449.

² Bright Futures Steering Committee, and Medical Home Initiatives for Children With Special Needs Project Advisory Committee. "Identifying infants and young children with developmental disorders in the medical home: An algorithm for developmental surveillance and screening." *Pediatrics,* vol. 118, no.1, July 2006, pp. 405-420. https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/118/1/405.

Exclusions

None.

F. CALCULATION ALGORITHM

Step 1

Determine the denominators.

From the total denominator, sort into three age cohorts: children who turned age one, two or three between January 1 and December 31 of the measurement year.

Step 2

Determine the numerators.

For each age cohort, and for the total, identify children who had a screening for developmental, behavioral, and social delays performed before or on their birthday as found through claims data or documented in the medical chart.

Administrative Data: Children for whom a claim of 96110 was submitted for services in the 12 months preceding or on their birthday.

Medical Record Review: Children who had documentation in the medical record of developmental screening using a standardized, validated tool in the 12 months preceding or on their birthday. Documentation must include a note indicating the standardized tool that was used, the date of screening, and evidence that the tool was completed and scored.

Step 3

Calculate the age-specific indicators (ages 1 to 3) by dividing the age-specific numerator by the age-specific denominator and multiplying by 100 to get a percentage.

Step 4

Create the overall measure of screening based on the age-specific numerators and denominators.

Total Numerator: Numerator 1 + Numerator 2 + Numerator 3

Total Denominator: Denominator 1 + Denominator 2 + Denominator 3

Sampling Methodology

If administrative data are used, the entire eligible population is used for the denominator. If using the hybrid method (administrative plus medical record data sources), a systematic sample can be drawn of 411, with 137 in each age group.

G. OPTIONAL AGE-SPECIFIC OVERSAMPLING FOR THE DENOMINATOR

A sample of 411 will provide sufficient statistical power for states reporting a statewide developmental screening rate for children ages 1 to 3. With the smaller age-specific samples, the confidence intervals around the age-specific rates will be larger. Some states may wish to augment the sample in order to monitor screening rates for a particular age group; compare screening rates for a particular age group with that in other states; or look within an age group at subgroups, defined by race/ethnicity, geographic region, or language. For these applications, the age-specific sample of 137 may be insufficient, and the state may need a larger sample to obtain statistically meaningful results. The size of the

sample required depends on the use of the data, so consultation with a statistician is recommended. The following instructions guide the development of an oversample.

The eligible population, from which the original sample was drawn, should be stratified by age, and the age-specific sample drawn from within each stratum. To oversample for any age group, the state should return to the original listing of eligible children in that age group, and continue adding children to the sample until the larger sample is complete. However, to maintain consistency of reporting and avoid having to weight the age groups to calculate the total, the state should only include the first 137 children sampled in the age-specific and total rates reported to CMS.

Eye Exam for Patients With Diabetes (EED)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Added a direct reference code for palliative care.
- Updated the number of occurrences required for the frailty cross-cutting exclusion.
- Added a *Note* to clarify that an eye exam result documented as "unknown" does not meet criteria.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Required exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (types 1 and 2) who had a retinal eye exam.

| Eligible Population | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| Product lines | Commercial, Medicaid, Medicare (report each product line separately). | | |
| Stratification | For Medicare only, report the following S Non-LIS/DE, Nondisability. LIS/DE. Disability. LIS/DE and Disability. Note: The stratifications are mutually exclute the total population. | SES stratifications and total: Other. Unknown. Total Medicare. | |
| Ages | 18–75 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. | | |
| Continuous enrollment | The measurement year. | | |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during the measurement year. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled). | | |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. | | |
| Benefit | Medical. | | |
| Event/diagnosis | There are two ways to identify members and by pharmacy data. The organization eligible population, but a member only n | | |

included in the measure. Members may be identified as having diabetes during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year.

Claim/encounter data. Members who met any of the following criteria during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):

- At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>) without telehealth (<u>Telehealth Modifier Value Set</u>; <u>Telehealth POS Value Set</u>).
- At least one acute inpatient discharge with a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (Inpatient Stay Value Set).
 - 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set).
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
- At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), evisits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED</u> <u>Value Set</u>), nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim), on different dates of service, with a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two encounters. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (Inpatient Stay Value Set).
 - 2. Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim.
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.

Only include nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) *without* telehealth (<u>Telehealth Modifier Value Set</u>; <u>Telehealth POS Value Set</u>).

 Pharmacy data. Members who were dispensed insulin or hypoglycemics/ antihyperglycemics during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (<u>Diabetes Medications List</u>).

Diabetes Medications

| Description | | Prescription | |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Alpha-glucosidase inhibitors | Acarbose | Miglitol | |
| Amylin analogs | Pramlintide | | |
| Antidiabetic combinations | Alogliptin-metformin Alogliptin-pioglitazone Canagliflozin-metformin Dapagliflozin-metformin Dapagliflozin-saxagliptin Empagliflozin-linagliptin Empagliflozin-linagliptin-metformin | Empagliflozin-metformin Ertugliflozin-metformin Ertugliflozin-sitagliptin Glimepiride-pioglitazone Glipizide-metformin Glyburide-metformin | Linagliptin-metformin Metformin-pioglitazone Metformin-repaglinide Metformin-rosiglitazone Metformin-saxagliptin Metformin-sitagliptin |

| Description | | Prescription | |
|--|---|--|---|
| Insulin | Insulin aspart Insulin aspart-insulin aspart protamine Insulin degludec Insulin degludec-liraglutide Insulin detemir Insulin glargine Insulin glargine-lixisenatide | Insulin glulisine Insulin isophane human Insulin isophane-insulin reg Insulin lispro Insulin lispro-insulin lispro Insulin regular human Insulin human inhaled | |
| Meglitinides | Nateglinide | Repaglinide | |
| Glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP1) agonists | Albiglutide Dulaglutide Exenatide | Liraglutide (excluding Sax Lixisenatide Semaglutide | enda®) |
| Sodium glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin (excluding Farxiga[®]) | EmpagliflozinErtugliflozin |
| Sulfonylureas | ChlorpropamideGlimepiride | GlipizideGlyburide | TolazamideTolbutamide |
| Thiazolidinediones | Pioglitazone | Rosiglitazone | |
| Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DDP-4) inhibitors | AlogliptinLinagliptin | SaxagliptinSitagliptin | |

Note: Glucophage/metformin as a solo agent is not included because it is used to treat conditions other than diabetes; members with diabetes on these medications are identified through diagnosis codes only.

| Required exclusions | Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria: Members who did not have a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year <i>and</i> who had a diagnosis of polycystic ovarian syndrome, gestational diabetes or steroid-induced diabetes (<u>Diabetes Exclusions Value Set</u>), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year. |
|------------------------|---|
| | Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice. |
| | Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to General Guideline 16: Deceased Members. |
| | Members receiving palliative care (<u>Palliative Care Assessment Value Set;</u> <u>Palliative Care Encounter Value Set;</u> <u>Palliative Care Intervention Value</u> <u>Set;</u> ICD-10-CM code Z51.5) any time during the measurement year. |

Exclusions Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria:

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions.

- Medicare members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an Institutional SNP (I-SNP) any time during the measurement year.
 - Living long-term in an institution any time during the measurement year as identified by the LTI flag in the Monthly Membership Detail Data File. Use the run date of the file to determine if a member had an LTI flag during the measurement year.
- Members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with frailty *and* advanced illness. Members must meet **BOTH** of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - At least two indications of frailty (<u>Frailty Device Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty</u> <u>Diagnosis Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Symptom</u> <u>Value Set</u>) with different dates of service during the measurement year.
 - 2. Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):
 - At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), e-visits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim) on different dates of service, with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two visits. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim.
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
 - At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>).
 - At least one acute inpatient discharge with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
 - A dispensed dementia medication (<u>Dementia Medications List</u>).

Dementia Medications

| Description | Prescription |
|---|--|
| Cholinesterase inhibitors | Donepezil Galantamine Rivastigmine |
| Miscellaneous central nervous system agents | Memantine |
| Dementia combinations | Donepezil-memantine |

Administrative Specification

| Denominator | The eligible population. |
|-------------|--------------------------|
|-------------|--------------------------|

Numerator Screening or monitoring for diabetic retinal disease as identified by administrative data. This includes diabetics who had one of the following:

- A retinal or dilated eye exam by an eye care professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist) in the measurement year.
- A *negative* retinal or dilated eye exam (negative for retinopathy) by an eye care professional in the year prior to the measurement year.
- Bilateral eye enucleation any time during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year.

Any of the following meet criteria:

- Any code in the <u>Diabetic Retinal Screening Value Set</u> billed by an eye care professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist) during the measurement year.
- Any code in the <u>Diabetic Retinal Screening Value Set</u> billed by an eye care professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist) during the year prior to the measurement year, with a diagnosis of diabetes without complications (<u>Diabetes Mellitus Without Complications Value Set</u>).
- Any code in the <u>Eye Exam With Evidence of Retinopathy Value Set</u>, <u>Eye</u> <u>Exam Without Evidence of Retinopathy Value Set</u> or <u>Automated Eye</u> <u>Exam Value Set</u> billed by any provider type during the measurement year.
- Any code in the Eye Exam Without Evidence of Retinopathy Value Set billed by any provider type during the year prior to the measurement year.
- Any code in the <u>Diabetic Retinal Screening Negative In Prior Year Value</u> <u>Set</u> billed by any provider type during the measurement year.
- Unilateral eye enucleation (<u>Unilateral Eye Enucleation Value Set</u>) with a bilateral modifier (<u>Bilateral Modifier Value Set</u>).
- Two unilateral eye enucleations (<u>Unilateral Eye Enucleation Value Set</u>) with service dates 14 days or more apart. For example, if the service date for the first unilateral eye enucleation was February 1 of the measurement year, the service date for the second unilateral eye enucleation must be on or after February 15.
- Left unilateral eye enucleation (<u>Unilateral Eye Enucleation Left Value Set</u>) and right unilateral eye enucleation (<u>Unilateral Eye Enucleation Right</u> <u>Value Set</u>) on the same or different dates of service.

- A unilateral eye enucleation (<u>Unilateral Eye Enucleation Value Set</u>) and a left unilateral eye enucleation (<u>Unilateral Eye Enucleation Left Value Set</u>) with service dates 14 days or more apart.
- A unilateral eye enucleation (<u>Unilateral Eye Enucleation Value Set</u>) and a right unilateral eye enucleation (<u>Unilateral Eye Enucleation Right Value Set</u>) with service dates 14 days or more apart.

Hybrid Specification

| Denominator | A systematic sample drawn from the eligible population. |
|----------------|--|
| | For Medicare reporting, the denominator for the Total Medicare SES stratification is the entire systematic sample. Do not pull samples for each stratification. The individual stratifications for the denominators and all numerators must sum to the total. |
| | Organizations that use the Hybrid Method to report the Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients With Diabetes (HBD), Eye Exam for Patients With Diabetes (EED) and Blood Pressure Control for Patients With Diabetes (BPD) measures may use the same sample for all three measures. If the same sample is used for the three diabetes measures, the organization must first take the inverse of the HbA1c poor control >9.0% rate (100 minus the HbA1c poor control rate) before reducing the sample. |
| | Organizations may reduce the sample size based on the current year's administrative rate or the prior year's audited, product line-specific rate for the lowest rate of all HBD indicators and EED and BPD measures. |
| | If separate samples are used for the HBD, EED and BPD measures, organizations may reduce the sample based on the product line-specific current measurement year's administrative rate or the prior year's audited, product line- specific rate for the measure. |
| | Refer to the <i>Guidelines for Calculations and Sampling</i> for information on reducing sample size. |
| Numerator | Screening or monitoring for diabetic retinal disease as identified by administrative data or medical record review. This includes diabetics who had one of the following: |
| | A retinal or dilated eye exam by an eye care professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist) in the measurement year. |
| | A negative retinal or dilated exam (negative for retinopathy) by an eye care professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist) in the year prior to the measurement year. |
| | Bilateral eye enucleation any time during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year. |
| Administrative | Refer to Administrative Specification to identify positive numerator hits from administrative data. |

- *Medical record* At a minimum, documentation in the medical record must include one of the following:
 - A note or letter prepared by an ophthalmologist, optometrist, PCP or other health care professional indicating that an ophthalmoscopic exam was completed by an eye care professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist), the date when the procedure was performed and the results.
 - A chart or photograph indicating the date when the fundus photography was performed and one of the following:
 - Evidence that an eye care professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist) reviewed the results.
 - Evidence results were read by a qualified reading center that operates under the direction of a medical director who is a retinal specialist.

Evidence results were read by a system that provides an artificial intelligence (AI) interpretation.

- Evidence that the member had bilateral eye enucleation or acquired absence of both eyes. Look as far back as possible in the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year.
- Documentation of a negative retinal or dilated exam by an eye care professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist) in the year prior to the measurement year, where results indicate retinopathy was not present (e.g., documentation of normal findings).
 - Documentation does not have to state specifically "no diabetic retinopathy" to be considered negative for retinopathy; however, it must be clear that the patient had a dilated or retinal eye exam by an eye care professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist) and that retinopathy was not present. Notation limited to a statement that indicates "diabetes without complications" does not meet criteria.

Note

- Blindness is not an exclusion for a diabetic eye exam because it is difficult to distinguish between individuals who are legally blind but require a retinal exam and those who are completely blind and therefore do not require an exam.
- Hypertensive retinopathy is not handled differently from diabetic retinopathy when reporting this measure; for example, an eye exam documented as positive for hypertensive retinopathy is counted as positive for diabetic retinopathy and an eye exam documented as negative for hypertensive retinopathy is counted as negative for diabetic retinopathy. The intent of this measure is to ensure that members with evidence of any type of retinopathy have an eye exam annually, while members who remain free of retinopathy (i.e., the retinal exam was negative for retinopathy) are screened every other year.
- An eye exam result documented as "unknown" does not meet criteria.

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

 Table EED-1/2: Data Elements for Eye Exam for Patients With Diabetes

| Metric | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|----------|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| EyeExams | CollectionMethod | Report once | ✓ |
| | EligiblePopulation | Report once | \checkmark |
| | ExclusionAdminRequired | Report once | ~ |
| | NumeratorByAdminElig | Report once | |
| | CYAR | (Percent) | |
| | MinReqSampleSize | Report once | |
| | OversampleRate | Report once | |
| | OversampleRecordsNumber | (Count) | |
| | ExclusionValidDataErrors | Report once | |
| | ExclusionEmployeeOrDep | Report once | |
| | OversampleRecsAdded | Report once | |
| | Denominator | Report once | |
| | NumeratorByAdmin | Report once | ✓ |
| | NumeratorByMedicalRecords | Report once | |
| | NumeratorBySupplemental | Report once | ✓ |
| | Rate | (Percent) | ✓ |

| Metric | SES Stratification | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|----------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| EyeExams | NonLisDeNondisability | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Stratification | ✓ |
| | LisDe | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification | ✓ |
| | Disability | ExclusionAdminRequired | For each Stratification | ✓ |
| | LisDeAndDisability | NumeratorByAdminElig | For each Stratification | |
| | Other | CYAR | Only for Total (Percent) | |
| | Unknown | MinReqSampleSize | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | Total | OversampleRate | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | OversampleRecordsNumber | (Count) | |
| | | ExclusionValidDataErrors | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | ExclusionEmployeeOrDep | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | OversampleRecsAdded | Repeat per Stratification | |
| | | Denominator | For each Stratification | |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification | ✓ |
| | | NumeratorByMedicalRecords | For each Stratification | |
| | | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Stratification | ✓ |
| | | Rate | (Percent) | ✓ |

Table EED-3: Data Elements for Eye Exam for Patients With Diabetes

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Eye Exam for Patients With Diabetes

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | Age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). Changing denominator age range is allowed within a specified age range (ages 18–75 years). The denominator age may not be expanded. |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. |
| Benefits | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Event/diagnosis | No | Only events or diagnoses that contain (or map to) codes in the medication lists and value sets may be used to identify visits. Medication lists, value sets and logic may not be changed. |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Required exclusions | Yes, with limits | Apply required exclusions according to specified value sets. The hospice, deceased member and palliative care exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for</i> <i>Allowable Adjustments</i> . |
| Exclusions: I-SNP, LTI, frailty or advanced illness | Yes | These exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Eye Exam for Patients With Diabetes | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. |

Fluoride Varnish

Rhode Island Department of Health

A. DESCRIPTION

The percentage of children who received a fluoride varnish application in primary care in the 12 months preceding their first, second, or third birthday.

Guidance for Reporting:

• This measure includes three age-specific indicators assessing whether children are screened by their first, second or third birthdays. Four rates, one for each age group and a combined rate, are to be calculated and reported.

B. ELIGIBLE POPULATION

| Age | Children who turn 1, 2, or 3 years of age between January 1 and December 31 of the measurement year. | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Continuous Enrollment | Children who are enrolled continuously for 12 months prior to the child's 1^{st} , 2^{nd} , or 3^{rd} birthday | |
| Allowable Gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during the measurement year. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the beneficiary may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (i.e., a beneficiary whose coverage lapses for 2 months or 60 days is not considered continuously enrolled). | |
| Benefit | Medical | |
| Event/Diagnosis | None | |

C. DATA SOURCE

C.1 – Administrative Specifications

Denominator

Denominator 1: The children in the eligible population who turned 1 during the measurement year.

Denominator 2: The children in the eligible population who turned 2 during the measurement year.

Denominator 3: The children in the eligible population who turned 3 during the measurement year.

Denominator 4: All children in the eligible population who turned 1, 2, or 3 during the measurement year, i.e., the sum of denominators 1, 2, and 3.

Numerators

The numerators identify children who received a fluoride varnish application by a medical practice. National recommendations call for application among young children. The measure is based on three, age-specific indicators.

Numerator 1: Children in Denominator 1 who had a claim with CPT code 99188 or CDT code D1206 billed by a medical practice by their first birthday.

Numerator 2: Children in Denominator 2 who had a claim with CPT code 99188 or CDT code D1206 billed by a medical practice after their first and before or on their second birthdays.

Numerator 3: Children in Denominator 3 who had a claim with CPT code 99188 or CDT code D1206 billed by a medical practice after their second and before or on their third birthdays.

Numerator 4: Children in the entire eligible population who had claim with CPT code 99188 or CDT code D1206 billed by a medical practice in the 12 months preceding their 1st, 2nd, or 3rd birthday (the sum of numerators 1, 2 and 3).

Claims data: CPT code 99188 (application of topical fluoride varnish by a physician or other qualified health care professional) or CDT code D1206 (topical application of fluoride varnish) when billed by a medical practice.

C.2 – Medical Record Specifications

Denominator

A systematic sample of 411 drawn from the eligible population stratified by age.

Denominator 1: 137 children from the sample who turned 1 during the measurement year.

Denominator 2: 137 children from the sample who turned 2 during the measurement year.

Denominator 3: 137 children from the sample who turned 3 during the measurement year.

Denominator 4: The entire sample of 411 children.

Numerators

Numerator 1: Children in Denominator 1 who had received a fluoride varnish application that was documented by their first birthday

Numerator 2: Children in Denominator 2 who had received a fluoride varnish application that was documented after their first and before or on their second birthday

Numerator 3: Children in Denominator 3 who received a fluoride varnish application that was documented after their second and before or on their third birthday

Numerator 4: Children in Denominator 4 who had received a fluoride varnish application that was documented in the 12 months preceding their first, second or third birthday (the sum of numerators 1, 2 and 3).

Documentation in the medical record must include <u>all</u> of the following:

- A note indicating the date on which the test was performed, and
- Evidence of a fluoride varnish application

D. EXCLUSIONS

None.

E. CALCULATION ALGORITHM

Step 1:

Determine the denominators.

From the total denominator, sort into three age cohorts: children who turned one, two or three years of age between January 1 and December 31 of the measurement year.

Step 2:

Determine the numerators.

For each age cohort, and for the total, identify children who had received a fluoride varnish application by their birthday as found through claims data or documented in the medical chart.

Claims Data:

Children for whom a claim of 99188 or D1206 billed by a medical practice was submitted for services in the 12 months preceding their birthday.

Medical Record:

Children who had documentation in the medical record of receiving a fluoride varnish application, validated tool in the 12 months preceding their birthday.

Documentation must include the date of screening and evidence that the fluoride varnish application was completed.

Step 3:

Calculate the age-specific indicators (ages 1 to 3) by dividing the age-specific numerator by the age-specific denominator and multiplying by 100 to get a percentage.

Step 4: Create the overall measure of screening based on the age-specific numerators and denominators.

Total Numerator: Numerator 1 + Numerator 2 + Numerator 3

Total Denominator: Denominator 1 + Denominator 2 + Denominator 3

Sampling Methodology

If administrative data are used, the entire eligible population is used for the denominator. If using the hybrid method (administrative plus medical record data sources), a systematic sample can be drawn of 411, with 137 in each age group.

F. OPTIONAL AGE-SPECIFIC OVERSAMPLING FOR THE DENOMINATOR

A sample of 411 will provide sufficient statistical power for states reporting a state-wide developmental screening rate for children ages 1 to 3. With the smaller age-specific samples, the confidence intervals around the age-specific rates will be larger. Because states will want to use this measure to improve screening rates, age-specific rates may help states to target their efforts. Some states may wish to augment the sample in order to monitor screening rates for a particular age group; compare screening rates for a particular age group with that in other states; or look within an age group at subgroups, defined by race/ethnicity, geographic region, or language. For these applications, the age-specific sample of 137 maybe insufficient, and the state may need a larger sample to obtain statistically meaningful results. The size of the sample required depends on the use of the data, so consultation with a statistician is recommended. The following instructions guide the development of an oversample.

The eligible population, from which the original sample was drawn, should be stratified by age, and the age-specific sample drawn from within each stratum. To oversample for any age group, the state should return to the original listing of eligible children in that age group, and continue adding children to the sample until the larger sample is complete. However, in order to maintain consistency of reporting and avoid having to weight the age groups to calculate the total, the state should only include the first 137 children sampled in the age-specific and total rates.



Appendix B: Health Equity (Race, Ethnicity, and Language (REL) Measure

Background

OHIC's Aligned Measure Sets include three *Health Equity Measures* that stratify measure performance by REL. OHIC prioritized stratification of measures that have evidence of disparities in performance by REL in Rhode Island and that are required to be stratified for reporting to the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). The *Health Equity (REL) Measures* will initially focus on stratifying performance by race, ethnicity, and language to encourage providers to collect REL data and use REL data to stratify measure performance. OHIC aims to include *Health Equity (REL) Measures* focused on reducing disparities in performance in the future once provider organizations have more robust and more experience with REL data.

These guidelines for *Health Equity (REL) Measure* implementation are a modified version of RI EOHHS' guidelines. RI EOHHS first adopted an RELD Measure for its Accountable Entity (AE) program for 2022 (see: <u>https://eohhs.ri.gov/initiatives/accountable-entities/resource-documents</u>).

Description

The performance for each of the following measures, stratified by race, ethnicity, and language (REL):

- ACO/Primary Care Health Equity (REL) Measure (Menu):
 - Controlling High Blood Pressure
 - o Developmental Screening in the First Three Years of Life
 - Eye Exam for Patients with Diabetes
 - Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients with Diabetes: HbA1c Control (< 8.0%)
- Maternity Care Health Equity (REL) Measure (Menu):
 - o Behavioral Health Risk Assessment Screenings
 - Prenatal and Postpartum Care: Postpartum Care
 - o Prenatal and Postpartum Care: Timeliness of Prenatal Care
- Acute Care Hospital Health Equity (REL) Measure (On Deck):
 - Hospital-wide Readmit

General Guidelines

| Organizations | Providers should use their own EHR-based clinical data, patient age and | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Responsible and Data | sex data and REL data to report stratified performance for all measures. | |
| Source Used for | | |
| Reporting | | |
| Performance | | |
| Data Completeness Threshold | There is no REL data completeness threshold for reporting performance stratified by REL. Organizations should report on all patients for whom they have REL data. | |
| Required REL Reporting Categories | Providers can use any framework to <i>collect</i> REL data but should <i>report</i> stratified performance using the following framework. | |
| | <i>For race</i> : Providers should use the following race categories proposed by NCQA for reporting stratified performance on select HEDIS measures for 2023: | |
| | White | |
| | Black | |
| | American Indian/Alaska Native | |



| | Asian |
|----------------|--|
| | Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander |
| | Some Other Race |
| | Two or More Races |
| | Declined |
| | Unknown |
| | |
| | For ethnicity: Providers should use the following ethnicity categories proposed by NCQA for reporting stratified performance on select HEDIS measures for 2023: Hispanic/Latino Not Hispanic/Latino Declined Unknown |
| | Please refer to the " <u>Crosswalk of Race/Ethnicity Reporting Categories</u> " section to see how commonly used frameworks for collecting race and ethnicity data map onto the categories providers should use when reporting stratified performance. |
| | For language : Use at least the following language categories (providers can use additional languages if they prefer). Health Level Seven Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (HL-7 FHIR) codes used in the US, when available, are included in parentheses. ¹ If there is no US-based HL-7 FHIR code available, use the UK-based HL-7 FHIR code denoted with an asterisk (*). ² |
| | English (en) |
| | • Spanish (es) |
| | Portuguese (pt) |
| | Other |
| | Unknown |
| | Note : Each of the categories within each race, ethnicity, and language status stratification are mutually exclusive. Therefore, the sum of all stratifications should equal the total population (e.g., the sum of all nine race stratifications should equal the total population). |
| Measure | Providers can use the following sources to report performance for the |
| Specifications | Health Equity (REL) Measure: |
| | • the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality ³ for: |
| | Behavioral Health Risk Assessment |
| | CMS' 2023 Core Set of Children's Health Care Quality Measures for Madianid and CLUD4 for |
| | for Medicaid and CHIP ⁴ for: |
| | Developmental Screening in the First Three Years of Life CMS 2022 COM aposition for Eligible Preferences (Fligible |
| | CMS 2023 eCQM specifications for Eligible Professionals / Eligible |

¹ A full list of HL-7 FHIR common language codes used in the US can be found here: <u>https://www.hl7.org/fhir/valueset-languages.html#definition</u>.

² A full list of HL-7 FHIR common language codes used in the UK can be found here:

https://simplifier.net/guide/ukcoredevelopment/codesystemukcore-humanlanguage.

³ See: <u>https://www.ahrq.gov/sites/default/files/wysiwyg/policymakers/chipra/factsheets/0085behavior.pdf</u>.

⁴ See: <u>https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/quality-of-care/performance-measurement/adult-and-child-health-care-quality-measures/child-core-set-reporting-resources/index.html</u>.



| | Clinicians⁵, which are designed for reporting by provider organizations for: Controlling High Blood Pressure Eye Exam for Patients with Diabetes Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients with Diabetes: HbA1c Control (< 8.0%) (adapted for reporting HbA1c Control (<8.0%) as the specifications are written for HbA1c Poor Control (>9.0%) CMS' Hospital Inpatient Readmission Measures for 2023⁶ Hospital-Wide Readmit NCQA's HEDIS specifications for MY2023 (adapted for provider reporting using the Allowable Adjustments)⁷ for: Prenatal and Postpartum Care |
|------------------|---|
| Sample Reporting | REL Measure |
| Template | Reporting Template |

⁵ See: https://ecqi.healthit.gov/ep-ec?qt-tabs_ep=1&globalyearfilter=2023.
⁶ See: <u>https://qualitynet.cms.gov/inpatient/measures/readmission/methodology</u>.
⁷ See: <u>https://www.ncqa.org/hedis/measures/</u>.



Crosswalk of Race/Ethnicity Reporting Categories

Crosswalk of Race/Ethnicity Categories

| National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) Categories ⁸ | Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Categories ⁹ | Health Resources & Services Administration (HRSA) Uniform Data System (UDS) Categories ¹⁰ |
|---|--|---|
| White | White | White |
| Black | Black or African American | Black/African American |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | American Indian or Alaska Native | American Indian/Alaska Native |
| Asian | Asian | Asian |
| Native Hawaiian and Other | Native Hawaiian and Other | Native Hawaiian |
| Pacific Islander | Pacific Islander | Other Pacific Islander |
| Hispanic/Latino | Hispanic or Latino | Hispanic/Latino |
| Not Hispanic/Latino | Non-Hispanic or Latino | Non-Hispanic/Latino |
| Unknown | Unknown | Uproported/Pofused to Poport |
| Declined | Asked but No Answer | Unreported/Refused to Report |
| Some Other Race | N/A | N/A |
| Two or More Races | N/A* | More than One Race |

*OMB allows individuals to select more than one of the five race categories.

⁸ Source: NCQA's Proposed Changes to Existing Measures for HEDIS MY 2022: Introduction of Race and Ethnicity Stratification Into Select HEDIS Measures. <u>https://www.ncqa.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/02.-</u><u>Health-Equity.pdf</u>.

⁹ Source: CMS' Inventory of Resources for Standardized Demographic and Language Data Collection. <u>https://www.cms.gov/about-cms/agency-information/omh/downloads/data-collection-resources.pdf</u>.

¹⁰ Source: HRSA's Uniform Data System 2021 Health Center Data Reporting Requirements. https://data.hrsa.gov/tools/data-reporting/program-data/state/LA/table?tableName=7.

Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients With Diabetes (HBD)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Added a direct reference code for palliative care.
- Updated the number of occurrences required for the frailty cross-cutting exclusion.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Required exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (types 1 and 2) whose hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) was at the following levels during the measurement year:

- HbA1c Control (<8.0%).
- HbA1c Poor Control (>9.0%).

Note: Organizations must use the same data collection method (Administrative or Hybrid) to report these indicators.

| Eligible Population | |
|---------------------|--|
| Product lines | Commercial, Medicaid, Medicare (report each product line separately). |
| Stratification | For each product line, report the following stratifications by race and total, and stratifications by ethnicity and total: |
| | • <i>Race:</i> – White. |
| | Black or African American. |
| | American Indian or Alaska Native. |
| | – Asian. |
| | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. |
| | Some Other Race. |
| | Two or More Races. |
| | Asked but No Answer. |
| | – Unknown. |
| | – Total. |
| | Ethnicity: |
| | – Hispanic or Latino. |
| | – Not Hispanic or Latino. |
| | – Asked but No Answer. |
| | – Unknown. |
| | |

Total.

Note: Stratifications are mutually exclusive and the sum of all categories in each stratification is the total population.

Ages 18–75 years as of December 31 of the measurement year.

Continuous The measurement year. enrollment

- Allowable gap No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during the measurement year. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled).
- Anchor date December 31 of the measurement year.

Benefit Medical.

Event/diagnosis There are two ways to identify members with diabetes: by claim/encounter data and by pharmacy data. The organization must use both methods to identify the eligible population, but a member only needs to be identified by one method to be included in the measure. Members may be identified as having diabetes during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year.

Claim/encounter data. Members who met any of the following criteria during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):

- At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>) without telehealth (<u>Telehealth Modifier Value Set</u>; <u>Telehealth POS Value Set</u>).
- At least one acute inpatient discharge with a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set).
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
- At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), evisits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED</u> <u>Value Set</u>), nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim), on different dates of service, with a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two encounters. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 2. Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim.

3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.

Only include nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) *without* telehealth (<u>Telehealth Modifier Value Set</u>; <u>Telehealth POS Value Set</u>).

Pharmacy data. Members who were dispensed insulin or hypoglycemics/ antihyperglycemics during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (<u>Diabetes Medications List</u>).

Diabetes Medications

| Description | | Prescription |
|--|--|---|
| Alpha-glucosidase inhibitors | Acarbose | Miglitol |
| Amylin analogs | Pramlintide | |
| Antidiabetic combinations | Alogliptin-metformin Alogliptin-pioglitazone Canagliflozin-metformin Dapagliflozin-metformin Dapagliflozin-saxagliptin Empagliflozin-linagliptin Empagliflozin-linagliptin-metformin | Empagliflozin-metformin Ertugliflozin-metformin Ertugliflozin-sitagliptin Glimepiride-pioglitazone Glipizide-metformin Glyburide-metformin Metformin-rosiglitazone Metformin-rosiglitazone Metformin-sitagliptin Metformin-sitagliptin |
| Insulin | Insulin aspart Insulin aspart-insulin aspart protamine Insulin degludec Insulin degludec-liraglutide Insulin detemir Insulin glargine Insulin glargine-lixisenatide | Insulin glulisine Insulin isophane human Insulin isophane-insulin regular Insulin lispro Insulin lispro-insulin lispro protamine Insulin regular human Insulin human inhaled |
| Meglitinides | Nateglinide | • Repaglinide |
| Glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP1) agonists | AlbiglutideDulaglutideExenatide | Liraglutide (excluding Saxenda[®]) Lixisenatide Semaglutide |
| Sodium glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor | Canagliflozin Dapagliflozin (excluding Farxiga[®]) | ErtugliflozinEmpagliflozin |
| Sulfonylureas | Chlorpropamide Glimepiride | GlipizideGlyburideTolbutamide |
| Thiazolidinediones | Pioglitazone | Rosiglitazone |
| Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DDP- 4) inhibitors | Alogliptin Linagliptin | SaxagliptinSitagliptin |

Note: Glucophage/metformin as a solo agent is not included because it is used to treat conditions other than diabetes; members with diabetes on these medications are identified through diagnosis codes only.

| Required exclusions | Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria: Members who did not have a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year <i>and</i> who had a diagnosis of polycystic ovarian syndrome, gestational diabetes or steroid-induced diabetes (<u>Diabetes Exclusions Value Set</u>), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year. Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to <i>General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice</i>. Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to <i>General Guideline 16: Deceased Members</i>. Members receiving palliative care (<u>Palliative Care Assessment Value Set</u>; <u>Palliative Care Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Palliative Care Intervention Value</u> |
|------------------------|--|
| | <u>Set;</u> ICD-10-CM code Z51.5) any time during the measurement year. |
| Exclusions | Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria: |
| | Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions. |
| | Medicare members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following: |
| | Enrolled in an Institutional SNP (I-SNP) any time during the measurement year. |
| | Living long-term in an institution any time during the measurement year as identified by the LTI flag in the Monthly Membership Detail Data File. Use the run date of the file to determine if a member had an LTI flag during the measurement year. |
| | Members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with frailty <i>and</i> advanced illness. Members must meet BOTH of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded: |
| | At least two indications of frailty (<u>Frailty Device Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty</u> <u>Diagnosis Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Symptom</u> <u>Value Set</u>) with different dates of service during the measurement year. |
| | Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years): |
| | At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), e-visits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim) on different dates of service, with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two visits. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge: 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>). 2. Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim. |

- Identify the discharge date for the stay.
- At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>).
- At least one acute inpatient discharge with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
- A dispensed dementia medication (Dementia Medications List).

Dementia Medications

| Description | Prescription | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Cholinesterase inhibitors | Donepezil Galantamine Rivastigmine | | |
| Miscellaneous central nervous system agents | Memantine | | |
| Dementia combinations | Donepezil-memantine | | |

Administrative Specification

Denominator The eligible population.

Numerators

HbA1c Control Use codes (HbA1c Lab Test Value Set; HbA1c Test Result or Finding Value
 <8% Set) to identify the most recent HbA1c test during the measurement year. The member is numerator compliant if the most recent HbA1c level is <8.0%. The member is not numerator compliant if the result for the most recent HbA1c test is ≥8.0% or is missing a result, or if an HbA1c test was not done during the measurement year.

Organizations that use CPT Category II codes to identify numerator compliance for this indicator must search for all codes in the following value sets and use the most recent code during the measurement year to evaluate whether the member is numerator compliant.

| Value Set | Numerator Compliance |
|---|----------------------|
| HbA1c Level Less Than 7.0 Value Set | Compliant |
| HbA1c Level Greater Than or Equal To 7.0 and Less Than 8.0 Value Set | Compliant |
| HbA1c Level Greater Than or Equal To 8.0 and Less Than or Equal To 9.0 Value Set | Not compliant |
| HbA1c Level Greater Than 9.0 Value Set | Not compliant |

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HbA1c Poor
 Use codes (<u>HbA1c Lab Test Value Set</u>; <u>HbA1c Test Result or Finding Value Set</u>) to identify the *most recent* HbA1c test during the measurement year. The member is numerator compliant if the most recent HbA1c level is >9.0% or is missing a result, or if an HbA1c test was not done during the measurement year. The member is not numerator compliant if the result for the most recent HbA1c test during the measurement year. The member is not numerator compliant if the result for the most recent HbA1c

Organizations that use CPT Category II codes to identify numerator compliance for this indicator must search for all codes in the following value sets and use the most recent code during the measurement year to evaluate whether the member is numerator compliant.

| Value Set | Numerator Compliance |
|---|----------------------|
| HbA1c Level Less Than 7.0 Value Set | Not compliant |
| HbA1c Level Greater Than or Equal To 7.0 and Less Than 8.0 Value Set | Not compliant |
| HbA1c Level Greater Than or Equal To 8.0 and Less Than or Equal To 9.0 Value Set | Not compliant |
| HbA1c Level Greater Than 9.0 Value Set | Compliant |

Note: A lower rate indicates better performance for this indicator (i.e., low rates of poor control indicate better care).

Hybrid Specification

Denominator A systematic sample drawn from the eligible population.

Organizations that use the Hybrid Method to report the Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients With Diabetes (HBD), Eye Exam for Patients With Diabetes (EED) and Blood Pressure Control for Patients With Diabetes (BPD) measures may use the same sample for all three measures. If the same sample is used for the three diabetes measures, the organization must first take the inverse of the HbA1c poor control >9.0% rate (100 minus the HbA1c poor control rate) before reducing the sample.

Organizations may reduce the sample size based on the current year's administrative rate or the prior year's audited, product line-specific rate for the lowest rate of all HBD indicators and EED and BPD measures.

If separate samples are used for the HBD, EED and BPD measures, organizations may reduce the sample based on the product line-specific current measurement year's administrative rate or the prior year's audited, product linespecific rate for the measure.

Refer to the *Guidelines for Calculations and Sampling* for information on reducing sample size.

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| Numerators | |
|---------------------------|--|
| HbA1c Control <8% | The <i>most recent</i> HbA1c level (performed during the measurement year) is <8.0% as identified by laboratory data or medical record review. |
| <u>Administrative</u> | Refer to Administrative Specification to identify positive numerator hits from administrative data. |
| <u>Medical record</u> | At a minimum, documentation in the medical record must include a note indicating the date when the HbA1c test was performed and the result. The member is numerator compliant if the most recent HbA1c level during the measurement year is <8.0%. The member is not numerator compliant if the result for the most recent HbA1c level during the measurement year is ≥8.0% or is missing, or if an HbA1c test was not performed during the measurement year. |
| | Ranges and thresholds do not meet criteria for this indicator. A distinct numeric result is required for numerator compliance. |
| HbA1c Poor Control >9% | The <i>most recent</i> HbA1c level (performed during the measurement year) is >9.0% or is missing, or was not done during the measurement year, as documented through laboratory data or medical record review. |
| | Note: A lower rate indicates better performance for this indicator (i.e., low rates of poor control indicate better care). |
| <u>Administrative</u> | Refer to Administrative Specification to identify positive numerator hits from administrative data. |
| <u>Medical record</u> | At a minimum, documentation in the medical record must include a note indicating the date when the HbA1c test was performed and the result. The member is numerator compliant if the result for the most recent HbA1c level during the measurement year is >9.0% or is missing, or if an HbA1c test was not done during the measurement year. The member is not numerator compliant if the most recent HbA1c level during the measurement year. |
| | Ranges and thresholds do not meet criteria for this indicator. A distinct numeric result is required for numerator compliance. |
| lote | |

- Note
- If a combination of administrative, supplemental or hybrid data are used, the most recent HbA1c result must be used, regardless of data source.

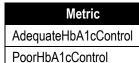
Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

| Metric | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| AdequateHbA1cControl | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Metric | ✓ |
| PoorHbA1cControl | EligiblePopulation* | For each Metric | ✓ |
| | ExclusionAdminRequired* | For each Metric | ✓ |
| | NumeratorByAdminElig | For each Metric | |
| | CYAR | (Percent) | |
| | MinReqSampleSize | Repeat per Metric | |
| | OversampleRate | Repeat per Metric | |
| | OversampleRecordsNumber | (Count) | |
| | ExclusionValidDataErrors | Repeat per Metric | |
| | ExclusionEmployeeOrDep | Repeat per Metric | |
| | OversampleRecsAdded | Repeat per Metric | |
| | Denominator | Repeat per Metric | |
| | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Metric | ✓ |
| | NumeratorByMedicalRecords | For each Metric | |
| | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Metric | ✓ |
| | Rate | (Percent) | \checkmark |

Table HBD-A-1/2/3: Data Elements for Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients With Diabetes

Table HBD-B-1/2/3: Data Elements for Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients With Diabetes: Stratifications by Race



| Race | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|--|--------------|
| White | Direct | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Metric and Stratification | \checkmark |
| BlackOrAfricanAmerican | Indirect | EligiblePopulation* | For each Metric and Stratification | \checkmark |
| AmericanIndianOrAlaskaNative | Total | Denominator | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| Asian | | Numerator | For each Metric and Stratification | \checkmark |
| NativeHawaiianOrOtherPacificIslander | | Rate | (Percent) | \checkmark |
| SomeOtherRace | | | | |
| TwoOrMoreRaces | | | | |
| AskedButNoAnswer** | | | | |
| Unknown*** | | | | |

Table HBD-C-1/2/3: Data Elements for Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients With Diabetes: Stratifications by Ethnicity

| Metric |
|----------------------|
| AdequateHbA1cControl |
| PoorHbA1cControl |

| Ethnicity | Source | Data Element Reporting Instructions | | Α |
|---------------------|----------|--|--|---|
| HispanicOrLatino | Direct | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Metric and Stratification | ~ |
| NotHispanicOrLatino | Indirect | EligiblePopulation* | igiblePopulation* For each Metric and Stratification | |
| AskedButNoAnswer** | Total | Denominator For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | | |
| Unknown*** | | Numerator | For each Metric and Stratification | ✓ |
| | - | Rate | (Percent) | ✓ |

*Repeat the EligiblePopulation and ExclusionAdminRequired values for metrics using the Administrative Method.

**AskedButNoAnswer is only reported for Source='Direct.'

***Unknown is only reported for Source='Indirect.'

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients With Diabetes

| | NONCL | INICAL COMPONENTS | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Eligible Population Allowed (Yes/No) Notes | | | | | |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. | | | | |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | Age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). Changing denominator age range is allowed within a specified age range (ages 18–75 years). The denominator age may not be expanded. | | | | |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. | | | | |
| Benefits | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. | | | | |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. | | | | |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS | | | | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | | | | |
| Event/diagnosis | No | Only events or diagnoses that contain (or map to) codes in the medication lists and value sets may be used to identify visits. Medication lists, value sets and logic may not be changed. | | | | |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | | | | |
| Required exclusions | Yes, with limits | Apply required exclusions according to specified value sets. The hospice, deceased member and palliative care exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for</i> <i>Allowable Adjustments</i> . | | | | |
| Exclusions: I-SNP, LTI, frailty or advanced illness | Yes | These exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . | | | | |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | | | | |
| HbA1c Control (<8.0%) HbA1c Poor Control (>9.0%) | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. | | | | |

Immunizations for Adolescents (IMA)*

*Adapted with financial support from the Centers for Disease Control & Prevention (CDC).

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Added instructions to report rates stratified by race and ethnicity for each product line.
- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Added new data elements tables for race and ethnicity stratification reporting.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Required exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of adolescents 13 years of age who had one dose of meningococcal vaccine, one tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis (Tdap) vaccine, and have completed the human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine series by their 13th birthday. The measure calculates a rate for each vaccine and two combination rates.

Eligible Population

| Product lines | Commercial, Medicaid (report each product line separately). |
|-----------------|--|
| Stratifications | For each product line, report the following stratifications by race and total, and stratifications by ethnicity and total: |
| | Race: |
| | – White. |
| | Black or African American. |
| | – American Indian or Alaska Native. |
| | – Asian. |
| | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. |
| | Some Other Race. |
| | Two or More Races. |
| | Asked but No Answer. |
| | – Unknown. |
| | – Total. |
| | Ethnicity: |
| | Hispanic or Latino. |
| | Not Hispanic or Latino. |
| | Asked but No Answer. |
| | – Unknown. |
| | – Total. |
| | |

Note: Stratifications are mutually exclusive and the sum of all categories in each stratification is the total population.

- Age Adolescents who turn 13 years of age during the measurement year.
- **Continuous** 12 months prior to the member's 13th birthday.
- Allowable gap No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during the 12 months prior to the 13th birthday. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not continuously enrolled).
- Anchor date Enrolled on the member's 13th birthday.

| Benefit | Medical. |
|------------------------|---|
| Event/diagnosis | None. |
| Required exclusions | Exclude members who meet either of the following criteria: |
| | Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice. |
| | Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to |

General Guideline 16: Deceased Members.

Denominator The eligible population.

Numerators

enrollment

Meningococcal Either of the following meets criteria:

- Serogroups A, C, W, Y
 At least one meningococcal serogroups A, C, W, Y vaccine (Meningococcal Immunization Value Set; Meningococcal Vaccine Procedure Value Set), with a date of service on or between the member's 11th and 13th birthdays.
 - Anaphylaxis due to the meningococcal vaccine (SNOMED CT code 428301000124106) any time on or before the member's 13th birthday.
 - *Tdap* Any of the following meet criteria:
 - At least one tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis (Tdap) vaccine (<u>Tdap Immunization Value Set</u>; <u>Tdap Vaccine Procedure Value Set</u>), with a date of service on or between the member's 10th and 13th birthdays.
 - Anaphylaxis due to the tetanus, diphtheria or pertussis vaccine (Anaphylaxis Due to Diphtheria, Tetanus or Pertussis Vaccine Value Set) any time on or before the member's 13th birthday.
 - Encephalitis due to the tetanus, diphtheria or pertussis vaccine (Encephalitis Due to Diphtheria, Tetanus or Pertussis Vaccine Value Set) any time on or before the member's 13th birthday.

HPV Any of the following meet criteria:

| | • At least two HPV vaccines (<u>HPV Immunization Value Set</u> ; <u>HPV Vaccine</u> <u>Procedure Value Set</u>), on or between the member's 9th and 13th birthdays and with dates of service at least 146 days apart. For example, if the service date for the first vaccine was March 1, then the service date for the second vaccine must be on or after July 25. | |
|--|---|--|
| | At least three HPV vaccines (<u>HPV Immunization Value Set</u>; <u>HPV</u> <u>Vaccine Procedure Value Set</u>), with different dates of service on or between the member's 9th and 13th birthdays. | |
| | Anaphylaxis due to the HPV vaccine (SNOMED CT code 428241000124101) any time on or before the member's 13th birthday. | |
| Combination 1 (Meningococcal, Tdap) | Adolescents who are numerator compliant for both the meningococcal and Tdap indicators. | |
| Combination 2 (Meningococcal, Tdap, HPV) | Adolescents who are numerator compliant for all three indicators (meningococcal, Tdap, HPV). | |
| lybrid Specification | | |

Denominator A systematic sample drawn from the eligible population for each product line. Organizations may reduce the sample size using current year's administrative rate or prior year's audited, product line-specific rate for the lowest rate across all antigens and combinations. For information on reducing the sample size, refer to the *Guidelines for Calculations and Sampling*.

Numerators For meningococcal, Tdap and HPV, count *either:*

• Evidence of the antigen or combination vaccine.

Anaphylaxis due to the vaccine.

Administrative Refer to *Administrative Specification* to identify positive numerator hits from the administrative data.

Medical record For immunization information obtained from the medical record, count members where there is evidence that the antigen was rendered from either of the following:

- A note indicating the name of the specific antigen and the date of the immunization.
- A certificate of immunization prepared by an authorized health care provider or agency, including the specific dates and types of immunizations administered.

For documented history of anaphylaxis, there must be a note indicating the date of the event, which must have occurred by the member's 13th birthday.

For the two-dose HPV vaccination series, there must be at least 146 days between the first and second dose of the HPV vaccine.

For meningococcal, *do not count* meningococcal recombinant (serogroup B) (MenB) vaccines. Immunizations documented under a generic header of

"meningococcal" and generic documentation that "meningococcal vaccine," "meningococcal conjugate vaccine" or "meningococcal polysaccharide vaccine" were administered meet criteria.

Immunizations documented using a generic header of "Tdap/Td" can be counted as evidence of Tdap. The burden on organizations to substantiate the Tdap antigen is excessive compared to a risk associated with data integrity.

Note

- To align with Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) recommendations, only the quadrivalent meningococcal vaccine (serogroups A, C, W and Y) is included in the measure.
- To align with ACIP recommendations, the minimum interval for the two-dose HPV vaccination schedule is 150 days (5 months), with a 4-day grace period (146 days).

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

| Metric | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Meningococcal | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Metric | ✓ |
| Tdap | EligiblePopulation | Repeat per Metric | ✓ |
| HPV | ExclusionAdminRequired | Repeat per Metric | ~ |
| Combo1 | NumeratorByAdminElig | For each Metric | |
| Combo2 | CYAR | (Percent) | |
| | MinReqSampleSize | Repeat per Metric | |
| | OversampleRate | Repeat per Metric | |
| | OversampleRecordsNumber | (Count) | |
| | ExclusionValidDataErrors | Repeat per Metric | |
| | ExclusionEmployeeOrDep | Repeat per Metric | |
| | OversampleRecsAdded | Repeat per Metric | |
| | Denominator | Repeat per Metric | |
| | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Metric | ✓ |
| | NumeratorByMedicalRecords | For each Metric | |
| | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Metric | ✓ |
| | Rate | (Percent) | \checkmark |

Table IMA-A-1/2: Data Elements for Immunizations for Adolescents

| Metric | Race | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|--|--------------|
| Meningococcal | White | Direct | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Metric and Stratification | ~ |
| Tdap | BlackOrAfricanAmerican | Indirect | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | ~ |
| HPV | AmericanIndianOrAlaskaNative | Total | Denominator | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| Combo1 | Asian | | Numerator | For each Metric and Stratification | ~ |
| Combo2 | NativeHawaiianOrOtherPacificIslander | - | Rate | (Percent) | \checkmark |
| | SomeOtherRace | | | · | • |
| | TwoOrMoreRaces | | | | |
| | AskedButNoAnswer* | | | | |
| | Unknown** |] | | | |

Table IMA-B-1/2: Data Elements for Immunizations for Adolescents: Stratifications by Race

Table IMA-C-1/2: Data Elements for Immunizations for Adolescents: Stratifications by Ethnicity

| Metric | Ethnicity | Source | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|---------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------|--|---|
| Meningococcal | HispanicOrLatino | Direct | CollectionMethod | Repeat per Metric and Stratification | ~ |
| Tdap | NotHispanicOrLatino | Indirect | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | ~ |
| HPV | AskedButNoAnswer* | Total | Denominator | For each Stratification, repeat per Metric | |
| Combo1 | Unknown** | | Numerator | For each Metric and Stratification | ~ |
| Combo2 | | - | Rate | (Percent) | ✓ |

*AskedButNoAnswer is only reported for Source='Direct.'

**Unknown is only reported for Source='Indirect.'

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Immunizations for Adolescents

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | Age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age 13 as of June 30"). The denominator age may not be expanded. |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. |
| Benefit | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Event/diagnosis | NA | There is no event/diagnosis for this measure. |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Required exclusions | Yes | The hospice and deceased member exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable</i> <i>Adjustments</i> . |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| MeningococcalTdapHPV | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. Vaccine dose requirements may not be changed. |
| Combination Rates | Yes, with limits | Organizations are not required to calculate combination rates; alternate combinations of specified immunizations are allowed. |

Kidney Health Evaluation for Patients With Diabetes (KED)*

*This measure was developed by NCQA with input from the National Kidney Foundation.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Revised the optional exclusions for polycystic ovarian syndrome, gestational diabetes or steroidinduced diabetes to be required exclusions.
- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Added a direct reference code for palliative care.
- Updated the number of occurrences required for the frailty cross-cutting exclusion.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Required exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of members 18–85 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who received a kidney health evaluation, defined by an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) **and** a urine albumin-creatinine ratio (uACR), during the measurement year.

Eligible Population

| Product lines | Commercial, Medicaid, Medicare (report each product line separately). | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Ages | 18–85 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. Report three age stratifications and a total rate: 18–64. • 75–85. 65–74. • Total. | |
| | The total is the sum of the age stratifications. | |
| Continuous enrollment | The measurement year. | |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during the measurement year. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled). | |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. | |
| Benefit | Medical. | |
| Event/diagnosis | There are two ways to identify members with diabetes: by claim/encounter data and by pharmacy data. The organization must use both methods to identify the eligible population, but a member only needs to be identified by one method to be included in the measure. Members may be identified as having diabetes during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year. | |

Claim/encounter data. Members who met any of the following criteria during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):

- At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>) without telehealth (<u>Telehealth Modifier Value Set</u>; <u>Telehealth POS Value Set</u>).
- At least one acute inpatient discharge with a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set).
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
- At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), evisits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED</u> <u>Value Set</u>), nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim), on different dates of service, with a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two encounters. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 2. Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim.
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.

Only include nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value</u> <u>Set</u>) *without* telehealth (<u>Telehealth Modifier Value Set</u>; <u>Telehealth POS</u> <u>Value Set</u>).

Pharmacy data. Members who were dispensed insulin or hypoglycemics/ antihyperglycemics during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (<u>Diabetes Medications List</u>).

Diabetes Medications

| Description | | Prescription | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Alpha-glucosidase inhibitors | Acarbose | Miglitol | |
| Amylin analogs | Pramlintide | | |
| Antidiabetic combinations | Alogliptin-metformin Alogliptin-pioglitazone Canagliflozin-metformin Dapagliflozin-metformin Dapagliflozin-saxagliptin Empagliflozin-linagliptin Empagliflozin-linagliptin-metformin | Empagliflozin-metformin Ertugliflozin-metformin Ertugliflozin-sitagliptin Glimepiride-pioglitazone Glipizide-metformin Glyburide-metformin Linagliptin-metformin | Metformin-pioglitazone Metformin-repaglinide Metformin-rosiglitazone Metformin-saxagliptin Metformin-sitagliptin |

| Description | | Prescription | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Insulin | Insulin aspart Insulin aspart-insulin aspart protamine Insulin degludec Insulin degludec-liraglutide Insulin detemir Insulin glargine Insulin glargine-lixisenatide | Insulin glulisine Insulin isophane human Insulin isophane-insulin regular Insulin lispro Insulin lispro-insulin lispro point Insulin regular human Insulin human inhaled | |
| Meglitinides | Nateglinide | Repaglinide | |
| Glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP1) agonists | Albiglutide Dulaglutide Exenatide | Liraglutide (excluding SaxerLixisenatideSemaglutide | nda®) |
| Sodium glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor | Canagliflozin Dapagliflozin (excluding Farxiga[®]) | ErtugliflozinEmpagliflozin | |
| Sulfonylureas | ChlorpropamideGlimepiride | GlipizideGlyburide | TolazamideTolbutamide |
| Thiazolidinediones | Pioglitazone | Rosiglitazone | |
| Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DDP-4) inhibitors | AlogliptinLinagliptin | SaxagliptinSitagliptin | |

Note: Glucophage/metformin as a solo agent is not included because it is used to treat conditions other than diabetes; members with diabetes on these medications are identified through diagnosis codes only.

Required exclusions

Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria:

- Members who did not have a diagnosis of diabetes (<u>Diabetes Value Set</u>), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year *and* who had a diagnosis of polycystic ovarian syndrome, gestational diabetes or steroid-induced diabetes (<u>Diabetes</u> <u>Exclusions Value Set</u>), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year.
- Members with evidence of ESRD (<u>ESRD Diagnosis Value Set</u>) or dialysis (<u>Dialysis Procedure Value Set</u>) any time during the member's history on or prior to December 31 of the measurement year.
- Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to *General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice.*
- Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to *General Guideline 16: Deceased Members.*
- Members receiving palliative care (<u>Palliative Care Assessment Value Set;</u> <u>Palliative Care Encounter Value Set;</u> <u>Palliative Care Intervention Value</u> <u>Set;</u> ICD-10-CM code Z51.5) any time during the measurement year.

Exclusions Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria:

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions.

- Medicare members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an Institutional SNP (I-SNP) any time during the measurement year.
 - Living long-term in an institution any time during the measurement year as identified by the LTI flag in the Monthly Membership Detail Data File. Use the run date of the file to determine if a member had an LTI flag during the measurement year.
- Members 66-80 years of age as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with frailty *and* advanced illness. Members must meet BOTH of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - At least two indications of frailty (<u>Frailty Device Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty</u> <u>Diagnosis Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Symptom</u> <u>Value Set</u>) with different dates of service during the measurement year.
 - 2. Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):
 - At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), e-visits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), nonacute inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim) on different dates of service, with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two visits. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim.
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
 - At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>).
 - At least one acute inpatient discharge with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
 - A dispensed dementia medication (Dementia Medications List).
- Members 81 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with at least two indications of frailty (Frailty Device Value Set; Frailty Diagnosis Value Set; Frailty Encounter Value Set; Frailty Symptom Value Set) with different dates of service during the measurement year.

Dementia Medications

| Description | | Prescription | |
|---|--------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cholinesterase inhibitors | Donepezil | Galantamine | Rivastigmine |
| Miscellaneous central nervous system agents | Memantine | | |
| Dementia combinations | Donepezil-me | mantine | |

Administrative Specification

| Denominator | The eligible population. |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| | |

Numerator

Kidney Health Members who received *both* an eGFR and a uACR during the measurement *Evaluation* year on the same or different dates of service:

- At least one eGFR (<u>Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate Lab Test Value Set</u>).
- At least one uACR identified by either of the following:
 - Both a quantitative urine albumin test (<u>Quantitative Urine Albumin Lab</u><u>Test Value Set</u>) and a urine creatinine test (<u>Urine Creatinine Lab Test</u><u>Value Set</u>) with service dates four days or less apart. For example, if the service date for the quantitative urine albumin test was December 1 of the measurement year, then the urine creatinine test must have a service date on or between November 27 and December 5 of the measurement year.
 - A uACR (Urine Albumin Creatinine Ratio Lab Test Value Set).

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

| | | , | |
|------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
| KidneyHealthEvaluation | 18-64 | EligiblePopulation | For each Stratification |
| | 65-74 | ExclusionAdminRequired | For each Stratification |
| | 75-85 | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | Total | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Stratification |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

Table KED-1/2/3: Data Elements for Kidney Health Evaluation for Patients With Diabetes

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

| Rules for Allowable Adjus | tments of Kidney Heal | th Evaluation for Patients With Diabetes | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. | |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | Age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). The denominator age may be changed if the range is within the specified age range (18–85 years). | |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Benefit | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. | |
| | CLII | NICAL COMPONENTS | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Event/diagnosis | No | Only events or diagnoses that contain (or map to) codes in the medication lists and value sets may be used to identify visits. Medication lists, value sets and logic may not be changed. | |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Required exclusions | Yes, with limits | Apply required exclusions according to specified value sets. The hospice, deceased member and palliative care exclusions are not required. | |
| | | Refer to Exclusions in the Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments. | |
| Exclusions: I-SNP, LTI, frailty or advanced illness | Yes | These exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . | |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Kidney Health Evaluation | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. | |

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Kidney Health Evaluation for Patients With Diabetes

Lead Screening in Children (LSC)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Required exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of children 2 years of age who had one or more capillary or venous lead blood test for lead poisoning by their second birthday.

Eligible Population

| Product line | Medicaid. | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Age | Children who turn 2 years old during the measurement year. | |
| Continuous enrollment | 12 months prior to the child's second birthday. | |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during the 12 months prior to the child's second birthday. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled). | |
| Anchor date | Enrolled on the child's second birthday. | |
| Benefit | Medical. | |
| Event/diagnosis | None. | |
| Required exclusions | Exclude members who meet either of the following criteria: Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to <i>General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice</i>. Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to <i>General Guideline 16: Deceased Members</i>. | |

Administrative Specification

Denominator The eligible population.

Numerator At least one lead capillary or venous blood test (<u>Lead Tests Value Set</u>) on or before the child's second birthday.

| Denominator | A systematic sample drawn from the eligible population. |
|----------------|---|
| | Organizations that use the Hybrid Method to report the Childhood Immunization Status (CIS) and Lead Screening in Children (LSC) measures may use the sam sample for both measures. Because required exclusions are applied to the CIS measure, if the organization uses the CIS systematic sample, the same children will be excluded from the LSC measure. Excluding these members will not create a statistically significant difference in the LSC eligible population. |
| | Organizations may reduce the sample size based on the current year's administrative rate or prior year's audited, product line-specific rate for the lower rate of all CIS antigens, CIS combinations and LSC rate. |
| | If a separate sample from the CIS measure is used for LSC, organizations may reduce the sample based on the product line-specific current measurement year's administrative rate or the prior year's audited, product line-specific rate for LSC. |
| Numerator | At least one lead capillary or venous blood test on or before the child's second birthday as documented through either administrative data or medical record review. |
| Administrative | Refer to Administrative Specification to identify positive numerator hits from the administrative data. |
| Medical record | Documentation in the medical record must include both of the following:A note indicating the date the test was performed.The result or finding. |

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

| Metric | Data Element | Reporting Instructions | Α |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---|
| LeadScreeningChildren | CollectionMethod | Report once | ✓ |
| | EligiblePopulation | Report once | ✓ |
| | ExclusionAdminRequired | Report once | ✓ |
| | NumeratorByAdminElig | Report once | |
| | CYAR | (Percent) | |
| | MinReqSampleSize | Report once | |
| | OversampleRate | Report once | |
| | OversampleRecordsNumber | (Count) | |
| | ExclusionValidDataErrors | Report once | |
| | ExclusionEmployeeOrDep | Report once | |
| | OversampleRecsAdded | Report once | |
| | Denominator | Report once | |
| | NumeratorByAdmin | Report once | ✓ |
| | NumeratorByMedicalRecords | Report once | |
| | NumeratorBySupplemental | Report once | ✓ |
| | Rate | (Percent) | ✓ |

Table LSC-1: Data Elements for Lead Screening in Children

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Lead Screening in Children

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. |
| Ages | Yes | Age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age 2 as of June 30"). Expanding the denominator age range is allowed. |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. |
| Benefit | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Event/diagnosis | NA | There is no event/diagnosis for this measure. |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Required exclusions | Yes | The hospice and deceased member exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable</i> <i>Adjustments</i> . |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Lead Capillary or Venous Blood Test | No | Value sets and logic may not be changed. |

SDOH Screening Measure Specifications

Social Determinants of Health (SDOH) Screening Steward: Rhode Island Executive Office of Health and Human Services As of April 25, 2023

SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR 2023 (PERFORMANCE YEAR 6)

• Clarified that there are two options for demonstrating numerator compliance, one of which includes using ICD-10 Z codes.

Description

Social Determinants of Health are the "conditions in the places where people live, learn, work, and play [that] affect a wide range of health risks and outcomes."¹

The percentage of attributed patients who were screened for Social Determinants of Health using a screening tool once per measurement year, where the primary care clinician has documented the completion of the screening and the results. Please note that for organizations participating in the Medicaid Accountable Entity (AE) program, the screening tool must be approved by EOHHS to count as meeting numerator requirements.

Eligible Population

Note: Patients in hospice care or who refuse to participate are excluded from the eligible population. Additional details on exclusions can be found below.

| Additional details on exclusions | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Product lines | Medicaid, Commercial | |
| Stratification | None | |
| Ages | All ages | |
| Continuous enrollment | Enrolled in the MCO for 11 out of 12 months during the measurement | |
| | year. | |
| Allowable gap | No break in coverage lasting more than 30 days. | |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. | |
| Lookback period | 12 months | |
| Benefit | Medical | |
| Event/diagnosis | The patient has been seen by an AE/ACO-affiliated primary care clinician anytime within the last 12 months For the purpose of this measure "primary care clinician" is any provider defined by the reporting managed care organization as a primary care clinician and holding a patient panel. Follow the below to determine a primary care visit: The following are the eligible CPT/HCPCS office visit codes for determining a primary care visit: 99201-99205; 99212-99215; 99324-99337; 99341-99350; 99381 – 99387; 99391-99397; 99490; 99495-99496 | |

¹ Definition from the CDC: <u>www.cdc.gov/socialdeterminants/index.htm</u>. Last accessed on 3/18/19.

| | The following are the eligible telephone visit, e-visit or virtual check-in codes for determining a primary care visit: CPT/HCPCS/SNOMED codes: 98966-98968, 98969-98972, 99421-99423, 99441-99443, 99444, 11797002, 185317003, 314849005, 386472008, 386473003, 386479004 Any of the above CPT/HCPCS office visit codes for determining a primary care visit with the following POS codes: 02 Any of the above CPT/HCPCS office visit codes for determining a primary care visit with the following POS codes: 02 Any of the above CPT/HCPCS office visit codes for determining a primary care visit with the following modifiers: 95, GT |
|------------|--|
| Exclusions | Patients in hospice care (see Code List below) Refused to participate |
| | Neruseu to participate |

Patient/Provider Attribution to AEs

| Patient Attribution to AEs | Attribute each member to a single AE, based on the AE to which the |
|-----------------------------|--|
| | member is attributed in December of the performance year. If a |
| | member is not enrolled in Medicaid in December, do not attribute |
| | the member to any AE for measurement purposes. Determine |
| | attribution using the AE TIN rosters that are in place as of December |
| | of the performance year. |
| Provider Attribution to AEs | Each primary care provider (PCP) bills under a Taxpayer Identification |
| | Number (TIN), typically the TIN of the entity that employs that PCP or |
| | through which the PCP contracts with public and/or private payers. |
| | Some PCPs may contract through more than one TIN. Each TIN is |
| | permitted to affiliate with at most one AE at any given time, and each |
| | PCP is permitted to affiliate with as most one AE at any given time. |
| | That is, even if a PCP contracts through more than one TIN and those |
| | TINs are affiliated with different AEs, the PCP may only be affiliated |
| | with one of the AEs. For more information about which primary care |
| | providers are eligible for attribution to an AE, please refer to |
| | "Attachment M: Attribution Guidance." ² |

Electronic Data Specifications

The percentage of attributed patients who were screened for Social Determinants of Health using an EOHHS-approved screening tool, where the primary care practice has documentation of the completion of the screening, the date of the screen, and the results.

| Denominator The eligible population | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Numerator – Option 1 | Individuals attributed to the primary care clinician who were |

² <u>https://eohhs.ri.gov/initiatives/accountable-entities/resource-documents.</u>

| | concerned for Casial Determinents of Health and war war wards | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | screened for Social Determinants of Health once per measurement year and for whom results are in the primary care clinician's EHR. | |
| | Notes: | |
| | Screens may be rendered asynchronously, i.e., at a time and through a modality other than a visit with a primary care clinician that triggered inclusion in the denominator. | |
| | Screens rendered during a telephone visit, e-visit or virtual check-in meet numerator criteria. | |
| Numerator – Option 2 | Individuals attributed to the primary care clinician who were screened for Social Determinants of Health once per measurement year and for whom results are electronically documented using ICD- 10 Z codes in the primary care clinician's EHR. | |
| | Notes: Screens may be rendered asynchronously, i.e., at a time and through a modality other than a visit with a primary care clinician that triggered inclusion in the denominator. Screens rendered during a telephone visit, e-visit or virtual check-in meet numerator criteria. | |
| | Identify screening using the following ICD-10 Z codes: Z04.89 Definition: Encounter for examination and observations for other specified reasons Meaning: SDOH screening completed | |
| | Z53.8 Definition: Procedure and treatment not carried out for other reasons Meaning: SDOH screening offered, but patient | |
| | refused/declined to complete screen | |
| Unit of measurement | Screens should be performed at the individual patient level for adults and adolescents. Screens may be performed at the individual patient level or the household level for all children 12 and under residing in one household, so long as the screening is documented in each child's medical record. | |
| Documentation requirements | All screenings must be documented in the attributed primary care clinician's patient health record, regardless of if the primary care clinician screened the individual (or household, as applicable) or if the screen was performed by anyone else, including: another provider, the insurer or a community partner. | |
| | The screening results must a) be embedded in the EHR, b) be accessible in the EHR as a PDF of the screening results, or c) be accessible from within the EHR without requiring the primary care clinician to leave the EHR to access another electronic location to search for the patient's record and locate and view the screening | |

| | results. An integrated EHR interface with Unite Us that allows | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| | providers to view a patient's screening results meets the | |
| | documentation requirements. | |
| | | |
| | Results for at least one question per required domain must be | |
| | included for a screen to be considered numerator complaint. | |
| Approved screening tools | For those participating in the AE program, all screening tools must be | |
| | approved by EOHHS prior to the reporting period to be counted in the | |
| | numerator. Screens performed with tools not approved by EOHHS | |
| | shall not be included in the numerator of this measure. | |
| Required domains | 1. Housing insecurity; | |
| | 2. Food insecurity; | |
| | 3. Transportation; | |
| | 4. Interpersonal violence; and | |
| | 5. Utility assistance. | |
| | | |
| | Note: If primary care clinicians are conducting the screen during a | |
| | telephone visit, e-visit or virtual check-in or independent of a visit, | |
| | they may use their discretion whether to ask questions related to | |
| | interpersonal violence. The interpersonal violence domain must, | |
| | however, be included for screens administered during in-person | |
| | visits. | |
| | | |

Code List

The following codes should be utilized to identify patients in hospice care:

| Code System | Code |
|----------------------|-----------|
| UBREV | 0115 |
| UBREV | 0125 |
| UBREV | 0135 |
| UBREV | 0145 |
| UBREV | 0155 |
| UBREV | 0235 |
| UBREV | 0650 |
| UBREV | 0651 |
| UBREV | 0652 |
| UBREV | 0655 |
| UBREV | 0656 |
| UBREV | 0657 |
| UBREV | 0658 |
| UBREV | 0659 |
| SNOMED CT US EDITION | 170935008 |
| SNOMED CT US EDITION | 170936009 |
| SNOMED CT US EDITION | 183919006 |
| SNOMED CT US EDITION | 183920000 |
| SNOMED CT US EDITION | 183921001 |
| SNOMED CT US EDITION | 305336008 |
| SNOMED CT US EDITION | 305911006 |
| SNOMED CT US EDITION | 385763009 |
| SNOMED CT US EDITION | 385765002 |

| Code System | Code |
|-------------|-------|
| СРТ | 99377 |
| СРТ | 99378 |
| HCPCS | G0182 |
| HCPCS | G9473 |
| HCPCS | G9474 |
| HCPCS | G9475 |
| HCPCS | G9476 |
| HCPCS | G9477 |
| HCPCS | G9478 |
| HCPCS | G9479 |
| HCPCS | Q5003 |
| HCPCS | Q5004 |
| HCPCS | Q5005 |
| HCPCS | Q5006 |
| HCPCS | Q5007 |
| HCPCS | Q5008 |
| HCPCS | Q5010 |
| HCPCS | S9126 |
| HCPCS | T2042 |
| HCPCS | T2043 |
| HCPCS | T2044 |
| HCPCS | T2045 |
| HCPCS | T2046 |

Statin Therapy for Patients With Cardiovascular Disease (SPC)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Clarified in the "Event/diagnosis" criteria that required exclusions are not a step.
- Replaced the reference to "female members" with "members" in the pregnancy required exclusion.
- Added a required exclusion for members who died during the measurement year.
- Added a direct reference code for palliative care.
- Updated the number of occurrences required for the frailty cross-cutting exclusion.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*
- Revised the "Required exclusions" criteria in the Clinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS*.

Description

The percentage of males 21–75 years of age and females 40–75 years of age during the measurement year who were identified as having clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and met the following criteria. The following rates are reported:

- 1. *Received Statin Therapy.* Members who were dispensed at least one high-intensity or moderateintensity statin medication during the measurement year.
- 2. *Statin Adherence 80%.* Members who remained on a high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication for at least 80% of the treatment period.

| Definitions | |
|---|---|
| IPSD | Index prescription start date. The earliest prescription dispensing date for any statin medication of at least moderate intensity during the measurement year. |
| Treatment period | The period of time beginning on the IPSD through the last day of the measurement year. |
| PDC | Proportion of days covered. The number of days the member is covered by at least one statin medication prescription of appropriate intensity, divided by the number of days in the treatment period. |
| Calculating number of days covered for multiple prescriptions | If multiple prescriptions for different medications are dispensed on the same day, calculate the number of days covered by a statin medication (for the numerator) using the prescriptions with the longest days supply. For multiple different prescriptions dispensed on different days with overlapping days supply, count each day in the treatment period only once toward the numerator. |
| | If multiple prescriptions for the same medication are dispensed on the same day or on different days, sum the days supply and use the total to calculate the number of days covered by a statin medication (for the numerator). For example, three prescriptions for the same medication are dispensed on the same day, each with a 30-days supply. Sum the days supply for a total of 90 |

days covered by a statin. Subtract any days supply that extends beyond December 31 of the measurement year.

Use the medication lists to determine if drugs are the same or different. Drugs in different medication lists are considered different drugs. For example, a dispensing event from the <u>Amlodipine Atorvastatin High Intensity Medications</u> <u>List</u> and a dispensing event from the <u>Amlodipine Atorvastatin Moderate Intensity</u> <u>Medications List</u> are dispensing events for different medications.

Eligible Population: *Rate 1*—Received Statin Therapy

| Product line | Commercial, Medicaid, Medicare (report each product line separately). | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Age | Report two age/gender stratifications and a total rate: | |
| - | Males 21–75 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. | |
| | Females 40–75 years as of December 31 of the measurement year.Total. | |
| Continuous enrollment | The measurement year and the year prior to the measurement year. | |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during each year of continuous enrollment. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (i.e., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled). | |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. | |
| Benefit | Medical. Pharmacy during the measurement year. | |
| Event/diagnosis | Members are identified for the eligible population in two ways: by event or by diagnosis. The organization must use <i>both</i> methods to identify the eligible population, but a member only needs to be identified by one method to be included in the measure. | |
| | <i>Event.</i> Any of the following during the year prior to the measurement year meet criteria: | |
| | <i>MI.</i> Discharged from an inpatient setting with an MI (<u>MI Value Set</u>; <u>Old Myocardial Infarction Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify discharges: Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>). Identify the discharge date for the stay. <i>CABG.</i> Members who had CABG (<u>CABG Value Set</u>) in any setting. <i>PCI.</i> Members who had PCI (<u>PCI Value Set</u>) in any setting. <i>Other revascularization.</i> Members who had any other revascularization | |
| | procedures (<u>Other Revascularization Value Set</u>) in any setting. | |

| | <i>Diagnosis.</i> Identify members as having ischemic vascular disease (IVD) who met at least one of the following criteria during both the measurement year and the year prior to the measurement year. Criteria need not be the same across both years. At least one outpatient visit (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>) with an IVD diagnosis (IVD) value Set). |
|------------|--|
| | (<u>IVD Value Set</u>). A telephone visit (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>) with an IVD diagnosis (<u>IVD Value Set</u>). |
| | An e-visit or virtual check-in (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>) with an IVD diagnosis (<u>IVD Value Set</u>). At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with an IVD diagnosis (<u>IVD Value Set</u>) <i>without</i> telehealth (<u>Telehealth Modifier Value Set</u>; <u>Telehealth POS Value Set</u>). |
| | At least one acute inpatient discharge with an IVD diagnosis (<u>IVD Value</u> <u>Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge: 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>). |
| | Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>). Identify the discharge date for the stay. |
| Required | Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria: |
| exclusions | Members with a diagnosis of pregnancy (<u>Pregnancy Value Set</u>) during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year. |
| | In vitro fertilization (<u>IVF Value Set</u>) in the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year. |
| | Dispensed at least one prescription for clomiphene (<u>Estrogen Agonists</u> <u>Medications List</u>) during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year. |
| | ESRD (ESRD Diagnosis Value Set) or dialysis (Dialysis Procedure Value Set) during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year. |
| | Cirrhosis (<u>Cirrhosis Value Set</u>) during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year. |
| | Myalgia, myositis, myopathy or rhabdomyolysis (<u>Muscular Pain and</u> <u>Disease Value Set</u>) during the measurement year. |
| | Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement year. Refer to General Guideline 15: Members in Hospice. |
| | Members who died any time during the measurement year. Refer to General Guideline 16: Deceased Members. |
| | Members receiving palliative care (<u>Palliative Care Assessment Value Set</u>; <u>Palliative Care Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Palliative Care Intervention Value</u> <u>Set</u>; ICD-10-CM code Z51.5) any time during the measurement year. |

Estrogen Agonists Medications

| Description | Prescription |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Estrogen agonists | Clomiphene |

Exclusions Exclude members who meet any of the following criteria:

- **Note:** Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions.
 - Medicare members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an Institutional SNP (I-SNP) any time during the measurement year.
 - Living long-term in an institution any time during the measurement year as identified by the LTI flag in the Monthly Membership Detail Data File. Use the run date of the file to determine if a member had an LTI flag during the measurement year.
 - Members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with frailty *and* advanced illness. Members must meet *both* of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - 1. At least two indications of frailty (<u>Frailty Device Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Diagnosis Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Encounter Value Set</u>; <u>Frailty Symptom Value Set</u>) with different dates of service during the measurement year.
 - 2. Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):
 - At least two outpatient visits (<u>Outpatient Value Set</u>), observation visits (<u>Observation Value Set</u>), ED visits (<u>ED Value Set</u>), telephone visits (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>), e-visits or virtual check-ins (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>), nonacute_inpatient encounters (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Value Set</u>) or nonacute inpatient discharges (instructions below; the diagnosis must be on the discharge claim) on different dates of service, with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>). Visit type need not be the same for the two visits. To identify a nonacute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - 2. Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set</u>) on the claim.
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
 - At least one acute inpatient encounter (<u>Acute Inpatient Value Set</u>) with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>).
 - At least one acute inpatient discharge with an advanced illness diagnosis (<u>Advanced Illness Value Set</u>) on the discharge claim. To identify an acute inpatient discharge:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Value Set</u>).
 - 2. Exclude nonacute inpatient stays (<u>Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value</u> <u>Set</u>).
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.
 - A dispensed dementia medication (Dementia Medications List).

Dementia Medications

| Description | | Prescription | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cholinesterase inhibitors | Donepezil | Galantamine | Rivastigmine |
| Miscellaneous central nervous system agents | Memantine | | |
| Dementia combinations | Donepezil-mema | antine | |

Administrative Specification: Rate 1—Received Statin Therapy

Denominator The Rate 1 eligible population.

NumeratorThe number of members who had at least one dispensing event for a high-
intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year.
Use all the medication lists below to identify statin medication dispensing
events.

High- and Moderate-Intensity Statin Medications

| Description | Prescription | Medication Lists |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| High-intensity statin therapy | Atorvastatin 40-80 mg | Atorvastatin High Intensity Medications List |
| High-intensity statin therapy | Amlodipine-atorvastatin 40-80 mg | Amlodipine Atorvastatin High Intensity Medications List |
| High-intensity statin therapy | Rosuvastatin 20-40 mg | Rosuvastatin High Intensity Medications List |
| High-intensity statin therapy | Simvastatin 80 mg | Simvastatin High Intensity Medications List |
| High-intensity statin therapy | Ezetimibe-simvastatin 80 mg | Ezetimibe Simvastatin High Intensity Medications List |
| Moderate-intensity statin therapy | • Atorvastatin 10-20 mg | Atorvastatin Moderate Intensity Medications |
| Moderate-intensity statin therapy | Amlodipine-atorvastatin 10-20 mg | Amlodipine Atorvastatin Moderate Intensity Medications List |
| Moderate-intensity statin therapy | • Rosuvastatin 5-10 mg | Rosuvastatin Moderate Intensity Medications |
| Moderate-intensity statin therapy | Simvastatin 20-40 mg | Simvastatin Moderate Intensity Medications List |
| Moderate-intensity statin therapy | • Ezetimibe-simvastatin 20-40 mg | Ezetimibe Simvastatin Moderate Intensity Medications List |
| Moderate-intensity statin therapy | Pravastatin 40-80 mg | Pravastatin Moderate Intensity Medications List |
| Moderate-intensity statin therapy | Lovastatin 40 mg | Lovastatin Moderate Intensity Medications List |
| Moderate-intensity statin therapy | Fluvastatin 40-80 mg | Fluvastatin Moderate Intensity Medications List |
| Moderate-intensity statin therapy | Pitavastatin 1-4 mg | Pitavastatin Moderate Intensity Medications List |

Eligible Population: *Rate* 2—Statin Adherence 80%

| Product line | Commercial, Medicaid, Medicare (report each product line separately). |
|--------------------------|--|
| Age | Report two age/gender stratifications and a total rate: Males 21–75 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. Females 40–75 years as of December 31 of the measurement year. Total. |
| Continuous enrollment | The measurement year and the year prior to the measurement year. |
| Allowable gap | No more than one gap in enrollment of up to 45 days during each year of continuous enrollment. To determine continuous enrollment for a Medicaid beneficiary for whom enrollment is verified monthly, the member may not have more than a 1-month gap in coverage (e.g., a member whose coverage lapses for 2 months [60 days] is not considered continuously enrolled). |
| Anchor date | December 31 of the measurement year. |
| Benefit | Medical. Pharmacy during the measurement year. |
| Event/diagnosis | All members who meet the numerator criteria for Rate 1. |

Administrative Specification: Rate 2—Statin Adherence 80%

- **Denominator** The Rate 2 eligible population.
- **Numerator** The number of members who achieved a PDC of at least 80% during the treatment period.

Follow the steps below to identify numerator compliance.

- **Step 1** Identify the IPSD. The IPSD is the earliest dispensing event for any high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year. Use all the medications lists above to identify statin medication dispensing events.
- **Step 2** To determine the treatment period, calculate the number of days beginning on the IPSD through the end of the measurement year.
- **Step 3** Count the days covered by at least one prescription for any high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication during the treatment period. To ensure that days supply that extends beyond the measurement year is not counted, subtract any days supply that extends beyond December 31 of the measurement year.
- **Step 4** Calculate the member's PDC using the following equation. Multiply the equation by 100 and round (using the .5 rule) to the nearest whole number. For example, if a member has 291 total days covered by a medication during a 365-day treatment period, this calculates to 0.7972. Multiply this number by 100, convert it to 79.72% and round it to 80%, the nearest whole number.

Total Days Covered by a Statin Medication in the Treatment Period (step 3)

Total Days in Treatment Period (step 2)

Step 5 Sum the number of members whose PDC is ≥80% for the treatment period.

Note

• All members who are numerator compliant for Rate 1 must be used as the eligible population for Rate 2 (regardless of the data source used to capture the Rate 1 numerator). For example, if supplemental data were used to identify compliance for the Rate 1 numerator, then supplemental data will be included in identifying the Rate 2 eligible population.

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

| Metric | Gender | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|-----------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ReceivedTherapy | F | Benefit | Metadata |
| Adherence | Μ | EligiblePopulation | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | Total | ExclusionAdminRequired | Only for ReceivedTherapy Metric |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorBySupplemental | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

Table SPC-1/2/3: Data Elements for Statin Therapy for Patients With Cardiovascular Disease

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent. Adjusted HEDIS measures *may not* be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Statin Therapy for Patients With Cardiovascular Disease

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Product lines | Yes | Using product line criteria is not required. Including any product line, combining product lines, or not including product line criteria is allowed. |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | Age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). The denominator age may be changed if the range is within the specified age range (ages 21–75 or 40–75 years). The denominator age may not be expanded. |
| Continuous enrollment, allowable gap, anchor date | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. |
| Benefits | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. |
| | CLINIC | AL COMPONENTS |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Event/diagnosis | No | Only events that contain (or map to) codes in the value sets may be used to identify discharges. Value sets and logic may not be changed. |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Required exclusions | Yes, with limits | Apply required exclusions according to specified value sets and medication lists. |
| | | The hospice, deceased member and palliative care exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . |
| Exclusions: I-SNP, LTI, frailty or advanced illness | Yes | These exclusions are not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes |
| Rate 1: Received Statin Therapy Rate 2: Statin Adherence 80% | No | Medication lists, value sets and logic may not be changed. |

Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening and Follow-Up (ASF-E)*

*Adapted with financial support from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and with permission from the measure developer, the American Medical Association (AMA).

SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR HEDIS MY 2023

- Refer to the Technical Release Notes file in the Digital Measures Package for a comprehensive list of changes.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*

| Description | The percentage of members 18 years of age and older who were screened for unhealthy alcohol use using a standardized instrument and, if screened positive, received appropriate follow-up care. Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening. The percentage of members who had a systematic screening for unhealthy alcohol use. Follow-Up Care on Positive Screen. The percentage of members receiving brief counseling or other follow-up care within 2 months of screening positive for unhealthy alcohol use. | |
|---|---|--|
| Measurement period | January 1–December 31. | |
| Clinical recommendation statement | The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force recommends that clinicians screen adults aged 18 years or older for alcohol misuse and provide brief behavioral counseling interventions to those who misuse alcohol. (B recommendation) | |
| Citations | U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. 2018. "Unhealthy Alcohol Use in Adolescents and Adults: Screening and Behavioral Counseling Interventions." JAMA 320(18):1899–1909. DOI:10.1001/jama.2018.16789. | |
| Characteristics | | |
| Scoring | Proportion. | |
| Туре | Process. | |
| Stratification | Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicare. Age (as of the start of the measurement period, for each product line): 18–44 years. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. | |

| | Follow-Up on Care Positive Screen. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicare. Age (as of the start of the measurement period 18–44 years. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. | od, for each product line): | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Risk adjustment | None. | | |
| Improvement notation | A higher rate indicates better performance. | | |
| Guidance | Allocation: The member was enrolled with a medical benefit to period. | throughout the participation | |
| | When identifying members in hospice, the requirements described in <i>General Guideline 15</i> for identification of hospice members using the monthly membership detail data files are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | | |
| | Reporting: The total is the sum of the age stratifications. | | |
| | Product line stratifications are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | | |
| Definitions | | | |
| Participation | The identifiers and descriptors for each organization's coverage used to define members' eligibility for measure reporting. Allocation for reporting is based on eligibility during the participation period. | | |
| Participation period | The measurement period. | | |
| Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening | A standard assessment instrument that has been normalized and validated for the adult patient population. Eligible screening instruments with thresholds for positive findings include: | | |
| | Screening Instrument | Positive Finding | |
| | Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test (AUDIT) screening instrument | Total score ≥8 | |
| | Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test Consumption (AUDIT-C) screening instrument | Total score ≥4 for men Total score ≥3 for women | |

| | Screening Instrument | Positive Finding | |
|---|--|----------------------------|--|
| | Single-question screen: "How many times in the past year have you had 5 (for men) or 4 (for women and all adults older than 65 years) or more drinks in a day?" | Total score ≥1 | |
| Alcohol Counseling or Other Follow-Up Care | Any of the following on or up to 60 days after the first positive screen: Feedback on alcohol use and harms. Identification of high-risk situations for drinking and coping strategies. Increase the motivation to reduce drinking. Development of a personal plan to reduce drinking. Documentation of receiving alcohol misuse treatment. | | |
| Initial population | Initial population 1 Members 18 years and older at the start of the measurement period who also meet criteria for participation. | | |
| | Initial population 2 Same as the initial population 1. | | |
| Exclusions | Exclusions 1 Members with alcohol use disorder that starts during the year prior to the measurement period. Members with history of dementia any time during the member's history through the end of the measurement period. Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement period. Exclusions 2 Same as exclusions 1. | | |
| Denominator | Denominator 1 The initial population, minus exclusions. Denominator 2 | | |
| | All members in numerator 1 with a positive finding for unhealthy alcohol use screening between January 1 and November 1 of the measurement period. | | |
| Numerator | Numerator 1—Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening Members with a documented result for unhealthy alcohol use screening performed between January 1 and November 1 of the measurement period. | | |
| | Numerator 2—Follow-Up Care on Positive Scree Members receiving alcohol counseling or other fol days after the date of the first positive screen (61 | low-up care on or up to 60 | |

Data criteria (element level)

Value Sets:

- ASFE_HEDIS_MY2023-2.0.0
 - Alcohol Counseling or Other Follow Up Care
 - (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1437)
 - Alcohol Use Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1339)
 - Dementia (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1074)

• NCQA_Hospice-2.0.0

- Hospice Encounter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1761)
- Hospice Intervention (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1762)

Direct reference codes and codesystems:

• ASFE_HEDIS_MY2023-2.0.0

- codesystem "ICD-10-CM": 'http://hI7.org/fhir/sid/icd-10-cm'
- codesystem "LOINC": 'http://loinc.org'
- code "Alcohol abuse counseling and surveillance of alcoholic": 'Z71.41' from "ICD-10-CM" display 'Alcohol abuse counseling and surveillance of alcoholic'
- code "How often have you had five or more drinks in one day during the past year [Reported]": '88037-7' from "LOINC" display 'How often have you had five or more drinks in one day during the past year [Reported]'
- code "How often have you had four or more drinks in one day during the past year [Reported]": '75889-6' from "LOINC" display 'How often have you had four or more drinks in one day during the past year [Reported]'
- code "Total score [AUDIT-C]": '75626-2' from "LOINC" display 'Total score [AUDIT-C]'
- code "Total score [AUDIT]": '75624-7' from "LOINC" display 'Total score [AUDIT]'
- NCQA_Terminology-2.0.0
 - codesystem "ActCode": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/v3-ActCode'
 - codesystem "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/conditionclinical'
 - code "active": 'active' from "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes"
 - code "managed care policy": 'MCPOL' from "ActCode"
 - code "retiree health program": 'RETIRE' from "ActCode"
 - code "subsidized health program": 'SUBSIDIZ' from "ActCode"

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit data to NCQA must provide the following data elements in a specified file.

| Metric | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|-----------|-------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Screening | 18-44 | InitialPopulation | For each Metric and Stratification |
| FollowUp | 45-64 | ExclusionsByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | 65+ | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | Total | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | ExclusionsByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Denominator | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByEHR | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByCaseManagement | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByHIERegistry | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Metric and Stratification |
| | | Numerator | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | Rate | (Percent) |

Table ASF-E-1/2/3: Data Elements for Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening and Follow-Up

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

| Rules for Allowable Adjus | stments of Unhealthy Al | cohol Use Screening and Follow-Up | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. | |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | The age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). | |
| | | Changing the denominator age range is allowed if the limits are within the specified age range (18 years and older). | |
| | | Organizations must consult UPSTSF guidelines when considering whether to expand the age ranges outside of the current thresholds. | |
| Allocation | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Benefits | Yes | Using a benefit is not required; adjustments are allowed. | |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region or another characteristic. | |
| | CLIN | IICAL COMPONENTS | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Event/diagnosis | No | Value sets, direct reference codes and logic may not be changed for denominator 2. | |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Exclusions | No | Apply exclusions according to specified direct reference codes. | |
| Exclusion: Hospice | Yes | The hospice exclusion is not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . | |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | |
| Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening | No | Value sets, direct reference codes and logic may not be changed. | |
| Counseling Or Other Follow-Up On Positive Screen | | | |

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Unhealthy Alcohol Use Screening and Follow-Up

Utilization of the PHQ-9 to Monitor Depression Symptoms for Adolescents and Adults (DMS-E)*

*Adapted with financial support from the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) under the CHIPRA Pediatric Quality Measures Program Centers of Excellence grant number U18HS020503, and with permission from the measure developer, Minnesota Community Measurement.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO HEDIS MY 2023

- Refer to the Technical Release Notes file in the Digital Measures Package for a comprehensive list of changes.
- Revised the "Other" criteria in the Nonclinical Components table under *Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS.*

| Description | The percentage of members 12 years of age and older with a diagnosis of major depression or dysthymia, who had an outpatient encounter with a PHQ-9 score present in their record in the same assessment period as the encounter. |
|---|--|
| Measurement period | January 1–December 31. |
| Clinical recommendation statement | Standardized instruments are useful in identifying meaningful change in clinical outcomes over time. Guidelines for adults recommend that providers establish and maintain regular follow-up with patients diagnosed with depression and use a standardized tool to track symptoms (Trangle, 2016). Guidelines for adolescents recommend systematic and regular tracking of treatment goals and outcomes, including assessing depressive symptoms (Cheung, 2018). The PHQ-9 tool assesses the nine DSM, Fourth Edition, Text Revision (DSM- |
| | IV-TR) criteria symptoms and effects on functioning, and has shown to be highly accurate in discriminating between patients with persistent major depression, partial remission and full remission (Kroenke, 2001). |
| Citations | Cheung, A.H., R.A. Zuckerbrot, P.S. Jensen, D. Laraque, R.E.K. Stein, GLAD- PC Steering Group. 2018. "Guidelines for Adolescent Depression in Primary Care (GLAD-PC): II. Treatment and Ongoing management." Pediatrics 141(3):e20174082. |
| | Kroenke, K, R.L. Spitzer, J.B.W. Williams. 2001. The PHQ-9: Validity of a brief depression severity measure. Journal of General Internal Medicine 16(9): 606-13. |
| | Trangle, M., Gursky, J., Haight, R., Hardwig, J., Hinnenkamp, T., Kessler, D., Mack, N., Myszkowski, M. Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement. Adult Depression in Primary Care. Updated March 2016. |

| Characteristics | |
|----------------------|---|
| Scoring | Proportion. |
| Туре | Process. |
| Stratification | Utilization of PHQ-9 Period 1. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicare. Age (as of the start of the measurement period, for each product line): 12–17 years (for commercial and Medicaid only). 18–44 years. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. Utilization of PHQ-9 Period 2. Product line: Commercial. Medicare. Age (as of the start of the measurement period, for each product line): 12–17 years (for commercial and Medicaid only). 18–44 years. 45–64 years. Age (as of the start of the measurement period, for each product line): 12–17 years (for commercial and Medicaid only). 18–44 years. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. Utilization of PHQ-9 Period 3. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. Utilization of PHQ-9 Period 3. Product line: Commercial. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. Medicaid. 45–64 years. 65 years and older. |
| Risk adjustment | None. |
| Improvement notation | A higher rate indicates better performance. |

| Guidance | Allocation: The member was enrolled with a medical benefit throughout the participation period. | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | When identifying members in hospice, the requirements described in <i>General Guideline 15</i> for identification of hospice members using the monthly membership detail data files are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | | | | | |
| | Requirements: | | | | | |
| | Members may have an eligible encounter in any or all three assessment periods and may be included in the measure up to three times during the measurement period. The measure allows the use of two PHQ-9 assessments. Selection of the appropriate assessment should be based on the member's age: <i>PHQ-9:</i> 12 years of age and older. <i>PHQ-9 Modified for Teens:</i> 12–17 years of age. The PHQ-9 assessment does not need to occur during a face-to-face encounter; it may be completed over the telephone or through a web-based portal. Reporting: The total is the sum of the age stratifications. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Product line stratifications are not included in the measure calculation logic and need to be programmed manually. | | | | | |
| | NCQA calculates the performance rate by dividing the sum of the numerators across the three assessment periods by the sum of the denominators across the three assessment periods. | | | | | |
| Definitions | | | | | | |
| Participation | The identifiers and descriptors for each organization's coverage used to define members' eligibility for measure reporting. Allocation for reporting is based on eligibility during the participation period. | | | | | |
| Participation period | The measurement period. | | | | | |
| Assessment period | The measurement period is divided into three assessment periods with specific dates of service: | | | | | |
| | Assessment period 1: January 1–April 30. | | | | | |
| | Assessment period 2: May 1–August 31. | | | | | |
| | Assessment period 3: September 1–December 31. | | | | | |
| Interactive outpatient encounter | A bidirectional communication that is face-to-face, phone based, an e-visit or virtual check-in, or via secure electronic messaging. This does not include communications for scheduling appointments. | | | | | |

| Initial population | Initial population 1 Members 12 years and older at the start of the measurement period who also meet the criteria for participation, with at least one interactive outpatient encounter that starts during assessment period 1, with a diagnosis of major depression or dysthymia. | | | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Initial population 2 Members 12 years and older at the start of the measurement period who also meet the criteria for participation, with at least one interactive outpatient encounter that starts during assessment period 2, with a diagnosis of major depression or dysthymia. | | | | |
| | Initial population 3 Members 12 years and older at the start of the measurement period who also meet the criteria for participation, with at least one interactive outpatient encounter that starts during assessment period 3, with a diagnosis of major depression or dysthymia. | | | | |
| Exclusions | Exclusions 1 Members with any of the following any time during the member's history through the end of the measurement period: | | | | |
| | Bipolar disorder. | | | | |
| | Personality disorder. | | | | |
| | Psychotic disorder. | | | | |
| | Pervasive developmental disorder. | | | | |
| | OR Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement period. | | | | |
| | Exclusions 2 Same as exclusions 1. | | | | |
| | Exclusions 3 Same as exclusions 1. | | | | |
| Denominator | Denominator 1 The initial population 1, minus exclusions. | | | | |
| | Denominator 2 The initial population 2, minus exclusions. | | | | |
| | Denominator 3 The initial population 3, minus exclusions. | | | | |
| Numerator | Numerator 1—Utilization of PHQ-9 Period 1 A PHQ-9 score in the member's record during assessment period 1. | | | | |
| | Numerator 2—Utilization of PHQ-9 Period 2 A PHQ-9 score in the member's record during assessment period 2. | | | | |
| | Numerator 3—Utilization of PHQ-9 Period 3 A PHQ-9 score in the member's record during assessment period 3. | | | | |

Data criteria (element level)

Value Sets:

- DMSE_HEDIS_MY2023-2.0.0
 - Bipolar Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1044)
 - Interactive Outpatient Encounter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1347)
 - Major Depression or Dysthymia (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1351)
 - Other Bipolar Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1399)
 - Personality Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1355)
 - Pervasive Developmental Disorder (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1356)
 - Psychotic Disorders (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1352)

• NCQA_Hospice-2.0.0

- Hospice Encounter (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1761)
- Hospice Intervention (https://www.ncqa.org/fhir/valueset/2.16.840.1.113883.3.464.1004.1762)

Direct reference codes and codesystems:

• DMSE_HEDIS_MY2023-2.0.0

- codesystem "LOINC": 'http://loinc.org'
- code "Patient Health Questionnaire 9 item (PHQ-9) total score [Reported]": '44261-6' from "LOINC" display 'Patient Health Questionnaire 9 item (PHQ-9) total score [Reported]'
- code "Patient Health Questionnaire-9: Modified for Teens total score [Reported.PHQ.Teen]": '89204-2' from "LOINC" display 'Patient Health Questionnaire-9: Modified for Teens total score [Reported.PHQ.Teen]'
- NCQA_Terminology-2.0.0
 - codesystem "ActCode": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/v3-ActCode'
 - codesystem "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes": 'http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/conditionclinical'
 - code "active": 'active' from "ConditionClinicalStatusCodes"
 - code "managed care policy": 'MCPOL' from "ActCode"
 - code "retiree health program": 'RETIRE' from "ActCode"
 - code "subsidized health program": 'SUBSIDIZ' from "ActCode"

Data Elements for Reporting

Organizations that submit HEDIS data to NCQA must provide the following data elements.

 Table DMS-E-1/2: Data Elements for Utilization of the PHQ-9 to Monitor Depression Symptoms for Adolescents and Adults

| Metric | TimePeriod | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
|-----------------|------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| PHQ9Utilization | 1 | 12-17 | InitialPopulationByEHR | For each Stratification |
| | 2 | 18-44 | InitialPopulationByCaseManagement | For each Stratification |
| | 3 | 45-64 | InitialPopulationByHIERegistry | For each Stratification |
| | Total | 65+ | InitialPopulationByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | | Total | InitialPopulation | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | | ExclusionsByEHR | For each Stratification |
| | | | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | For each Stratification |
| | | | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | For each Stratification |
| | | | ExclusionsByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | | | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | | Denominator | For each Stratification |
| | | | NumeratorByEHR | For each Stratification |
| | | | NumeratorByCaseManagement | For each Stratification |
| | | | NumeratorByHIERegistry | For each Stratification |
| | | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | | | Numerator | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | | Rate | (Percent) |

| un | Addito | | | |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Metric | TimePeriod | Age | Data Element | Reporting Instructions |
| PHQ9Utilization | 1 | 18-44 | InitialPopulationByEHR | For each Stratification |
| | 2 | 45-64 | InitialPopulationByCaseManagement | For each Stratification |
| | 3 | 65+ | InitialPopulationByHIERegistry | For each Stratification |
| | Total | Total | InitialPopulationByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | | <u>.</u> | InitialPopulation | (Sum over SSoRs) |
| | | | ExclusionsByEHR | For each Stratification |
| | | | ExclusionsByCaseManagement | For each Stratification |
| | | | ExclusionsByHIERegistry | For each Stratification |
| | | ExclusionsByAdmin | For each Stratification | |
| | | Exclusions | (Sum over SSoRs) | |
| | | Denominator | For each Stratification | |
| | | NumeratorByEHR | For each Stratification | |
| | | NumeratorByCaseManagement | For each Stratification | |
| | | | NumeratorByHIERegistry | For each Stratification |
| | | | NumeratorByAdmin | For each Stratification |
| | | Numerator | (Sum over SSoRs) | |
| | | Rate | (Percent) | |

Table DMS-E-3: Data Elements for Utilization of the PHQ-9 to Monitor Depression Symptoms for Adolescents and Adults

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS

The "Rules for Allowable Adjustments of HEDIS" (the "Rules") describe how NCQA's HEDIS measure specifications can be adjusted for other populations, if applicable. The Rules, reviewed and approved by NCQA measure experts, provide for expanded use of HEDIS measures without changing their clinical intent.

Adjusted HEDIS measures may not be used for HEDIS health plan reporting.

Rules for Allowable Adjustments of Utilization of the PHQ-9 to Monitor Depression Symptoms for Adolescents and Adults

| NONCLINICAL COMPONENTS | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | | |
| Product lines | Yes | Organizations are not required to use product line criteria; product lines may be combined and all (or no) product line criteria may be used. | | |
| Ages | Yes, with limits | The age determination dates may be changed (e.g., select, "age as of June 30"). | | |
| | | Changing the denominator age range is allowed if the limits are within the specified age range (12 years and older). | | |
| | | Expanding the denominator age range to 11 years and older is allowed. | | |
| Allocation | Yes | Organizations are not required to use enrollment criteria; adjustments are allowed. | | |
| Benefits | Yes | Organizations are not required to use a benefit; adjustments are allowed. | | |
| Other | Yes | Organizations may use additional eligible population criteria to focus on an area of interest defined by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic or sociodemographic characteristics, geographic region, or another characteristic. | | |
| | CLI | NICAL COMPONENTS | | |
| Eligible Population | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | | |
| Event/diagnosis | No | Only events or diagnoses that contain (or map to) codes in the value sets may be used to identify visits with a diagnosis. Value sets and logic may not be changed. | | |
| Denominator Exclusions | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | | |
| Exclusions | No | Apply exclusions according to specified value sets. | | |
| Exclusion: Hospice | Yes | The hospice exclusion is not required. Refer to <i>Exclusions</i> in the <i>Guidelines for the Rules for Allowable Adjustments</i> . | | |
| Numerator Criteria | Adjustments Allowed (Yes/No) | Notes | | |
| PHQ-9 Score | No | Value sets, direct reference codes and logic may not be changed. | | |